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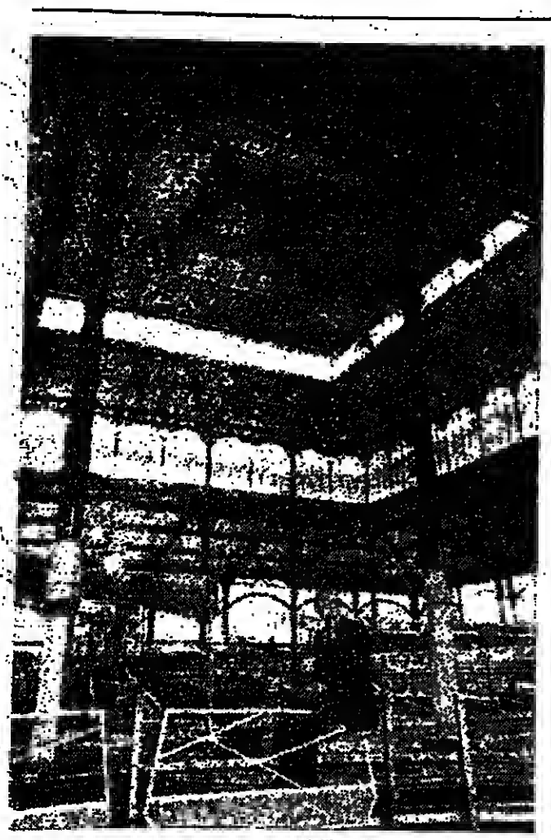
TODAY'S WEATHER—PARIS: Possible storms. 77-59 (25-15). Tomorrow cloudy. Yesterday's temp. 77-61 (25-16). LONDON: Cloudy, rain later. Temp. 70-52 (21-11). Tomorrow: sunny. Yesterday's temp. 63-48 (17-9). NICE: Rough. ROME: Sunny. Temp. 85-57. NEW YORK: Sunny. Temp. 73-50. Yesterday's temp. 80-55 (32-13).
ADDITIONAL WEATHER—PAGE 2

Austria	7 S	Libya	9 Piast.
Belgium	10 B.F.	Luxembourg	10 L.Fr.
Eire (inc. tax)	9P	Morocco	1.20 Dh.
Denmark	1.75 O.Kr.	Netherlands	0.85 Fior.
France	1.00 Fr.	Nigeria	2/6
Germany	1.00 D.M.	Norway	1.75 N.Kr.
Great Britain	7½P	Portugal	6 Esc.
Greece	8 Drs.	Spain	15 Ptas.
India	Rs. 2.25	Sweden	1.50 S.Kr.
Iran	20 Rials	Switzerland	1.00 S.Fr.
Italy	150 Lire	Turkey	4.25 T.L.
Israel	1.£1.00	U.S. Military	$0.15
Lebanon	75 P	Yugoslavia	3.60 D.



Odile Montserrat—AGA Press.
Orrin Hein in one of the pavilions at Les Halles.

French-American Campaign

11th-Hour Effort Mounted For Reprieve of Les Halles

By Mary Blume

PARIS, June 4 (IHT).—On July 1 the wrecker's ball will strike the fine iron and glass *pavillons de Baltard* in Les Halles. The vast sheds, built to house Paris's central food market and hailed by such authorities as Mies van der Rohe as masterpieces of 19th-century metal construction, are to be torn down by order of the City Council of Paris.

The inevitable American—this time a 32-year-old New Yorker named Orrin Hein—has offered to ship the pavilions to the United States. What they will be replaced by is uncertain.

A series of highly contested building projects has been unveiled since 1969 when Les Halles was moved, after 890 years, to new neon and plastic headquarters at Rungis, near Orly airport. Public reaction to scale models of the projects has been such that the city fathers have stopped exhibiting them and even the conservative morning newspaper *Le Figaro* has accused the authorities of undue secrecy.

The rebuilding is in the hands of the Les Halles Development Society, of which the city owns 51 percent. The society is headed by Christian de la Malène, a former Gaullist minister. *It is generally agreed that, after the pavilions designed by Baltard and the neighboring houses have been razed, the 40-acre terrain will include a cultural center, an underground plaza, a hotel, a trade center, and an express Metro station.* A leading French art historian has already labelled the new Halles a pocket-sized Brasilia.

The Métro station is to run in a diagonal line from the Renaissance church of St. Eustache, through the six eastern *pavillons de Baltard*, to the Square des Innocents, one of Paris's loveliest squares. The Square des Innocents may

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

U.S. Jobless Returns to High of '61

Wholesale Prices Also Move Up

WASHINGTON, June 4 (UPI).—Unemployment edged upward to 6.2 percent in May to equal a nine-year high set last November, the government said today.

The rise of 0.1 percent from April's 6.1 percent of the nation's labor force left the jobless rate at the same level as in November, 1970.

Although the Labor Department's Bureau of Labor Statistics termed unemployment "essentially unchanged" last month, the report was bad news for the Nixon administration. It had set a target of reducing unemployment to 4.5 percent by mid-1972—presidential election year.

Unemployment was only 3.3 percent when President Nixon took office in January, 1969, but it had risen steadily to the 6.2 percent level by the end of 1970.

The bureau pointed out that the rate has held relatively level for five months.

Officials said the actual number of unemployed Americans declined 300,000 in May to 4.4 million. But this was less than the normal decline for May. Therefore after seasonal adjustment, the statistics showed joblessness rose by 130,000 to 5.2 million.

The number of employed persons also went up, by 265,000 to a total just under 79 million to equal an all-time high set in March of last year.

The average duration of unemployment increased from 10.9 weeks in April to 11.5 weeks in May. The number of persons without jobs for 27 weeks or more rose by 150,000 to a total of 580,000—highest in eight years.

White House Optimistic

Jobless rates for black and white workers remained unchanged, with the 10.5 percent for blacks still at its highest point since November, 1963. The rate for whites was 5.7 percent, highest since September, 1961.

The White House, as it has done in the past, maintained that it still is optimistic about the economic outlook.

Of unemployment, a White House official said: "Although no level of unemployment is acceptable to the administration we fully expect the unemployment rate to respond to the economic expansion as time moves along."

Meanwhile, the government also said today that wholesale prices in the nation went up by 0.4 percent in May as a persistent inflation continued to harass the economy. Wholesale price increases usually portend later rises in consumer prices.

The Labor Department said price increases for steel and other metal products, and for fuels, accounted for about 70 percent of the 0.4 percent rise in the key industrial commodity price index.

Farm Products Up

The more volatile index for farm products and processed foods and feeds went up 0.9 percent in May following a slight decline in April.

But the farm and food price increases were less than normal for May, and after seasonal adjustment those indexes were shown with declines.

The adjusted index for farm products, processed foods and feeds went down 0.2 percent, while the adjusted index for farm products alone declined 1.1 percent.

The overall rise of 0.4 percent in wholesale prices compared with increases of 0.3 percent in April, 0.2 percent in March, 0.9 percent in February and 0.7 percent in January.

United Press International.
Retiring NATO Secretary-General Manlio Brosio (right) chatting with his successor Dutch Foreign Minister Joseph Luns at the NATO meeting in Lisbon yesterday.

Luns Succeeds Brosio as Chief of NATO

By Anatole Shub

LISBON, June 4 (WP).—Europe's tallest and longest-lasting foreign minister, Joseph Luns of the Netherlands, was formally named today to be the next NATO secretary-general.

Mr. Luns, 59, whose appointment had been expected, will take office Oct. 1, succeeding Italy's Manlio Brosio, secretary-general since 1964. Their predecessors were Britain's Lord Ismay (1952-57), Belgium's Paul-Henri Spaak (1957-61), and Holland's Dirk Stikker (1961-64).

The post bestows little independent political power but requires a high degree of diplomatic tact in reconciling the often divergent views of 15 allied governments.

Mr. Luns, who retained the respect of the late Gen. Charles de Gaulle while conducting a fierce decade-long struggle against his policies, is expected to contribute much-needed informality and wit to the job. The British foreign secretary, Sir Alec Douglas-Home, remarked today that Mr. Luns "will bring a smile into NATO."

At six feet-five inches, Mr. Luns once said that he was "the

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

NATO Approves Bilateral Moves For Forces Cuts

By James Goldsborough

LISBON, June 4 (IHT).—The NATO countries, excepting France, agreed today to begin a series of bilateral contacts with the Soviet Union and its allies as a first step to negotiations on mutual and balanced force reductions in Europe.

Foreign ministers of 14 of the 15 NATO countries agreed that a meeting of deputy foreign ministers should be held "at an early date" to review the results of the bilateral contacts and consult on "substantive and procedural approaches to mutual and balanced force reductions (MBFR)." This language in today's final communiqué showed the reservations on moving too quickly before finding out more on what the Soviet Union has in mind.

The tone of the communiqué was much politer than the one issued in Brussels last December. This time the NATO countries indicated that they felt there had been progress toward détente during the last six months, and that it was possible to move into early planning stages for both MBFR and a security conference.

Berlin Talks

The communiqué said that the ministers "noted with satisfaction" that the Big Four negotiations on Berlin" have entered into a more active phase and have enabled progress to be registered in recent weeks. They hope that before their next meeting, in December, the negotiations on Berlin will have reached a successful conclusion and that multilateral conversations intended to lead to a conference on security and cooperation in Europe may then be undertaken."

The results of this NATO meeting are thus to give a qualified "yes" to the Russians on MBFR talks and a "yes, but" on the idea of a security conference. This position is a compromise.

The sharpest divisions came on the question of MBFR talks. The agreement on a security conference was easier because NATO members have insisted for some time that a Big Four Berlin agreement was a precondition for the security conference. Now, as the communiqué stated, the Big Four appear on the road to that agreement.

French Stand

MBFR talks were a different matter. The French flatly refused to sign this part of the communiqué and Foreign Minister Maurice Schumann indicated today that the allies were walking into a Soviet trap on MBFR. Mr. Schumann also said that despite the communiqué, the West Germans, British, and Scandinavian delegations shared the French reservations.

They believe, said Mr. Schumann, that the Russians do not want truly balanced reductions, and will try above all to obtain American troop withdrawals across the Atlantic without giving more than the removal of Soviet troops and weapons from central Europe into the Soviet Union.

Actually, Mr. Schumann admitted, the problem is that the French cannot "change direction." A year ago in Rome, France refused to sign the MBFR declaration, and so did not today.

But it was clear here that the U.S. delegation and Secretary of State William P. Rogers were pushing hardest for MBFR talks. The U.S. government hopes to get truly balanced force reductions with the Russians in order to reduce congressional pressure at home for unilateral reductions. Most of the Europeans are less attracted to any form of U.S. troop withdrawals, but they have not been willing to pay enough of the costs to assure that none of the U.S. forces leave.

High U.S. officials said tonight

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

Senate Beats Hatfield Move To End Draft

Total Pullout Bid Seen Also Failing

By Spencer Rich

WASHINGTON, June 4 (WP).—The Senate decisively defeated today an attempt to abolish the draft. The vote was 67-to-23.

On a roll call vote, the Senate rejected an amendment, submitted by Sen. Mark O. Hatfield, R., Ore., which would have denied the President further induction authority when the present draft law expires June 30.

Later, the upper chamber also beat back an attempt by anti-draft forces to limit the extension to one year.

Today's votes virtually assure that the draft will be extended for two years, since the House has already approved a two-year extension. The vote was 49-to-43.

The action upheld the administration position on the draft and, in fact, the Nixon forces appear headed for a series of major Capitol Hill victories on key foreign policy and military issues in the next few weeks.

In addition, a revised version of the Hatfield-McGovern amendment forcing a total pullout from Indochina by Dec. 31 of this year that will be introduced later on, but none are expected to be as controversial.

There will be other amendments to the draft bill added later on, but none expected to be as controversial.

Senate Majority Leader Mike Mansfield confirmed that there will be a secret session of the Senate Monday, at the request of Sen. Stuart Symington, D., Mo., to discuss covert U.S. operations in Laos.

Sen. Symington said he wants to inform the Senate of the details and total costs—estimated in the hundreds of millions of dollars annually—of CIA support of Thai and Meo troops fighting in northern Laos.

Widens the Ban

The new version of the Hatfield-McGovern amendment, which was unveiled today, keeps the Dec. 31 deadline for pullout of all U.S. troops and for a cessation of both ground and air activities, but widens the ban to cover all Indochina, not just Vietnam.

In an attempt to give senators reassurances about the emotional prisoner issue, the new amendment specifies that the Dec. 31 deadline may be extended for two months if North Vietnam, within 60 days after passage of the legislation, has not made some arrangements for release of all U.S. prisoners. It further specifies that Congress may authorize further presidential action if prisoners are not released.

Last year, a similar amendment was beaten, 55 to 39.

300 North Vietnamese Shells Pound Two Bases Near DMZ

SAIGON, June 4 (AP).—North Vietnamese gunners rained more than 300 heavy rocket and mortar shells on two allied bases near the Demilitarized Zone in the most concentrated artillery barrage in months, military spokesmen reported today.

Nearly 200 miles to the south, North Vietnamese forces appeared to be attempting to lay siege to South Vietnamese Firebase-5 in the Central Highlands near the border with Laos and Cambodia. The South Vietnamese rushed a brigade of airborne reinforcements into the region.

In Saigon, high-ranking South Vietnamese field commanders acknowledged losing 300 killed, wounded or missing at the Cambodian town of Snoul. With 20 percent casualties, they said, they had switched to mobile tactics in cross-border operations and cited as one reason the loss of backup U.S. ground forces.

One general said the South Vietnamese would continue to rely heavily on full U.S. air support for some time to come.

One of the bases shelled near the DMZ was Firebase Charlie-2, four miles southeast of the buffer zone. Up to 65 rockets were fired at the U.S. base during a two-hour period yesterday afternoon. The U.S. Command said casualties were light, but with at least one American killed. Two weeks ago, a lone rocket tore through a bunker crowded with GIs at Charlie-2, killing 29 Americans and wounding 33.

Six miles southwest of Charlie-2, North Vietnamese gunners slammed 280 rounds of mortar shells into a South Vietnamese firebase called Fuller. Saigon headquarters said casualties were light with some deaths.

U.S. B-52 heavy bombers unleashed tons of explosives on supply routes leading from Laos and the DMZ into the northeastern corner of South Vietnam in efforts to slow a North Vietnamese buildup reported under way in the region.

The bombers also carried out strikes within a half-mile of Firebase-5 in the Central Highlands, 385 miles northeast of Saigon. The South Vietnamese claimed 130 North Vietnamese were killed around Firebase-5 yesterday, more than half of them by air and artillery strikes.

South Vietnam Living Cost Up 27% in a Year

WASHINGTON, June 4 (Reuters).—The cost of living in South Vietnam in the year ending last March rose by 27 percent—easily the fastest inflation rate in the world, according to statistics issued here by the International Monetary Fund.

The inflation reduced the buying power of South Vietnam's currency more than one-quarter during the same period, the report said.

2,500 Lawyers Plan a Rally At Capitol for '71 GI Pullout

By Bart Barnes

WASHINGTON, June 4 (WP).—About 2,500 lawyers, including some of the major figures in the nation's legal establishment, will rally Tuesday on the Capitol steps in support of legislation to bring all soldiers back from Vietnam by Dec. 31.

Participants will include former Secretary of Defense Clark M. Clifford, former Undersecretary of Defense Cyrus Vance, several congressmen and two former cabinet members.

The rally will cap two days of anti-war lobbying by the lawyers in the corridors and offices of Congress, according to the National Convocation of Lawyers to End the War, the sponsors.

The participants include some of the senior partners in Washington's most prestigious law firms, including Edward Burling of Covington & Burling and Paul Porter of Arnold & Porter.

From other cities as well as here, the lawyers and firms participating in the lobbying effort and the rally include the attorneys for some of the wealthiest and most powerful corporations and institutions in America.

The lawyers are scheduled to gather at 10 a.m. Monday at a hotel and to move from there to lobbying appointments.

At 6 that night they will meet in the hotel to hear speakers that include John Kerry, the former Army lieutenant and Vietnam veteran who has become a spokesman for anti-war veterans; Sen. Edward Kennedy, D., Mass.; Sen. Mark Hatfield, R., Ore.; Sen. Philip Hart, D., Mich.; former Labor Secretary Willard Wirtz, and John Gardner, former secretary of Health, Education and Welfare and now head of Common Cause, a liberal-oriented lobbying group.

Second Major Effort

The rally and lobbying program is the second major effort by a group of lawyers to speak out against the war at the Capitol.

Last May 30, following the incursion into Cambodia, 1,000 New York lawyers came here to lobby against the war.

They were led by Francis T. P. Plimpton, president of the New York City Bar Association. Mr. Plimpton is listed as a sponsor of next week's event.

The lawyers meeting here Monday will lobby for endorsement of amendments pending in both the House and Senate to cut off funds for military operations in Vietnam by Dec. 31. They said they chose early June for their convocation because a vote in Congress is expected by the end of the month.

Pakistan Refugee Death Toll rom Cholera Put at 5,000

ALCUTTA, June 4 (AP).—unofficial death toll from a k-old cholera epidemic in t Pakistani refugee camps s soared today to 5,000.

he estimate was based on rets received in Calcutta from rgency first-aid centers set along the India-East Pakistan der to treat the refugees, ay of whom were entering ia in a state close to death.

eliable reports said that 2,500 ees alone had died in the ia District on the outskirts Calcutta.

government official in the ia District headquarters at dmagar, 60 miles northeast Calcutta, said: "We have en up cremating them beuse the refugees are dying like s, and we do not have enough d, so we bury them."

n New Delhi, Health Minister m Shanker expressed near pleasness regarding the influx refugees, now estimated at 4.4 lion and growing by 50,000 a according to the governat.

At the rate they are coming at one stage it might be difult to supply them anything, alone medicines," he told the lian Parliament.

World Agencies Act

From Wire Dispatches

ARIS, June 4.—Relief agens throughout the world began ing today on urgent pleas to East Pakistan cholera victims uishing in the refugee camps India.

In Washington: the State partment said medical supplies being shipped to India. This ludes 60,000 doses of anti-cholvaccine from Catholic Relief encies and 1 million syringes d 200,000 doses of vaccine from ritas.

In Geneva: The League of d Cross Societies said that it was taking urgent action to help check the outbreak of cholera from spreading in eastern India among millions of refugees from East Pakistan. The league said an Indian Red Cross representative in Calcutta had described the situation as "desperate."

A World Health Organization spokesman said they would urgently airlift medical supplies to India to help combat the cholera outbreak.

● In Moscow, the Russians said they would send four civilian transport planes to India tonight to help airlift thousands of East Pakistani refugees from cholera-ridden camps to the Indian interior.

Muskie, Kennedy, Humphrey Crowding Nixon

Gallup Poll

By George Gallup
Director, American Institute of Public Opinion

PRINCETON, N.J., June 4.—Sen. Edmund Muskie of Maine, Sen. Hubert Humphrey of Minnesota and Sen. Edward Kennedy of Massachusetts each run an extremely close race with President Nixon in the latest nationwide Gallup survey.

Sen. Muskie holds a slight edge at this time, 41 percent to Mr. Nixon's 39 percent, but the percentages are too close to be statistically conclusive. Mr. Nixon wins 42 percent compared to 41 percent for Sen. Kennedy, and holds a 42 to 39 percent edge over Sen. Humphrey.

The latest findings are based on trial heats, a procedure introduced by the Gallup Poll in 1939 to measure the relative strength of potential candidates at a given point in time.

In a recent New York Times article, Sen. Kennedy stated that he will not be a candidate for President in 1972. Some political observers, however, expect him to throw his hat into the presidential ring.

To produce the findings reported today, a total of 1,502 persons, 18 and older, were interviewed in person by trained Gallup interviewers working in more than 300 scientifically selected localities across the nation. Interviewing was conducted May 7 through 10. This question was asked of the 1,088 persons who are currently registered to vote:

"To get some idea of the national political situation at this early stage, suppose the presidential election were being held TODAY. If Richard Nixon were the Republican candidate and (name of Democrat being tested) were the Democratic candidate and George Wallace ran again as a third-party candidate, which would you like to see win?"

All three Democrats tested in the latest trial heats have registered considerable gains over the last 15 months. A February, 1970, trial heat showed Mr. Nixon with a 12-point lead over Sen. Muskie, a 14-point lead over Sen. Kennedy and a 17-point lead over Sen. Humphrey.

As reported earlier, Sen. Kennedy outdistances Sen. Muskie in terms of the nomination choices of Democratic voters. However, Sen. Muskie matches Sen. Kennedy's current trial-heat vote (41 percent) because he has wider appeal than Sen. Kennedy with independent voters and Republicans.

Support for Gov. George Wallace of Alabama—third-party candidate in 1968 and a possible third-party candidate again in 1972—shows virtually no sign of having changed over this 15-month period, as the following table indicates:

Nixon — Muskie — Wallace	Feb. '70	Latest
Nixon	47%	39%
Muskie	35	41
Wallace	13	12
Undecided	5	8

Nixon — Kennedy — Wallace	Feb. '70	Latest
Nixon	49%	42%
Kennedy	35	41
Wallace	11	10
Undecided	5	7

Nixon — Humphrey — Wallace	Feb. '70	Latest
Nixon	50%	42%
Humphrey	33	39
Wallace	13	12
Undecided	4	7

British Steel Strike Ending; Workers Promised Pay Rise

LONDON, June 4 (UPI).—Union leaders representing 12,000 blast-furnace men employed by British Steel Corp. today called off their four-day strike. They said the company has promised an early cash settlement.

The union said the strikers will return to their jobs at 6 a.m. tomorrow.

The blast-furnace men walked out after demanding a 35 percent pay increase, equivalent to £10.50 per week.

The decision came at the end of a four-hour meeting today between union leaders and representatives of British Steel.

The union said another meeting to talk money will be set up between it and the corporation early next week.

Hector Smith, the union's general secretary, said, "It appears going on strike really did the trick."

He said "agreement will be reached" with British Steel in talks next week.

"I dont say we shall reach it on the first day, but we are on the way," he said. "We have got the promise of a cash offer."

France Exports Lions to Africa

PARIS, June 4 (Reuters).—France is exporting lions to Africa. A cub born in an animal reserve near here has been sent to the Dakar zoo in Senegal, while two others have gone to Mauritania.

Viscount de la Panouse, son of the Thoiry reserve owner, said African zoos were short of lions and more would be exported there before the end of the year.

It Exists, But Where?

Soviet Election News Gives Some Clues to a Secret City

By Theodore Shabad

MOSCOW, June 4 (NYT).—The security-conscious Soviet Union keeps many things secret, including the names and locations of cities associated with the atomic and aerospace industries.

The authorities also take pride in the uncontested elections, proclaiming the usual 99 percent turnout as evidence of popular support for the Communist party and its policies.

When polling time comes around, as it does again June 13, the concern for protection of state secrets sometimes clashes with the desire to publicize the election process, including geographical listings of electoral districts and the names of officially designated candidates.

In at least one case, the apparent conflict has been resolved in a compromise, to judge from a Central Asian newspaper just received. It discloses the existence of a secret city, but without giving its name or precise location.

The matter arose last March 18, when the newspaper, Kommunist Tadzhikistana, inaugurated the campaign for elections to the Supreme Soviet of the Tadzhik Republic by publishing a list of 311 of the 315 election districts and their boundaries.

Censorship regulations evidently prohibited identification of the four districts that make up the secret city, because the list jumped from 255 to 260.

Candidates Listed

At the conclusion of the nominating campaign, in which one unopposed candidate was selected for each district, the newspaper, following established procedure, listed the designated candidates last Friday. Security regulations apparently did not prevent identification of those who will represent the secret city.

District 258 is to be represented by Khamid T. Nadyrov, identified as first secretary of the Communist party's city committee. The name of the city was not given.

Another district will be voting for Vladimir Y. Opianchuk, who is director of a plant, not further identified.

Both men were elected to the Tadzhik party's 135-member Central Committee last February, indicating that their jobs are of more than routine significance. Mr. Opianchuk was a delegate both to the 23d national party congress in 1966 and to the 24th this year.

There have been indications in other publications that the unidentified city may be associated with the uranium deposit at Taboshar, 22 miles north of Leninabad, in the northernmost part of the Tadzhik Republic. Taboshar is listed in prewar Soviet reference books as a principal site of radioactive ore.

The Tadzhik Republic, with a population of 2.9 million in the 1970 census, has long been a supplier of cotton and dried fruits. It is in the process of being transformed into a major producer of hydroelectric power for chemical and aluminum industries.

Canada Selling Vast Stores of Wheat to Russia

OTTAWA, June 4 (Reuters).—A new sale of 81.5 million bushels of Canadian wheat to Russia for $145 million was announced today. In addition, Russia will take another 38,400,000 bushels under terms of a 1966 contract and an option to buy 10 million more bushels in 1972. The total price is $235 million.

It was the largest short-term sale by Canada to the Soviet Union since the massive 12-month sale in 1965 involving 195 million bushels in 12 months.

The only comparable recent sale was last year's sale of 96 million bushels to China over a 12-month period.

Australian Police In Error, Gain Suspect Anyway

MELBOURNE, June 4 (Reuters).—Police investigating last week's $500,000 Qantas bomb hoax seized a man in an airport raid here yesterday, then announced he was being held on a narcotics charge.

The man was wearing a false beard and a wig as he got off a domestic flight. Police bustled him off to a room for interrogation, indicating he fitted the description of a "Mr. Brown" who on May 26 duped Qantas into paying $500,000 for information about a bomb claimed to be aboard a Hong Kong-bound jetliner. No bomb was found.

But after questioning the man, police said he was not "Mr. Brown." It was discovered instead that the man was on $4,000 bail from Sydney on a narcotics charge. Police said they found an overseas airline ticket in his possession.

Christian Dior
SALES
June 7 and following days
Couture Collection
furs - millinery
fabrics - shoes
9.30 a.m. - 5 p.m.
10 Avenue Montaigne

Jordan Guerrilla Violence Continues

BEIRUT, June 4 (AP).—Palestinian guerrillas claimed King Hussein's forces today kept up a sporadic barrage of mortar and machine gun fire on their bases in north Jordan.

The government claimed the guerrillas last night mounted a one-hour mortar and machine gun attack on army positions in the area and kidnapped two soldiers. It made no mention of today's guerrilla report.

This was the seventh straight day clashes had been reported between Jordanian troops and the guerrillas.

Associated Press.

BULL-FLIGHT—This 1,000-pound bull tried to jump into the stands during a charity bullfight in Madrid's Las Ventas arena on Thursday. Fortunately he was stopped by the protective barrier. Four people were injured, it could have been worse.

Following Futile Repatriation Try

Saigon's Unwanted POWs Return

By Peter Jay

ABOARD THE U.S.S. UPSHUR, June 4 (WP).—The allied effort to repatriate at least a token group of North Vietnamese prisoners came to a discouraging end today in the South China Sea, somewhere below the 17th parallel.

Those in charge of the proposed exchange were surprised when word came from Saigon shortly before noon to turn around. Several hours earlier the North Vietnamese had reneged on their agreement to accept return of their wounded countrymen.

"I guess you'd have to say most of us were afraid this kind of thing was in the wind," said Lee Smith, a Vietnam representative of the American Red Cross. "It looked like trouble as soon as we found how few prisoners were willing to go home."

Hanoi Agreement

The South Vietnamese government originally offered to return 570 wounded prisoners, and Hanoi somewhat surprisingly agreed to accept them—even spelling out procedures for the transfer of the men at sea off the Demilitarized Zone.

But when the men were interviewed by representatives of the Geneva-based International Red Cross, only 13 expressed a willingness to return to North Vietnam.

The machinery that had already been set up for the transfer—at a cost of over $100,000 to equip various vessels to handle the prisoners—continued to turn, and yesterday the 13 prisoners headed seaward from Da Nang aboard the U. S. troop transport Upshur.

As the Upshur headed back toward Na Nang this afternoon, the prisoners were told their release had been canceled. But medical personnel assigned to the hospital ward, where they were quartered while on board, said they had already told a Vietnamese interpreter they didn't believe they would be repatriated.

Similar skepticism was rampant among most of those prisoners who were offered repatriation and refused it, South Vietnamese sources said. These sources said it was at least possible that many of those who rejected the offer did so because they feared it was a trick.

POW Talks Hurt

But whatever the reason, it was the universal opinion among the organizers of the abortive transfer that the incident has put substantive talks between Hanoi and the allies on the subject of POWs that much further away.

The 13 prisoners, who were returned ashore at Da Nang late today and returned to prison, all were seriously injured.

Six of them have lost at least one limb and one is paralyzed.

Upon returning to port in Da Nang, the prisoners said they were "sad but not surprised" by the turn of events. They asked not to be returned to the same prison as their fellows who declined repatriation, a request South Vietnamese officials said will be granted.

Israeli Ex-General Demands Dayan Resign for Cowardice

TEL AVIV, June 4 (UPI).—On the eve of the anniversary of the 1967 Middle East war, one of the architects of Israel's victory demanded today the resignation of Defense Minister Moshe Dayan for advocating a pullback from the Suez Canal without a peace treaty.

"Dayan instills cowardice in the heart of the nation and must leave his post," reserve Maj. Gen. Ezer Weizmann said in his attack on the government, in general, and Gen. Dayan, in particular, during an interview published in Yedioth Ahronoth.

"The defense minister has lost his self-confidence and is leading us to a retreat," he added.

The two men are brothers-in-law.

Gen. Weizmann said, "If Dayan has reached the conclusion that we should withdraw now to avert the resumption of fire, then this is a withdrawal out of weakness and it will be one link in the chain of withdrawals without any peace agreement."

"Any defense minister who does not believe in the ability of a military victory to lead to a political transition must make room for one who does," he said.

As a top air force officer, Gen. Weizmann helped plan the air strikes that destroyed most of the Egyptian Air Force on the ground June 5, 1967, and paved the way for the capture of most of the Sinai Peninsula. He now heads a hawkish political party.

"Dayan is talking about an (interim) arrangement," Gen. Weizmann said in the interview. "I am talking about peace. He has already given it up. I have not. He is ready to withdraw and to slip into a situation where the Egyptians will be too strong for peace.

"I want to put them in the situation where peace will be their sole option and they will have no other choice than to keep it."

He proposed a settlement whereby both the Egyptians and Israelis would demilitarize their sides of the canal, with the Israelis leaving behind a rear guard to serve as an early warning system against attack.

Nixon Proclaims New Policy On Power for 'Clean Energy'

WASHINGTON, June 4 (UPI).—President Nixon announced today a broad program to assure the nation of enough "clean energy" in the years ahead, emphasizing new-generation nuclear reactors as the "best hope" for the future.

Mr. Nixon outlined in a special message to Congress a plan for $100 million in new appropriations he said would be needed to put his program into effect.

The money will go for research and development, elimination of pollution from energy sources now in use, expanded leasing of federal lands for new oil and gas supplies, and to try entirely new sources of power.

Administration officials acknowledged that money intended for some parts of the program have been partially frozen by the Office of Management and Budget in an effort to economize. But a spokesman told newsmen, "The OMB is on the bandwagon on this one."

Among the program's goals was to have a "fast breeder nuclear reactor" ready for use by 1980, by doubling federal funds for projects to remove sulfur oxide from fuels, by working to convert coal into clean-burning gas, and by supporting other research activities.

A "fast breeder" reactor is one that creates nuclear fuel as a byproduct of its generation of electricity. The fuel is purified and changed into a form which can then be used for additional power generation.

Careful Site Planning

Other goals were to assure enough nuclear fuel for the future by expanding the effort to enrich uranium into usable fuel and to balance energy needs with the need for protecting the environment by more careful planning of power plant sites and by a tax on sulfur oxide emissions from power plants.

"A sufficient supply of clean energy is essential if we are to sustain healthy economic growth and to improve the quality of our national life," Mr. Nixon said. "Private industry, of course, will still play the major role in providing our energy, but government can do a great deal to help in meeting the challenge."

Administration officials said the American consumer should be ready to pay higher prices for the effort to clean up energy sources. They estimated the cost would run to $3 billion.

Copter-Killing Charge Dropped

SAIGON, June 4 (AP).—Charges of murder and attempted murder against eight U.S. helicopter crewmen for allegedly firing at random on Vietnamese civilians were dismissed today because of insufficient evidence, an Army spokesman announced.

Maj. Gen. Charles H. Gettys, chief of staff for the U.S. Army in Vietnam, dismissed the charges two days after receiving results of a lengthy investigation of the case.

The spokesman did not elaborate on Gen. Gettys's decision.

The charges had alleged that the men opened fire on the civilians while flying in two helicopters from Dong Tam to Rech Fia, in the Mekong Delta, last Sept. 19. One civilian was reported killed and 16 wounded.

Eiffel Tower Suicide

PARIS, June 4 (AP).—A young woman jumped to her death from the 187-foot-high first floor of the Eiffel Tower today. Authorities said she was apparently from Marseilles. It was the 355th suicide in the tower's 82-year history.

Syria Lifts Film Ban

DAMASCUS, June 4 (Reuters).—The Syrian Ministry of Culture, Tourism and National Guidance has decided to allow the import and showing of American, British and West German films in Syria after a ban which lasted more than four years.

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French-American Campaign

11th-Hour Effort Mounted For Reprieve of Les Halles

(Continued from Page 1)

be rebuilt when the Métro is finished.

There are 12 pavilions, divided into eastern and western sections. The western section abuts on the Bourse du Commerce and includes two modern pavilions, built in 1936 and never used.

Butchers still occupy four pavilions on the west side and are understandably recalcitrant about leaving. The new slaughterhouse that was being built for them at La Villette, on the edge of Paris, hopelessly designed and dubiously financed, collapsed this winter into a major building scandal. The $180 million Villette loss has done nothing to raise public confidence in the rebuilding of Les Halles.

The six eastern Baltard pavilions, giving on the Rue Pierre Lescot, Rue Rambuteau, Rue Baltard and Rue Berger, have, since the markets moved, proved to be the liveliest part of Paris.

Two pavilions have been leased to commercial companies, two have been taken over by a group called Culture and Humanism, two have been taken over by the city and have been dark since January. The spectacles offered to the public range from trained dolphins to avant-garde composer John Cage, from ice-skating to last summer's Italian production of "Orlando Furioso."

At this moment a visitor to Les Halles can go to, among other things, a lecture on Christian renewal, a Marxist book show, Japanese, Belgian, Iranian and French theaters, a Picasso exhibit and a flea market. There are also 150 newly opened junk and antique shops and boutiques on surrounding streets. The bon enfant spirit that has always made Les Halles Paris's most endearing area has miraculously survived.

Much of public opinion, disorganized in the French manner, seems to want Les Halles to continue to survive, at least until a rational building scheme has been approved by Parisians.

One of the newest attempts to organize public opinion is being made by Orrin Hein, who has just come to Paris in the hope of discussing the saving of the *pavillons de Baltard* with Paris City Council President Didier Delfour.

Mr. Hein, a Harvard-educated investment banker who speaks French and spends several months in Paris each year, has organized a U.S. Committee for the Preservation of Les Halles.

"We're not trying to dictate a solution or tell anyone what they should or shouldn't do," Mr. Hein says. "We are concerned individuals who don't want to see something precipitous or irrevocable occur."

Fund-Raising Hopes

Mr. Hein's hope is to raise sufficient funds to buy the six eastern pavilions from the city and to leave them where they are. If it is impossible to keep them where they are, he would like to see them moved to another part of France. (Of the six pavilions only three are probably strong enough to survive demolition and reconstruction.)

If the French do not wish to save the pavilions, Mr. Hein would like to ship them to America, where they would be used for the same activities as now.

Although he makes it clear that he has no wish to deprive the French of the pavilions and would only do so if attempts to keep them here fail, he is aware that some Frenchmen will consider his project Hearstian. "It's all right with me whatever way they take it," he says, "as long as it results in preserving some of their architecture."

Marc Gilbert, a French journalist who first approached Orrin Hein on the subject of saving the buildings, believes that Mr. Hein's intervention may serve to awaken the French public.

"The French never care about anything until they think someone else wants it," Mr. Gilbert says.

Mr. Hein hopes to persuade the Paris City Council at least to grant the pavilions a stay of execution of two months so that definite plans can be made for their salvation. Devoted as he is to the cause, he realizes that as a foreigner his success will be limited.

'Starting in a Hole'

"Success or failure isn't in our hands and we're starting in a hole, no doubt about it. The solution won't come from us or from the City Council or the government. I think only public opinion can do it."

One of the most effective leaders in the struggle to organize public opinion is a modest zealot named Daniel Barrère, who is in charge of the Syndicat d'Initiative of Les Halles and who is one of the moving spirits behind the quarter's renaissance.

Mr. Barrère's interest is in keeping real estate sharks from destroying and "developing" the area. Pointing out that two million people have attended the spectacles at Les Halles, he emphasizes the absurdity of destroying the cultural activities that have spontaneously sprung up in Les Halles in order to build an inanimate cultural center.

A great believer in spontaneity, Mr. Barrère is organizing an all-night extravaganza for June 24 which will necessarily be very spontaneous. Too much organization would mean police intervention, he fears, and there has been a good deal of police activity in Les Halles of late.

On June 24, Midsummer Eve, the shops of Les Halles will remain open and will invite their customers to come as guests. Inhabitants of Les Halles will be urged to invite dinner guests. Through Paris's best means of communication, "le téléphone arabe," thousands more visitors will come to spend the night visiting attractions, eating, carousing and listening to street singers.

"That's a Thursday night," says Mr. Barrère. "If the party's really good, it will last through Sunday." Public opinion will indeed be aroused but it will have only three days from that Sunday to act to save Les Halles. On July 1 the demolition experts arrive.

"Something has to be done," Orrin Hein says. "It will be terrible to look back 50 years from now and say, 'If only...'"

Odile Montserrat.

Orrin Hein

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TAILORED HONG KONG Suits
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NATO Agrees to First Steps Toward Troop-Cut Parley

(Continued from Page 1)

that the deputy ministers could meet as early as September or October if the bilateral talks showed that the Soviet Union was really serious.

But the sources said it was hard to tell how the MBFR talks would actually shape up. It could be, they said, that the bilateral contacts would show the matter to be so complex that a series of agreements were needed.

Outgoing Secretary-General Manlio Brosio admitted tonight that the rather tortured language on MBFR was in part necessary because NATO could not ignore either developments in Berlin or German interests in planning for force-reduction talks. In other words, there remains a link between a Berlin agreement and MBFR, even though it is left out of the communiqué. The West Germans also have not been keen on any kind of multilateral talks on MBFR that would include the East Germans.

The Russians now will be expected to produce the Berlin agreement they have promised in order to start the mechanism for a security conference and confirm that bilateral contacts on MBFR can pass to a stage where NATO would work out the "time, place, arrangements and agenda" for MBFR and send a representative for exploratory talks.

The NATO communiqué spelled out specifically what was expected from the Russians on Berlin if the multilateral talks for a security conference were to begin. It stressed the "unhindered movement of persons and goods" between West Germany and West Berlin, "improved opportunities for the movement by residents of the Western sectors" and "respect for the relationship between the Western sectors and the Federal Republic."

It also contended that an improvement in the talks between the two Germanys would improve the atmosphere.

Top Post In NATO Goes to Luns

(Continued from Page 1)

only foreign minister tall enough to look De Gaulle in the eye, but I am not sure he sees me."

Despite clashes over supranationalism and British entry into the Common Market, Gen. de Gaulle sent Mr. Luns one of the precious dozen personally inscribed copies of his memoirs.

Mr. Luns, frequently irreverent, once twitted Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko about Russian "bugging" of foreign guests. Mr. Gromyko had come to see Mr. Luns off at Moscow airport and presented him with three large jars of caviar.

"Dear colleague," Mr. Luns remarked, "this is really very funny. Just last night in our hotel room, I told my wife it would be nice if we could take some caviar back home—say, three large jars. I looked at the ceiling and repeated it very, very loudly. And here are just the jars I had in mind—as if someone had heard my wish." Mr. Gromyko smiled wanly.

In his nearly 19 years as Dutch foreign minister, Mr. Luns has been capable of many strenuous arguments. Once, in a heated clash with the late Robert Kennedy over Netherlands New Guinea, the shouting could be heard throughout the Dutch Foreign Ministry. Nevertheless, Mr. Luns was afterward invited to sea the Kennedys in a Paris hotel.

A professional diplomat, Mr. Luns became Holland's foreign minister in 1952 through something of a political accident. After a long cabinet crisis, the political parties could only work out a "balanced" coalition by naming two foreign ministers—one of whom had to be a Catholic. Mr. Luns was the Catholic choice, and before long was sole foreign minister, outlasting numerous coalitions.

Indeed, he has often remarked that he was happiest during coalition crises and caretaker governments, when he did not have to worry about pressures from political leaders.

$27,000 Cuba Bill On Hijacked Jet

HAVANA, June 4 (Reuters).—Cuba charged the United States more than $27,000 in expenses for the four-day stay here this week of a hijacked American jetliner with 69 passengers and crew, the official daily newspaper Granma reported today.

Last February, the Cuban government had to pay the United States a $25,500 fine for the release of two of its fishing boats seized off the Florida coast and found guilty of fishing in U.S. territorial waters.

Granma today gave no explanation why the Pan American jet was held from last Saturday to Wednesday instead of the usual three or four hours for hijacked planes forced to Havana.

2 Hurt in U.K. In Plane Landing

SOUTHEND, England, June 4 (Reuters).—A charter airliner carrying 32 Dutch soccer fans crashed on landing yesterday after overshooting the runway at Southend airport. Authorities said two people were injured, one seriously.

The plane—a Dakota—was attempting an emergency landing after being forced to return here with engine trouble. It was carrying passengers who were returning home to Holland after Wednesday's European Cup final match between Ajax of Amsterdam and Panathinaikos of Greece which Ajax won. There were also four crew members aboard.

Gott Not Going Back to Prague, Spokesman Says

HAMBURG, June 4 (AP).—Karel Gott, Czechoslovakia's leading pop singer, who has been under pressure to return home, has decided he will not return to Prague for an extension of his visa, a spokesman said.

A spokesman of the public relations firm which handles Mr. Gott's tours in West Germany said the singer had planned to return to Prague for an extension of his visa, which expires at the end of this month.

But Mr. Gott fears he would not be permitted to leave Prague again and will wait in West Germany to see if his visa can be extended without a trip to Prague, the spokesman said.

Mr. Gott earlier said officials of the Czechoslovak state concert agency had assured him there was no objection to him continuing his popular concert tours in Western Europe. On May 14 Gustav Husak, Czechoslovak Communist party leader, said Mr. Gott must "decide for himself whether he wants to come back and live with his people or whether he wants to serve the Western bourgeoisie."

WEATHER

	C	F	
ALGARVE	18	61	Very cloudy
AMSTERDAM	23	73	Sunny
ANKARA	17	63	Rain
ATHENS	24	75	Cloudy
BEIRUT	23	73	Cloudy
BELGRADE	25	77	Sunny
BERLIN	24	75	Stormy
BRUSSELS	23	73	Sunny
BUDAPEST	24	75	Stormy
CAIRO	30	86	Partly cloudy
CASABLANCA	18	64	Partly cloudy
COPENHAGEN	20	68	Sunny
COSTA DEL SOL	16	61	Rain
DUBLIN	13	55	Cloudy
EDINBURGH	10	50	Very cloudy
FLORENCE	28	82	Partly cloudy
FRANKFURT	24	75	Partly cloudy
GENEVA	21	70	Partly cloudy
HELSINKI	17	63	Very cloudy
ISTANBUL	21	70	Sunny
LAS PALMAS	15	59	Very cloudy
LISBON	15	59	Very cloudy
LONDON	15	59	Very cloudy
MADRID	12	54	Rain
MILAN	25	77	Cloudy
MONTREAL	19	66	Cloudy
MOSCOW	26	79	Partly cloudy
MUNICH	22	72	Cloudy
NEW YORK	27	81	Sunny
NICE	24	75	Partly cloudy
OSLO	20	68	Partly cloudy
PARIS	24	75	Cloudy
PRAGUE	22	72	Cloudy
SITGES	29	84	Cloudy
SOFIA	21	70	Partly cloudy
STOCKHOLM	21	70	Partly cloudy
TEL AVIV	29	79	Cloudy
TUNIS	27	70	Overcast
VENICE	24	75	Sunny
VIENNA	26	79	Partly cloudy
WARSAW	22	72	Cloudy
WASHINGTON	30	86	Sunny
ZURICH	23	73	Partly cloudy

(U.S. Canadian temperatures taken at 1700 GMT, others at 1200 GMT.)

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Associated Press.

SURPRISE GIFT—Mrs. Mamie Eisenhower was overcome with emotion after she was presented with a gold, turtle-shaped paper-weight set with a 600-carat oval topaz. It was a gift of the American-Korean Foundation in New York on Thursday. For the Koreans the turtle, as a charm, symbolizes long life, health and prosperity.

Supreme Court on Reapportionment

Civil Rights Lawyers Jarred By Ruling on Southern Vote

By John P. MacKenzie

WASHINGTON, June 4 (WP).—A divided Supreme Court stunned civil rights lawyers yesterday by ruling that court-imposed reapportionment plans for legislatures in Deep South states may be implemented without special approval from the U.S. attorney general or a special court in Washington.

In an unsigned opinion the court declared that the clearance procedures required under the 1965 Voting Rights Act do not apply to reapportionment plans that come about by decree of a federal district court rather than by an act of the state legislatures.

The court's action, which may be clarified if three dissenting justices file written opinions later, appeared to open up an opportunity for major election changes to escape the federal law's machinery that was designed to prevent dilution of the voting power of newly enfranchised blacks.

In testimony Wednesday before a House Judiciary subcommittee on Civil Rights, Mississippi NAACP leader Aaron Henry charged that state officials and some white voters were starting "sweetheart" lawsuits designed to accomplish new legislative districting by court order which they would otherwise have trouble getting through the federal clearance procedure.

Private civil rights lawyers and Justice Department lawyers, who have been at odds over the voting rights enforcement policies of Attorney General John N. Mitchell, were in complete agreement in briefs filed with the Supreme Court that the federal law did not permit court-ordered election rules to take effect without going through the special clearance process.

The 1965 law requires the states covered—Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Virginia, South Carolina and parts of North Carolina—to withhold implementing any new election laws or rules until they are scrutinized for racial bias by the attorney general or by a special three-judge federal court here.

In 1969 and again last January, the Supreme Court made clear that the tough federal statute was designed to freeze a wide variety of election procedures, including redistricting and annexations, which could lessen black voting power.

Virginia Plan Affected

Under this broad interpretation of the act's coverage, key sections of Virginia's 1971 legislative reapportionment have been disapproved by the Justice Department. The court's action yesterday appeared to indicate that any new plan decreed by federal judges in Richmond would be insulated from further Justice Department review.

Yesterday's action came in response to an appeal by the Lawyers Committee for Civil Rights Under Law, supported by the Justice Department as a friend of the court, from the reapportionment plan ordered last week by a three-judge federal district court in Jackson, Miss.

Although the justices refused to rule that the voting law prohibited implementation of the plan, it partially reversed the district court for failing to divide Hinds County, which includes Jackson, into single-member districts for the State Senate and House of Representatives.

No Change This Year

On a population basis, Jackson's blacks, comprising nearly 40 percent of the county's population, could elect several members of the state legislature from individual districts, but the Mississippi federal judges said there was no time to replace the county's multi-member alignment in time for this year's elections. Under the current winner-take-all regime, all 15 of the county's state legislators are white.

The Supreme Court ordered postponement of the county's deadline for candidates to file for the August primary and ordered the county subdivided into districts by June 14.

The high court's five-page opinion was followed by a notation that Chief Justice Warren E. Burger and Justices Hugo L. Black and John M. Harlan "dissent and reserve the right to file an opinion to that effect."

Crane Falls 17 Floors to N.Y. Street

NEW YORK, June 4 (AP).—A construction crane loaded with steel collapsed and plunged 17 floors into Second Avenue, near the United Nations, yesterday, slightly injuring ten persons.

It smashed a water main, flooding the area for blocks.

Morning rush hour traffic had been halted by a red light on the southbound avenue, possibly averting fatalities. The street is usually filled with bumper-to-bumper traffic.

Nixon Wants $50,000 Award For Kin of Slain Policemen

By Robert B. Semple Jr.

WASHINGTON, June 4 (NYT).—President Nixon called yesterday for federal legislation to provide $50,000 to the family of any police officer slain in the line of duty. At the same time, however, his attorney general reiterated administration opposition to new controls over the sale of handguns at this time.

The announcement of the new proposal was made by Attorney General John N. Mitchell at a White House briefing following a morning meeting between the President, nearly two dozen chiefs of police and sheriffs from throughout the country, Mr. Mitchell, FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover and several congressmen.

The meeting in the Oval Office, and the televised briefing in the press room immediately afterward, had been called to discuss the recent wave of police slayings, to demonstrate the administration's concern, and to unveil the new proposal.

By the end of the day, however, the administration found itself caught up in new controversies over the motives behind its concern, its stand on gun control legislation, and even the composition of the meeting itself.

Among the prominent absentees were two critics of some aspects of administration policy, New York Police Commissioner Patrick V. Murphy and Quinn Tamm, the executive director of the International Association of Chiefs of Police.

Without going into detail, Mr. Mitchell said that legislation providing a lump sum of $50,000 to the survivors of slain policemen would be forwarded to Congress soon "in further indication" of the administration's support of law enforcement officers across the country, and because benefit levels for slain policemen vary widely from state to state and in some cases are insufficient.

The proposal was almost immediately denounced by Rep. Andrew Jacobs, D., Ind., who submitted legislation of his own in 1968 that would amend the Federal Employee Compensation Act to provide the widow of a policeman slain in the line of duty with 40 percent of her husband's salary plus 15 percent per child up to a total of 75 percent of the total salary.

Asserting that his version would provide larger annuities, Rep. Jacobs noted that the administration had submitted an opinion signed by Deputy Attorney General Richard Kleindienst in October, 1969, opposing the Jacobs measure as "an unreasonable intrusion into state and local government activities."

The fact that the administration had suddenly reversed itself on the question of "intrusion," Rep. Jacobs said, suggested strongly that it wished to reap political profit from the nationwide concern generated by the recent shootings of policemen.

The gun-control issue arose during the Mitchell briefing. Although some legislators have seized on the recent killings to suggest stronger controls on the sale of handguns, Mr. Mitchell insisted that legislation enacted in 1968 should be given more time to be implemented and tested to determine whether or not it is serving the best purposes of this country.

The 1968 legislation prohibited the mail order purchase of firearms, but many gun-control proponents—including Mr. Murphy and Mr. Tamm—have advocated a flat ban on all sales of handguns for private use.

The statistics published by Mr. Mitchell's own department, some of these proponents say, offer strong evidence that such a ban on handgun purchases would do much to deter the killings of policemen. The Uniform Crime Reports for 1968, the year the legislation was enacted, noted that firearms accounted for 61 of the 64 policemen killed that year, and that handguns were used in 46 of these deaths.

In 1969, 83 of 86 officers slain were killed with firearms, 67 of which were handguns.

San Diego Eyed For GOP in '72

WASHINGTON, June 4 (NYT).—President Nixon has decided he would like to hold the 1972 Republican national convention in San Diego, according to well-placed Republican sources. "If it can be held there, it will be held there," one source said.

At the request of the White House, the San Diego City Council has belatedly entered the bidding for the convention, for which Chicago, San Francisco, Houston and Miami Beach had previously made offers. Walter Hahn, the city manager, described San Diego's bid as a kind of "command performance."

The party sources said San Diego had two advantages in the President's eyes: It is only 70 miles south of Mr. Nixon's summer house at San Clemente, and California is a crucial state in his efforts to win re-election next year.

Four Men Seized In Belfast Blast

BELFAST, June 4 (AP).—Police today rounded up four suspects in two bombings that severely damaged two government buildings.

The first blast hit the local offices of the British government's Ministry of Environment in Belfast. Fifty minutes later, a second explosion went off at the Public Records Office.

There were no casualties in either explosion.

Nixon Plans Agency to Aid Drug Addicts

High Priority for GIs Back From Vietnam

By Dana Adams Schmidt

WASHINGTON, June 4 (NYT).—President Nixon is planning a new federal agency to direct efforts to stem the tide of drug addiction among returning Vietnam veterans and the general public.

This was the private word from highly placed officials after the President conferred at the White House yesterday with Secretary of Defense Melvin R. Laird and a score of other top officials who are responsible for enforcing narcotics laws, educating the public on the dangers of drug abuse and treating and rehabilitating addicts.

Some officials spoke of a $100 million agency, probably a conservative figure considering that the federal government's present scattered efforts to cope with drug addiction, excluding law enforcement, are estimated to cost about *$150 million for education, training*, treatment and rehabilitation.

While some officials expected that a drug addiction administrator would sit in the White House, others thought the new activities would be centralized in the Department of Health, Education and Welfare.

All Americans

While White House Press Secretary Ron Ziegler declined to give any details, he indicated that, in addition to moves to cut off the source of drugs in foreign countries and to treat addicts before they are released from military service, the White House initiative will seek to deal with the overall problem of addiction among Americans.

Mr. Ziegler said there will be an announcement on the President's plan "in the very near future," probably within two weeks.

Specialists in the field of drug addiction estimate that there are in the United States about 350,000 persons addicted to heroin and other narcotics and as many persons or more suffering from problems involving the use of other drugs, including amphetamines, LSD, hashish and marijuana.

In addition to about 50,000 heroin-addicted veterans, the specialists believe another 30,000 military men in Vietnam are addicted.

Highest Priority

The President's conference followed a news conference Tuesday at which he said: "We consider it a problem of the highest priority, and we are going to give it the highest priority attention at all levels, not just with regard to veterans, where it is a special problem, but nationally, where it is one that concerns us all."

Also yesterday, Sen. Harold E. Hughes, D., Iowa, chairman of the Senate Subcommittee on Alcoholism and Narcotics, accused the Nixon administration of "sleeping through the tidal wave of heroin addiction that has been building up among the armed services personnel and returning veterans over a period of months, just as they have slept through the drug crisis that has long been building up in our own country."

Cutting Off GI Supply

WASHINGTON, June 4 (AP).—The State Department reported today that Southeast Asian nations have promised to assist the United States actively in coping with the problems of drugs becoming accessible to American troops in Indochina.

The subject was a major topic of discussion at a meeting between Under Secretary of State John N. Irwin 2d and U.S. ambassadors to 19 nations in East Asia and the Pacific.

25th Body Found In Calif. Killings

YUBA CITY, Calif., June 4 (UPI).—Sheriff's deputies today dug up the 25th body in the Yuba City mass murders and continued the search, which they expect to unearth even more victims.

The developer of infrared aerial photographs made along the Feather River said he was forwarding information which "might possibly help Sheriff Roy Whiteaker" in the hunt.

Deputies worked in an area which has been flooded by irrigation water for two weeks. The infrared pictures were intended to pinpoint possible sites still under water.

Death by Heroin

'They all say you can quit whenever you want to. I said it, too. But the years speak for themselves. My arms, my legs. It's a matter of record. You can't stop. Don't talk yourself into thinking you can, 'cause you can't.'

NEWTOWN, Pa., June 4 (AP).—He died in jail a drug addict. In pain. He was hooked on heroin, a habit that reached 75 bags daily at a cost of $750 before his arrest.

He left behind a filmed confession, warning young people not to experiment with marijuana and hard drugs.

The film was made for police in April 1970, four months before he died awaiting trial for burglary. It is now being processed for school distribution, delayed because of legal problems with his family.

"Stop before you start," he said. "Everyone near you, you hurt," he said. "No one escapes it.

"There's nothing you won't do, there's nothing you can't do when it comes to crime. Drugs are the incentive, the driving force."

The 29-year-old son of a white middle-class suburban schoolteacher was identified only as "Dennis," to protect his wife and three children.

Those who fool around with marijuana are kidding themselves, he said.

"It has been my experience, over the years, with other drug addicts that the great majority of them, if not all of them, start out with marijuana and then progress to harder drugs...

"They all say you can quit whenever you want to, I said it, too. But the years speak for themselves. My arms, my legs. It's a matter of record. You can't stop. Don't talk yourself into thinking you can, 'cause you can't."

His arms and legs were covered with needle marks. They were almost as hard as stone after 13 years of injection after injection. Even under his fingernails.

"I used every vein that was available, in every part of my body," he said.

Dennis told his story in the studio of the Lower Bucks cable television to detectives of the Bucks County district attorney's office, in this small Philadelphia suburb. He agreed to do it to reach kids in junior and senior high schools and show them what being an addict is like.

Dennis said his drug addiction began at 16, when he tried heroin. He switched briefly to cocaine while he was being treated in a methadone withdrawal program.

No Cure For Heroin

"There's no cure for heroin addiction," he said. "It can be stopped and aborted in the early stages if a person is reached in time. But don't think for a minute that methadone is some sort of wonder drug that is going to stop you from drug addiction.

"While I was on the methadone, it satisfied my physical craving for drugs, I no longer had this desire for heroin. But methadone didn't substitute the psychological feeling nor the physical rush that you get from injecting drugs into your system. It just didn't do it, it couldn't do it. Nothing can...

"Over the years, I've witnessed a minimum of 12 or 15 deaths from heroin. I've seen people die in cellars. I've seen people die on rooftops, in bathrooms, service stations."

Dennis said he stole to pay for his habit. Police granted him immunity from prosecution on drug charges as he outlined his activities.

Indulged in Crime

"Over the years, I've indulged in lesser crimes such as shoplifting or check boosting, or stealing people's income tax return checks out of the mail boxes," he said. "That was when I only needed a small amount to finance my addiction.

"But as my addiction progressed (to 75 bags daily), I had to resort to stronger crimes or harder crimes because of the very need for money. Very obviously, you can't get $750 a day out of some body's mailbox or shoplifting in a department store...

"An addict isn't a dangerous person as long as he can get his drugs, but if he is put into a position where it is necessary to commit a crime, to violence, he will. An addict can kill for money for drugs.

"I'm not saying this to frighten anyone or to overemphasize anything; I'm just stating a fact as it is. If I, myself, had ever been put in a position where I couldn't get the money without hurting someone, I wouldn't have hesitated a moment to do whatever was necessary to get the money . . ."

U.S., Spain Unit Seizes Record Heroin Shipment

WASHINGTON, June 4 (AP).—U.S. narcotics agents and Spanish police have seized 249 pounds of heroin in Valencia, Spain, Attorney General John N. Mitchell announced today.

The heroin, with an estimated U.S. street sale value of $35 to $40 million, "is the largest seizure of heroin on record," Mr. Mitchell said. The heroin was manufactured in France, an official said.

It was hidden in an automobile that had been traced to Valencia by agents of the U.S. Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs, Mr. Mitchell said.

Spanish police arrested two French nationals who were with the automobile, he said. Their identity was not immediately known. The car was being shipped to Mexico from Barcelona but the Frenchmen had the car off-loaded at Alicante and were driving back to France when apprehended, officials said.

Senate Backs Superagency on Volunteer Groups

WASHINGTON, June 4 (UPI).—The Senate cleared the way yesterday for the debut of a new superagency called "Action" to oversee the federal government's volunteer programs including the Peace Corps and Vista.

The Senate rejected a resolution proposed by Sen. Harrison A. Williams jr., D., N.J., to keep Action from going into effect. The vote was 54-to-29. The House defeated a similar resolution several days ago.

Action eventually will bring together nearly a dozen programs involving more than 21,000 volunteers. It was the second major step in President Nixon's reorganization plans for the executive branch of government. Congress approved a proposal last year to convert the Post Office into a quasi-government corporation.

Judge Dismisses Kent State Suits

CLEVELAND, June 4 (UPI).—A federal judge Wednesday dismissed wrongful-death suits filed on behalf of three Kent State University students killed by Ohio National Guardsmen, and said former Gov. James Rhodes acted in "good faith" in ordering out the guard.

District Court Judge James Connell, in dismissing the suits, which sought $11 million in damages, also held that the state had sovereign immunity and could not be sued without its consent.

The suits were filed by the parents of Jeffrey C. Miller, 20; Allison Krause, 19, and Sandra Scheuer, 20, who were killed May 4, 1970, when Ohio guardsmen fired into a group of students on the campus during demonstrations protesting expansion of the war in Indochina.

Saved and Punished

AUSTIN, Texas, June 4 (UPI).—An 18-year-old youth was charged with destruction of public property Wednesday for tearing up a blanket in the city jail and using it to try to hang himself from a shower stall. He was cut down before sustaining injury.

Were 'Too Proud' for Welfare

N.Y. Couple Lives 8 Months in Parked Car

NEW YORK, June 4 (AP).—A middle-aged couple discovered living in their car parked beside a river in the Bronx say they have been there for about eight months—existing mainly on steamed clams.

Chester Konarsky, 59, and his wife, 55, both natives of the Bronx, said they have been without a home since August, 1969, when their rent was raised and they took temporary quarters on a friend's boat at City Island.

After the boat was sold, they said, they took to living in a 1966 Dodge car, but last summer, another friend offered them a room in back of a vacant store. The store was rented in the fall and again the Konarskys were living in the car.

Mr. Konarsky said he had to leave a job in the City Island boat yards because of an arthritic arm. Mrs. Konarsky has been ill for some years and cannot walk.

They said they resisted asking for help because they always believed being on welfare was a disgrace, and "it just seemed like we could make it without it."

Their only income has been from the sale of copper wire that Mr. Konarsky removes from motors in junked automobiles which abound in the area of their "home" on a little-used spur of road by the Hutchinson River.

Mr. Konarsky says when they finally swallowed their pride and went to the Welfare Department for help. "They told me I couldn't get any because we didn't have a permanent address."

A welfare spokesman said the Konarsky application was not processed because they declined to answer questions about their backgrounds, and their story was not believed because their clothes were neat and clean and the car was in such good shape.

"I don't have much else to do but keep it nice," said Mr. Konarsky. The welfare official indicated the case would be looked into again.

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INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

Page 4—Saturday-Sunday, June 5-6, 1971 *

The Crucial Test of Okinawa

The imminent signing (on June 17) of an agreement returning Okinawa to Japan brings close what is probably the most crucial test of the United States' relations with its most valuable Asian ally since World War II. It was a notable achievement for the leaders of the two countries to agree in 1969 that Okinawa—seized as war booty in 1945 and later transformed into a major American strategic base—should be returned. It is quite another matter, more difficult and more important, to proceed to the signing and ratification, for signing means that the extremely difficult details will have been worked out, and ratification means that the resultant product will have been approved by the two legislatures.

Although some details must still be wrapped up, the trans-Pacific consensus is that the main hurdles lie in the U.S. Senate. Quite properly—since a change in a treaty (the Japanese peace treaty) is involved—Mr. Nixon decided to submit the Okinawa transfer to the Senate, rather than conclude an executive agreement. He erred, however, by allowing our textile dispute with Japan to get badly out of hand. Rightly or not, the suspicion now is widespread that he would not really mind if the Senate held up the Okinawa reversion in order to put pressure on Tokyo on textiles.

Defeat in the Senate on Okinawa is less likely than delay, but even delay would be extremely costly: It would provoke anti-American outbursts in Japan and call into question the basis of mutual confidence on which future Japanese-American relations must be built. The President does not have the luxury of being able to start over again on textiles. He could, however, announce at the time of signing of the Okinawa agreement that he considers its prompt ratification by the Senate to be of the utmost national importance and that he regards textiles as an issue quite apart. Responsible senators would welcome such a statement. Wise statesmanship commends it.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Reinhold Niebuhr

Reinhold Niebuhr blended theology and practical politics as articulator of the concept of "liberal realism." His writings provided the intellectual underpinning for much of what was most constructive in the anti-totalitarian left.

Beginning in the late 1930s, Dr. Niebuhr was profoundly influential in moving American Protestantism away from pacifism and a utopian view of politics toward a more complex, more tragic and politically more realistic view of man and society. In his masterpiece, "The Nature and Destiny of Man," and in his lesser books, he brought to bear old Christian insights into man's fallibility and pride and made them relevant and convincing in this secular age. Because of his great gifts as public speaker and lucid, forceful writer, there were few within the Protestant community who did not feel his influence, while many who shared other beliefs or rejected all religion also responded to his arguments.

Not one to be a theorist only, Dr. Niebuhr tested his concepts in the arena of electoral politics. He was among the founders of New York's Liberal party in 1944 and an architect of Americans for Democratic Action. In the years following World War II his influence on the thinking of many key government policymakers was so profound that George F. Kennan saw him as "the father of us all"—the "all" being the liberal trendsetters of the fifties and sixties.

Dr. Niebuhr's ideas were not, of course, always accepted with the grace and facility with which he propounded them. But even his adversaries of the right and the left cheerfully conceded the effervescence of his mind and the humanitarianism of his philosophy. Dr. Niebuhr helped infuse vigor into the American democratic process. In a time of moral confusion and rapid political change, he was a frequent source of political wisdom and an illuminating spokesman for the moral values that sustain human freedom.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

'Realignment' in Cambodia

Reports from the key Cambodian border town of Snoul indicate that the South Vietnamese withdrawal which has been described by Saigon army spokesmen as a "realignment" of forces was more like a rout, similar in many respects to the recent precipitate South Vietnamese retreat from Laos.

As in Laos, heavy enemy anti-aircraft fire appears to have crippled air support for the Snoul defenders. As in Laos, the South Vietnamese appear to have withdrawn hastily, suffering heavy casualties and leaving large quantities of equipment behind. As in the case of Laos, South Vietnamese military authorities have attempted to disguise their defeat with claims that lack credibility.

The retreat from Snoul, plus recent Communist gains in southern Laos, plus an increase in Communist military activity throughout South Vietnam, casts fresh doubt on allied claims of success in the ill-starred invasion of Laos earlier this year and on the administration's assurances that the South Vietnamese can "hack it."

This humiliation for the South Vietnamese Army is one more warning of the futility of Vietnamization and one more reason to press for a negotiated settlement in Indochina while the United States still has some bargaining leverage left.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

Britain and Spain

A visit to Spain by Sir Alec Douglas-Home in response to an official invitation from the Spanish government is expected to be a welcome and, it is to be hoped, early product of Sir Denis Greenhill's talks with Senor Lopez Bravo, the Spanish foreign minister. It would be the first by a British foreign secretary for ten years, which is far too long in view of both of the common interests of the countries and of the need for frank discussion on the Gibraltar problem.

—From the Daily Telegraph (London).

Why in Lisbon?

Communications with Portugal are not too good at the best of times, even without people blowing up bits of the post office in Lisbon. If you are a peaceable journalist interested in how our oldest ally defends democracy, you are still in danger of being turned back at the airport the minute you arrive. If you get past that hurdle, the censorship remains. Even those covering such harmless matters as EFTA conferences have found their copy closely scrutinized in the past—and if the censors weren't quite sure what it meant, the blue pencil was liable to come out.

Then again there was the sheer inadequacy of telephone, Telex, and cable facilities. Perhaps it is not too surprising, therefore, that reports on this week's NATO meeting were a little slow in arriving even before Thursday's explosions. Why NATO includes Portugal and why it wants to meet in Lisbon remain minor mysteries. But Greece is still a member, so NATO's safeguarding of our common heritage and civilization—"founded on the principles of democracy, individual liberty, and the rule of law"—must be in good hands.

—From the Guardian (London).

The Sugar Agreement

The suddenness and unanimity with which the sugar producers have changed their attitude toward the Brussels offer may seem slightly disconcerting. No doubt some of the objections voiced so loudly before their meeting with Mr. Rippon were intended mainly for a domestic audience. No doubt, too, he was able to convince them that the community's proposals, however apparently vague, constituted a specific and moral commitment. But he also made a considerable concession. In the past he has only hinted that Britain, as a member of the EEC, would be prepared to use its veto at the appropriate time if the new sugar arrangements seemed unfair to Commonwealth producers. Yesterday's communique states that the British government and the other governments involved regard the community's offer as "a firm assurance of a secure and continuing market in the enlarged community on fair terms for the quantities of sugar covered by the Commonwealth sugar agreement in respect of all its existing developing member countries." Britain is more specifically and openly committed to protect the Commonwealth sugar interests than she was before.

—From the Financial Times (London).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

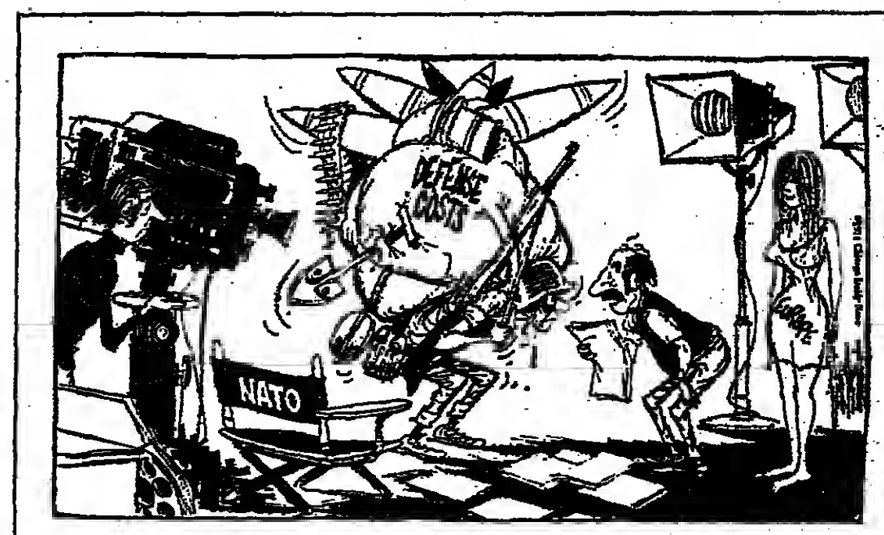
June 5, 1896

PARIS—The gallant little Swiss Army makes its bow to the world with an amazing discovery, recorded in the columns of the Journal de Genève, which points to an entirely new departure in the material of war, and consequently also, in tactics. Briefly, the matter lies in the ascertained power of an electric current to deflect the modern rifle bullet, and to deflect it in such a way that the rifle becomes practically useless. Interesting, if it works.

Fifty Years Ago

June 5, 1921

PARIS—Chemical discovery has by no means reached the end of its tether so to speak, and yet, as the American Chemical Warfare Service pointed out in a recent report, there are already several hundred thousand known chemicals and several million combinations to be made with them which will cause disablement, frightful suffering and death if used in war. Unless controlled, the nation that can find the most powerful gas, and keep it secret, will be master of the world.



'You've Got It Wrong—You Don't Yell for Help, That's HER Line.'

McGovern's Quiet Progress

By James Reston

WASHINGTON.—George McGovern's campaign for the presidency seems to be picking up a little speed. Or maybe Ed Muskie's is merely slowing down. But in any event, the senator from South Dakota is clearly going to influence his party in the coming months, even if he is not chosen to lead it in 1972.

Part of the reason for his progress is that he is campaigning hard while the others are waiting and temporizing. He has a clear vision of his problem. He is far behind and, in national terms, almost unknown. But while Muskie thinks the country needs a "healer" and a unifier, McGovern thinks it needs an innovator with radically different programs for a changing age.

Also, McGovern helped define the new rules for the Democratic nominating convention in 1972, and believes these rules will increase the chances of the independent free-wheelers and minimize the control of the state and local political pros. He is counting on strong support from the new 18-21-year-old voters and from the university students, and he is gradually beginning to get a little money and some help from the intellectual wing of the party.

Kennedy Alumni

More of the old Kennedy crowd are backing him than any of the other candidates. Frank Mankiewicz, the newspaper columnist and former aide to Robert Kennedy, and John Douglas, a Kennedy assistant at the Department of Justice and son of former Sen. Paul Douglas of Illinois, are now working actively at McGovern headquarters.

Pierre Salinger, White House press secretary under President Kennedy, has promised to join the McGovern press team by the time of the primary elections. Ed Kuh, an MIT economist, is helping to organize McGovern support in that field, and both Kenneth Galbraith and Arthur M. Schlesinger jr., while not working directly with him, are now supporting his candidacy.

This has led to the usual political gossip that some of the Kennedy people hope McGovern will run well in the New England primaries, win two or three of the preliminary state contests in the Middle West, and thus help block Muskie and increase Sen. Edward Kennedy's chances in a deadlocked convention.

There is absolutely no evidence, however, that Edward Kennedy is cooperating with any such strategy, if in fact it actually exists. Most of the time, Kennedy seems to be hoping that the primaries will establish somebody else as a clear party favorite, with only a fleeting and grudging admission that the convention could get into a hopeless tangle and turn to him.

HHH in Wings

Hubert Humphrey, meanwhile, seems less and less reluctant to stand aside in 1972, and is now said to be considering entering one or two primary elections to try to establish the leadership of the party. He had been discouraging his former financial backers until recently, but he is now telling them that while he's not raising money at present, he may very well want to call on them later. This has had the effect in two or three important cases of preventing substantial sums from going to Muskie's campaign.

In general, the Democratic campaign so far is not impressive. It is in real danger, with so many candidates, of losing any dominating personality or theme. The Democrats have been counting on the war issue and the economic issue to elect any man they nominate, no matter how much they cut each other up in the primaries.

But the economy is improving and it is always possible for the President to hurry the withdrawal from Vietnam or even to set his own date for ending U.S. combat aid transfer his base of aerial operations to Thailand.

McGovern's advantage, at least for the present, is that, in the midst of all this uncertainty and ambiguity, he is definite, simple and open in his advocacy of ending the war and transforming the economic and social conditions of the poor. Despite his liberal policies, he is well liked in rural areas, where his courageous military record and his religious background are popular.

He does not yet have a national constituency. He has a weak voice and is no handsome Lochinvar, but wherever he goes, people seem to believe in his genuineness. Since this quality is not in surplus these days, he should not be counted out.

The Stuff of Dreams

By Anthony Lewis

LONDON.—The contemporary critics of our society often speak of its "hypocrisy." It is a charge naturally resented by the society's leaders, for with few exceptions they feel perfectly sincere in what they do.

But the charge is really not one of conscious insincerity, it is one of self-deception. The critics would say that those who run our politics and our economy blind themselves to inconvenient realities, to the unpleasant consequences of their policies.

There was a telling example in President Nixon's press conference this week. A questioner asked about the reports of mass heroin addiction among American soldiers in Vietnam.

"I think it is well for us first to put the problem of drug addiction in Vietnam in perspective," the President replied. He said the United States had a drug problem generally, not only in Vietnam, and called for a new program of law-enforcement, treatment and information.

But it is appallingly obvious that the heroin problem among the soldiers is different from the general American situation, and much worse. Official reports estimate that 10 to 15 percent of the troops are addicted. If the problem were on that scale at home, it would mean 20 or 30 million addicts in the United States.

Drug's Availability

Mr. Nixon rightly mentioned the ready availability of heroin as a factor in Vietnam. But he said nothing about another reason for the incidence of heroin use among those troops: They are fighting for a cause they do not understand and do not believe in, by methods that are cruel and in some cases criminal. That men conscripted into such a war should seek narcotic oblivion is hardly surprising; sometimes they also shoot their officers. For an American official to discuss heroin addiction in Vietnam without mentioning that context is a staggering example of selective vision.

President Nixon went on, in his answer to the question about heroin in Vietnam, to volunteer a comment on marijuana. He said he could see no justification for legalizing its use: That "would simply encourage more and more of our young people to start down that long, dismal road that leads to hard drugs and eventually self-destruction."

There again the social critics, especially the young, would recognize the familiar indicia of bumbug: ignorance of, or contempt for, the facts; selective moralizing; argumentative overkill for political reasons.

Whether to legalize the use of marijuana is a serious issue. Certainly a society is entitled to limit the use of a mind-affecting drug, even though it permits others and the controls are not altogether logical. But it cannot help to discuss the issue in hysterical terms.

An Expert Opinion

Dr. Lester Grinspoon of the Harvard Medical School, a student of the problem and author of the recently published "Marijuana Reconsidered," summed up his views in the Harvard Alumni Bulletin last month:

"No doctor will say that any drug is harmless. Aspirin kills people every year. But I'm convinced that marijuana is relatively harmless... It is a relatively safe intoxicant that is not addicting, does not in and of itself lead to the use of harder drugs, is not criminogenic [crime-producing] and does not lead to sexual excess."

Many doctors would take a much more skeptical view. But on the whole, today, serious debate about marijuana starts from the basis that it is probably less harmful physiologically than alcohol or tobacco and is not addictive. Doubts about making another euphoric drug generally available, and one with still uncertain qualities, are weighed against doubts about the effects of the existing, haphazardly enforced criminal laws.

Thus Dr. Dana Farnsworth, director of the Harvard health services, is opposed to legalization and considers marijuana a dangerous drug. But in that same issue of the Bulletin he wrote that present anti-marijuana laws are "so severe and so out of proportion to the harm caused" that they destroy respect for law. He said it was time on this issue to substitute "reason for emotion."

Talk about the "long dismal road that leads to hard drugs" is emotion without any proved basis in reason. When the President of the United States talks in those terms, he invites scorn from the informed.

But the question was about addiction in Vietnam. A fair answer, an honest answer, might have gone something like this: To have 30,000 young Americans led to heroin addiction in that war is a terrible thing. But it is a price we must be prepared to pay to give President Thieu's government in Saigon a chance of survival.

The trouble with that kind of honesty is that it makes people think about questions of responsibility. It might recall Walter Lippman's words way back at the beginning of American involvement in Vietnam: "I don't think old men ought to promote wars for young men to fight."

At the NATO Parley

Becalmed on the Tagu

By Chalmers M. Roberts

LISBON.—Memo to Mike Mansfield: They haven't forgotten you here, Mike, but you have to remember that NATO is not all that different from the U.S. Senate.

For example, at the inaugural NATO session here the Portuguese premier was bestowing "illustrious" on his colleagues the same way all of you in the Senate call everybody "distinguished." Of course it's true that Premier Marcello Caetano used a two-level system of compliments: "illustrious" for secretaries-general of NATO and "distinguished" for run-of-the-mine delegates. But the Senate surely can match that, Mike.

When you and your colleagues gather in the Senate corridors you have been known to take up a special interest or two. It's the same here. Since we are in Lisbon the Portuguese premier and foreign minister naturally brought up with Secretary of State Rogers the untidy matter of that American base in the Azores, which Portugal owns, and from which our Navy flies those submarine patrols to keep track of the Soviet undersea craft.

So the Portuguese would like a little help, not arms but food aid and some money for education over the next two years, worth maybe $30 million or more. Nobody wants to talk figures out loud, of course, but you get the drift. Nobody, either, is talking about formalizing the American lease on the Azores base but just extending the current satisfactory status quo.

A Norse Complaint

Then the Norwegian foreign minister dropped in on Rogers to tell him how unhappy Oslo is about NATO's even meeting in Lisbon, in view of the Portuguese attitude about their holdings in Africa, Angola and Mozambique.

At lunch Rogers and the British foreign secretary, Sir Alec Douglas-Home, kicked around that upcoming headache of how to handle the China issue at the United Nations this fall. Rogers went through the drill about keeping Taiwan. The British don't think this matters all that much, but Sir Alec listened politely. No one wants to concede that the United States is about to drop that hardy American perennial at the UN, the "important question" device to block Peking's membership, but the suspicion is that it's on its way out and maybe that will please you, Mike.

Oh yes, Rogers will be going to Paris on Sunday, where, as far as anybody can see, the biggest business will be, of all things, Okinawa. It seems the Japanese foreign minister will be on hand for an economic meeting, which happens to be a fine reason for the two of them to button up the Okinawa issue. It has to do with American rights at the Naha airfield after Okinawa reverts to Japan under the Nixon-Sato agreement.

Maybe this report is straying a bit, Mike. So let's get back to the Mansfield amendment and its impact on this NATO meeting. You remember that Rogers said your amendment would destroy NATO and invite the Red Army to roll across the plains of Europe if it passed. Well now, Mike, the Americans are sayi to their European colleagues th you were very serious and th had better pay attention and the ante they put into the NAT pot. Balance-of-payments a all that, you remember. Too b Rogers didn't have a video ta of that impassioned speech y made just before the vote your amendment: it would ha been useful to show to his f low foreign ministers. You re ly ought to reconsider letting t television networks into t Senate.

The Old Hotfoot

But to get to the substance the matter. I take it you rea wanted to put a little fire un their feet here. Well, in a w you have. But it's sort of mixed-up situation, like the dr bill in the Senate. So ma seemingly extraneous issues ar to intrude. You'll have to b with this explanation for minute.

Everybody here at NATO, sec. or at least everybody who anybody, is for mutual, balan force reductions by agreem with Moscow. They've been this in principle for several ye but it all was rather leisu until you teamed up with Kremlin's Brezhnev to give NA the shock treatment. By way, how did you manage t anyway? People keep asking I never got an explanation fo you to pass on.

However, it was fitting eno in this country, where Henry Navigator is a folk hero, to t that Manlio Brosio, the Ita Italian who is ending his ca as NATO secretary-general, t ed out to be Brosio the Explo "Explore" is one of those di matic terms for striking a l urely pace and that is what NA under the Brosio and Rogers mula, is doing. "Explore" m to try to make the other fel in this case Brezhnev, give a details of what he has in o before you agree to anything

At this writing the exact mula is still in childbirth, the one thing that is certai that NATO is not rushing t conference table. For one th the West Germans want to whether Brezhnev will c clean on a Berlin agreement, so does Rogers. So explora will continue long enough to a better reading on the Ba talks, and you want a Ba agreement, don't you?

But don't be discouraged, M about the pace. You can al bring up the amendment a if you think it will help some more. Besides, you the Europeans here figure Nixon Doctrine really means in time the Americans are to cut their commitments so they are trying in one wa another to adjust and, afte isn't that what you have mind?

It's true the pace here is r leisurely, Mike, but, after all, of these fellows were raise the parliamentary attitude you know what that mean lot of palaver before you down to anything. But don impatient, Mike. It's just the Senate; you have to a consensus. And after all, t better, if more time-consur than the way they do it in cow.

Letters

Not Very Sad American

Pray allow me to declare my disagreement with "A Saddened American" (Letters, May 26). As to tourists generally: Here in Lisbon they're coming out of the woodwork but I'm bound to say I can't decide which are the most dismal, the Americans or the English, with the Germans a close runner-up, as regards appearance. However, before my recent escape from God's Country, my office was at 30 Rockefeller Plaza, the very center of New York's out-of-town bus trade and the weirdies in force there are just as numerous and baroque as anything we export. For that matter a stroll from 47th to 57th on the East side of Fifth Ave. will rarely produce the sight of a well-dressed man or woman. Many over-dressed, to be sure.

As far as the Europeans are concerned and "their belief that Americans are mannerless and without taste"—honey, they're lapping it up and kicking each other in the bridgework in their haste to scramble on the bandwagon. They've always had a talent for fulminating at our most deplorable aspects and a genius for copying them. Nobody could possibly be more bored and revolted than I at these monstrous un-people, but one is wasting one's time and only cultivating stomach ulcers to grouse about them and lavish dour looks upon them. They don't want to be like us and to them we are but museum pieces and figures of fun. For my part, I'm too busy enjoying old age to waste time grousing about these types. We left-over Edwardians must expect to endure some penalties for having survived into the age of the common man.

THOMAS DEVINE.

Lisbon.

I would appreciate an opportunity to reply to "Saddened American" who complained recently from Athens of young Americans "loafing about abroad, growing hair" and behaving in an unmannerly fashion. My husband and I have just returned from three weeks in Athens and the Aegean Islands, and we found the young Americans we met there most agreeable. "Saddened American" criticizes the young for adopting unconventional modes of travel, but we found it refreshing and heartening to see these youngsters out hiking, as well as hitch-hiking, not in the elaborate tourist hotels usually frequented by Americans, but in the village pensions and camped on the beaches. Some, it is true, were "loafing"—as we were ourselves!—but others were busy building boats, making films, painting, fishing, arguing philosophy, learning the local folk-dances, and many were well on their way to speaking fluent demotic Greek.

On a moonlit night at the Parthenon, which we shared with people of all ages and many nations, it was the shaggy and untidy young Americans present who were notable for their quiet, reverent and considerate behavior. It was, incidentally, a group of middle-aged Americans, conventionally dressed and all too obviously filled with duty-free scotch, who eventually ruined a beautiful evening for us all, when they arrived with a great clanking of charm-bracelets and high-heeled shoes, making loud, self-important remarks. I suggest that "Saddened Americans" might do well to re-examine their values, and that some of might even take a lesson or —if not in sartorial elegan then in amiable and unassu courtesy, from their young.

SANDOL S. DOLLAR

London.

Women's Lib

Norman Mailer's venom I tolerate, Lionel Tiger I can u stand, but I am crushed Jean Rostand, this man of lo ing intellect and gentle huma is quoted (IHT, June 1) as sa that women's lib has "a sli lesbian tendency." The s and I deserve [to know] the text of this expertise. Per in return we might elucidat the homosexual aspects of m locker rooms.

MAGGIE VERHEYDE

Worms, West Germany.

Meaning of Traged

At first I was puzzled wh read (IHT, May 29) that P dent Nixon thought the mu of a Mississippi black student unnecessary tragedy." What he consider a "necessary" t edy. I wondered until I rem bered his recent intervention the Calley affair.

Mrs. NORTON TABACKM Paris.

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20,000 Civil Service Workers March Peacefully in Paris

PARIS, June 4 (Reuters).—ome 20,000 striking civil servants raded peacefully along the Ave-te de l'Opéra in central Paris day, demanding wage increases r France's 2,500,000 state em-oyees.

Their demonstration was the ghlight of a 24-hour stoppage r French civil servants, called ter wage negotiations with the vernment broke down last arch.

Chanting "Raise our salaries" d "Down with the miserly ate," the civil servants headed r the Finance Ministry, where ey shouted slogans before dis-rsing.

Small groups of extreme leftists hich joined the parade sang the nternational" and paraded with praised fists—traditional symbol f workers' movements.

Similar parades took place in French provincial towns and were attended by 2,000 people in Lyons and 1,000 in Toulouse.

The strike order appeared to have been obeyed mainly by secondary-school teachers and postmen throughout the country, with customs officers, municipal employees and hospital workers less prompt in answering the call.

Suburban train lines in the Paris area were disrupted, and rotating stoppages were expected by rail workers throughout the day.

Meanwhile, Finance Minister Valéry Giscard d'Estaing warned against a rise in prices and salaries before a meeting of the ministry's audit commission here today.

Mr. Giscard d'Estaing, commenting on last year's expenditures and budget, said that while national production had risen as expected in 1971, consumption had increased much more than expected.

He said the cost of living had risen a third more than forecast, and investments and exports had suffered.

Newsmen's Protest

Meanwhile, 1,000 journalists staged a sit-down demonstration in the street outside the Interior Ministry here today in protest against alleged police brutality to newsmen.

The demonstrators dispersed omid angry shouts of "Marcellin resign." after Interior Minister Raymond Marcellin refused to receive a delegation.

They had earlier massed outside the newspaper Le Figaro on the Champs-Elysées and marched to the nearby Interior Ministry, carrying banners reading "Halt police brutality," and "Down with the police state."

At the center of the current flare-up was reporter Alain Jaubert, science writer for the leftist weekly Nouvel Observateur, who has been charged with assaulting police during a student demonstration here last Saturday.

Mr. Jaubert has accused the police of beating him up in a police van during the demonstration and dumping him in the street from the moving van.

Concorde 001, VIPs Aboard, Hits Mach 2

PARIS, June 4 (AP).—Another que ribbon panel took a test ride the Concorde today, and this ime it reached the Mach 2 peed it was designed for.

The Concorde prototype 001 esterday disappointed Sen. Bar-y Goldwater, Transportation Sec-etary John A. Volpe and a group f airline executives. The plane's fterburners failed to ignite and he speed could not top Mach 1.3.

Sen. Goldwater's son today had etter luck. Barry Goldwater jr., ongressman from California, aid, "We flew Mach 2 (about ,300 mph) for 28 or 29 minutes. There's not much difference in eeling. The only way you know s by watching the gauge."

The Concorde builders said hey ignited the afterburners six imes today, just to demonstrate hat yesterday's trouble had been leared up.

Another passenger, James S. McDonnell, chairman of the Mc-Donnell Douglas Corp., said, "My impression is that our friends in France and the United Kingdom have done a fine professional job in pioneering the Concorde, and a very courageous job."

Other passengers included Nor-man R. Parmet, vice-president of Trans World Airlines, and Sir Ronald Melville, permanent sec-retary of the British Department of Trade and Industry.

Powers Aborts Mission

LONDON, June 4 (UPI).—Fran-cis Gary Powers, whose U-2 spy plane was shot down over the Soviet Union in 1960, was forced to abandon another mission to-day, this time by illness.

The 41-year-old former Air Force pilot, taken ill with the flu yesterday, had to return to the United States instead of going through with plans to fly his own single-engine private aircraft to the Paris air show.

Sailor's Cigarette Seen Cause of 32-Death Fire

VANCOUVER, British Columbia, June 4 (Reuters).—A crew mem-ber's negligence was the probable cause of a fire which killed 32 crewmen on the cruise ship Melcor on May 22, a Norwegian nvestigating commission said here Wednesday.

Judge K. F. Myrdal, commis-ion chairman, said he did not wish to identify the crew mem-ber. The cause of the fire could have been a smoldering cigarette, he judge said. All 67 passengers and 59 of the crew members sur-vived.

Model Heist Really Isn't

LONDON, June 4 (UPI).—By any self-respecting holdup man's standards it should have been a model heist.

A ten-man gang, faces covered with stocking masks, hemmed in an armored car early today as it was deliver-ing sacks of mail and money to a bank in London's finan-cial district.

With timing as precise as a Swiss watch they moved in, covering astonished guards with sawed-off shotguns while they grabbed their loot, then sped away in a small fleet of getaway cars.

But police said their haul, estimated in the tens of thousands of pounds, was all in "mutilated" money—old notes so perforated, torn and marked as to be an instant giveaway for anyone trying to circulate them.

"Their information," a Scot-land Yard detective said, "was inaccurate. What they weren't told was that there were tens of thousands of pounds in new notes packed in the security van. They missed those en-tirely."

Facing $100-Million Deficit

Philadelphia Schools to End Sports, Non-Class Activities

PHILADELPHIA, June 4 (AP). —The city's financially tangled ublic school system, facing a 100-million deficit even before he start of the 1971-72 school ear, announced yesterday it ould abandon varsity sports and ll other extracurricular activ-ies at all high schools and liminate nearly 2,000 jobs.

Half of the jobs to be elimi-nated would be teaching posi-ions, according to Dr. Mark Shedd, superintendent of schools.

Dr. Shedd also said the school oard would cut out community se of 166 school buildings, such s for after-hours adult programs, n its effort to reduce the es-imated budget deficit.

Dr. Shedd said his order would ffect 13 different sports in the enior high schools boys' pro-rams and about ten sports for enior high school girls.

Financial pressure, specifically he lack of $20 million to meet s payroll in the last two weeks f school, recently forced the chool board to ask 26,000 teach-rs and employees whether they ould accept payment in scrip. Officials said that if IOUs were ot accepted, the school system ould have to close two weeks arly.

The Philadelphia Federation f Teachers, AFL-CIO, normal-y a militant organization, greed to accept the notes, which heir members and others on the ayroll will be able to exchange or cash this summer.

Sports Loss Deplored

Stanley W. Peffle, director of physical and health education for the public schools, called the decision a tragic move. "Our experience has been that sport has been one of the heaviest contributory factors toward pre-venting dropout."

Mr. Peffle estimated that about 100,000 of the district's 284,000 pupils would be affected by the abandonment of varsity sports and intramural athletics.

He said it was "just tragic for youngsters who are going to be deprived of going to college through athletic scholarships."

Dr. Shedd predicted that the Philadelphia Federation of Teach-ers would take legal action over the job cuts. He said the cuts would reduce by $20 million the school board's $393 million spend-ing program for the next school year.

Dr. Shedd said the school board may also have to eliminate all kindergaten programs, affecting 22,000 children. The board also is considering cuts in "every single program not mandated by state law," he said. He added that the board might decide to close down the schools rather than make the extra cuts.

The extracurricular activities to be dropped include everything taking place after school hours, such as drama, debate clubs, music, choirs, bands and intra-mural sports.

United Press International.

WHALE OF A TIME—Dick Brownell takes a danger-ous ride on the back of a killer whale at the Marine-land Aquarium in Palos Verdes, Calif. Brownell is a trainer and the whale-riding is a part of his act.

Joe E. Lewis Is Dead at 69; Low Comedian at High Pay

By McCandlish Phillips

NEW YORK, June 4 (NYT).—Joe E. Lewis, 69, the gravel-voiced nightclub comedian, died today at Roosevelt Hospital.

He was taken to the hospital last Friday after collapsing in his suite at the Warwick Hotel. He was said to have been in a diabetic coma at the time of his death.

Mr. Lewis was a comedy head-liner of plush saloons in the nation's largest cities and top resorts and worked close to the springs that nourished his pec-cadilloes. He was a superstar of show business without ever be-coming a nationally popular entertainer.

His business was low comedy for high pay and he worked chiefly in nightclubs and at gambling casinos. He parlayed his faults, of which he had a conspicuous set, into his fortune. He lost a lot of it along the way, though by no means all, by attempting to parlay his earn-ings into racetrack winnings.

He drank heavily, gambled heavily, smoked three to four packs of cigarettes a day, and scrupulously avoided exercise. He frequently drew on these extrav-agances for his comedy.

"Joe sick again?" an old friend said the other day. "He should have been dead years ago. He broke an awful lot of rules."

Before his fatal illness, the comedian had suffered the effects of diabetes, a stroke, ulcers, abdo-minal surgery and one nearly con-clusive attempt to murder him in a Chicago hotel room.

Delivery and Timing

His material, sometimes intrin-sically not very funny, leaned so heavily on his long-familiar struc-ture of personality, and on the Lewis delivery and timing, that in the mouth of another comedian it would have sounded pathetic.

"I'm working under a terrible handicap tonight. I have no talent," he sometimes told his audiences.

In a voice that sounded like two pieces of sandpaper being rubbed together, he would say: "I got a speech impediment. I just can't seem to say anything funny."

He liked to talk about his early days on the Lower East Side. "When we were kids," he said nostalgically, "we weren't juvenile delinquents; we were full-fledged criminals."

Mr. Lewis used a microphone in one hand and a tumbler of whisky in the other, and he would wander around the room talking and drinking.

"He'd come to your table and he'd pour himself a drink, or he'd put his empty glass down and take your drink," a fan said.

The act consisted of talking, using set material and plenty of ad libs, and singing silly or sa-tirical songs, one of which as-serted that "A race track is where the windows clean the people."

Though his humor might not seem raw by today's standards, his friend and companion, West-brook Pegler, wrote that "Joe made his reputation with the low-downest, dirtiest humor you ever heard."

He played the Copacabana, one of the top nightspots in New York, for 26 years in a row, usual-

AP.

Joe E. Lewis

ly coming in to start the new season in September.

His reputation was built on the fact that, in a business where trade can sometimes fall slack for dismayingly long intervals, he could pack them in year after year. That meant that the best places wanted him and were will-ing to pay him the best prices.

Began in Burlesque

The comedian began as a youth in burlesque and vaude-ville but made his breakthrough as a nightclub star in Chicago in the days of what he liked to call "the Great Drought," Prohibi-tion.

Mr. Lewis left the club that had given him his major break to take double the money in another club. The gangster who owned the first club warned him that the switch would prove fatal, but Mr. Lewis went ahead.

A short time later, three hood-lums entered his hotel room, beat him and slashed his face and tongue. Their victim lay nearer dead than alive for weeks.

Frank Sinatra played the come-dian's life story in a film based on his biography, "The Joker Is Wild."

That he spent most of his adult life in nightclubs was due in part to the fact that his ventures onto the stage and into films were not successful.

"In Hollywood, I made two pic-tures," he later jested. "One grossed $400, and the other was a flop."

He was born in New York, the son of a Russian immigrant. He dropped out of high school after two years, enlisted in the Marines at 15 but was found out and released. He got into third-rate burlesque in 1923 and stayed in show business almost to the end.

Senators' China Hearings

WASHINGTON, June 4 (AP).—The Senate Foreign Relations Committee will hold hearings later this month on a series of proposals dealing with U.S.-Chi-nese relations.

Death Squad Attacked by Brazil Clerics

Government Included In Bishops' Statement

By Leonard Greenwood

RIO DE JANEIRO, June 4.—Brazil's Roman Catholic bishops have launched a slashing attack on the country's "death squad" and indirectly on the Brazilian government for letting the police officers who take part in it go unpunished.

In a statement unprecedented in its severity and directness, the bishops accused the death squad of audacity, petulance and cowardice in the manner in which its members subvert justice. And, they added, "We express our amazement at the lamentable and scandalous impunity" of death squad members.

The bishops announced they had sent messages "of full solidarity" to the Federal Supreme Court which has turned down two applications for habeas corpus made by Deputy Police Chief Sergio Fernando Paranhos Fleury, the Sao Paulo police of-ficer who is charged with taking part in death squad murders. The bishops also said they had sent a telegram of support to Sao Paulo public prosecutor Helio Bereira Bicudo, the man who has accused Mr. Fleury and 15 other police officers of taking part in death squad activities.

The bishops, who have been meeting here for two days in national council, said the death squad was one of the main rea-sons for Brazil's bad image abroad. The death squad is a group of policemen acting out-side the law.

"Once again in unequivocal terms the hierarchy of the Catholic Church in Brazil de-nounces and condemns the ex-istence, the machinations and the activities of the death squad," the bishops said. "Once again we express our amazement at the lamentable and scandalous impunity of its agents."

Many death squad victims, said the bishops, possibly are crim-inals, but they are taken from the jails where they are awaiting trial and killed before the trial begins.

For several years the death squad has been operating in Sao Paulo, Rio de Janeiro and in the state of Rio de Janeiro, with all the impunity the bishops men-tion. Several times denunciations of the squad have been made and specific allegations lodged against individual police officers. But in the past Brazilian authorities have done virtually nothing to end the death squads' activities.

© Los Angeles Times

Gen. Kardamakis Dead at 71; Greek Power Corp. Head

ATHENS, June 4 (UPI).—Re-tired Gen. Vassilios Kardamakis, 71, governor of the free state-owned Public Power Corporation, died early today of a heart at-tack in Ulm, West Germany, the Greek government announced. He was in West Germany for a medical checkup.

Gen. Kardamakis, a veteran of Albanian front and Middle East military campaigns and the Greek guerrilla war in the late 1940s, was chief of general staff for four years between 1959 and 1963.

Although in retirement, he staunchly supported the military takeover of April 1967, and was soon appointed governor of the PPC, the country's electricity au-thority, organized by American advisers during the Marshall Plan years.

Mrs. Barbara Adler

NEW YORK, June 4 (NYT).—Mrs. Barbara Adler, 68, widow of Maj. Gen. Julius Ochs Adler, former vice-president and general manager of The New York Times, died yesterday at New York Hos-pital. She had suffered a cere-bral hemorrhage at her home on Wednesday. Gen. Adler died in 1955.

Throughout her life, Mrs. Adler was deeply interested in penol-ogy. She was vice-president of the Correctional Association of New York, which was successor to the Prison Association. She was also a board member of the National Probation and Parole Association, and she worked with the Social Service Bureau of the old Magistrates courts of the city.

In addition, she took an active interest in the Westfield State Farm, a reformatory for girls at Bedford Hills, N. Y. Gov. Herbert H. Lehman appointed her to the institution's board of visitors in 1935, and she was elected its president in 1941. Mrs. Adler also served on the board of the Child Study Association of Amer-ica.

Russians Breed Bison

MOSCOW, June 4 (AP).—The birth of an American bison, the first ever in a Soviet zoo, has oc-curred in the Ukrainian city of Khartov, Tass reports.

Another Mayor Takes His Life In Death of 13

CAEN, France, June 4 (AP). —Paul Leboucher, mayor of the Normandy village of Lan-des-sur-Ajon, was found hang-ed yesterday and beside his body was a note saying "I'm joining the mayor of Sallen," who took his life Monday after 13 persons died in a village hall cave-in. Landes-sur-Ajon is 25 kilometers from Sallen.

Mr. Leboucher, 43, a pros-perous farmer, left a wife and four daughters. He was ap-parently deeply affected by the suicide of Mayor René Auvray, 54, of Sallen. Mr. Auvray had given a wedding party permission to use the hall May 15. The floor col-lapsed and the guests were plunged into an abandoned well under the building.

Labor Talks Break Down In Stockholm

STOCKHOLM, June 4 (AP).—With both parties prepared for a major conflict involving 800,000 workers, the six-month-old talks between employers and unions finally broke down today.

A government-appointed medi-ation commission early this morning announced the collapse of negotiations between the pow-erful Swedish General Confeder-ation of Trade Unions (LO) and the Employers' Association (SAF).

LO tonight gave notice of a first action in an expected major conflict by recommending that member unions serve notice of a ban on all overtime from June 15.

Such a ban—if adopted—would lmediately affect the paper and pulp industry, where most of the maintenance work is done on overtime. Within a few days the industry would face production disturbances, and a total shut-down would follow in a matter of weeks.

The employers decided to wait until next week before announc-ing any countermeasures.

SAF leader Curt Steffan Gie-secke, however, said, "A major conflict could be the best way to keep costs down."

The employers rejected a me-diation commission proposal for 30.3 percent wage hikes and so-cial benefits over a three-year period. Earlier SAF had stated it was prepared to accept 21 percent.

Blacks Boycott Agnew

COLUMBIA, S.C., June 4 (AP). —The three black members of the South Carolina General As-sembly boycotted Vice-President Agnew's speech to the State Legis-lature yesterday. He limited his remarks mostly to explaining the domestic proposals of Presi-dent Nixon.

GIs to Be Able To Ship Cars to U.S. Free Again

WASHINGTON, June 4 (Reu-ters).—The Defense Department has rescinded a ten-year-old ban on free shipment to America of cars bought by servicemen over-seas, officials said today.

Under an order from Defense Secretary Melvin Laird, the ser-vicemen will be able to ship their cars free of charge from next year.

Free shipment was permitted until 1961, when it was stopped to help improve the balance of payments.

The Pentagon's decision follows that of the State Department which restored free shipment for its personnel last September.

The servicemen will be able to save up to $300 on larger cars bought in Europe.

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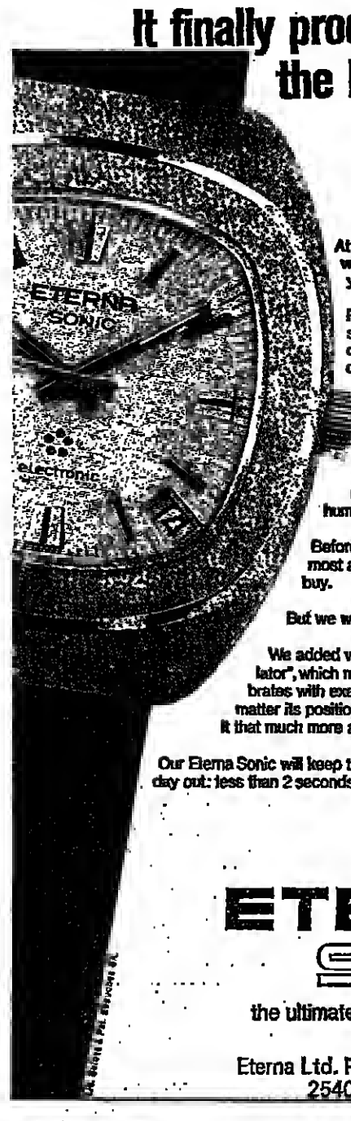

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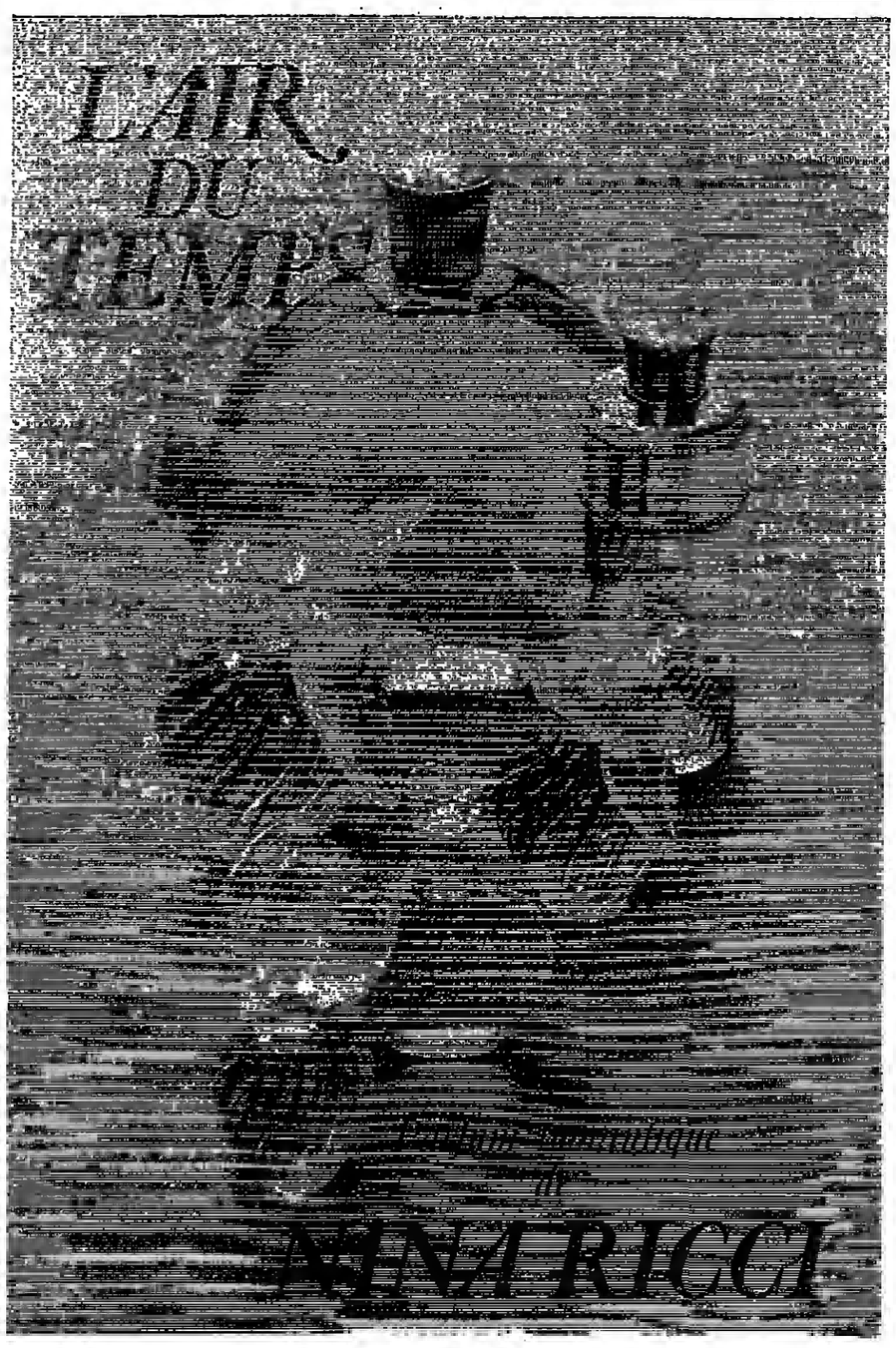

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Collector's Guide

BUY ANTIQUITIES IN FINLAND
Large private collection for sale. Furniture and China from Tzarist palaces, Scandinavian furniture, silver, glassware, old paintings. Contact before June 11: Mr. Airisto, Ylisrinne 1, Niittykumpu, Finland, or phone Helsinki 881140 after 6 p.m.

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LONDON THEATER

Harold Pinter's 'Old Times'

By John Walker

LONDON, June 4 (IHT).—"It is the business of the future to be dangerous," said A.N. Whitehead. It is also the purpose of the past in Harold Pinter's "Old Times," his first full-length play for six years, which has opened the Royal Shakespeare Company's new season at the Aldwych Theatre. It is a shortish piece, no more than 100 minutes long, that shows an advance, though probably not an improvement, in his writing.

Mr. Pinter is as accomplished and confident as ever, as precisely witty, and still does not waste a word or a silence. If he is, naturally, Pinteresque, it is in a different manner than before. He has moved up the social scale, observing a wealthier world, although inhabited by people who live bleak and arid lives on the edge of some abyss. But here, the pressures of fear and terror have weakened and the animal sexuality of "The Homecoming" repressed. There remains an air of mystery. "Old Times" is enigmatic and elusive.

It is a play for three people, two women and a man. But its form is a series of conversations between two of them—the husband and wife, the wife and her friend, the husband and the friend—while the third is excluded.

Deeley (Colin Blakely) and his wife Kate (Dorothy Tutin) sit in their obsessively neat home, where the chairs and the glasses on the table are arranged in strict rows, awaiting the arrival of Anna (Vivien Merchant), Kate's best and only friend who is visiting England from her villa in Sicily for the first time in 20 years.

As Deeley pumps Kate for information and she struggles to remember the past she once shared, the figure of Anna stands behind them in the dim light. Suddenly the light brightens and Anna joins them, in full flood of reminiscence. It emerges, gradually, that she and Kate had a very close, possibly lesbian relationship. While Deeley stands silently, the old pattern reasserts itself, and Anna and Kate slip back into their youthful mode of behavior. Anna becomes both protective and commanding towards Kate.

Then, as Kate slips back into her accustomed passivity, Deeley and Anna begin a conversation that becomes a struggle for possession—of Kate and of each other.

When the scene shifts to the bedroom they sing songs of the 1930s at each other. Deeley claims that he has met Anna before, that he bought her a drink in a pub and later sat opposite her at a party, looking up her skirt. In his memory, distinctions begin to blur and Kate and Anna become a composite person.

The play ends with a long speech by Kate, beautifully delivered, with exact pauses and emphases, by Dorothy Tutin. She remembers Anna. She remembers Anna as dead, lying in a clean bed with a dirty face. And, much later, she remembers Deeley lying in the same bed—and how she took some earth from the window box and smeared his face with dirt, too. To compound the mystery, in a final teasing moment, Anna lies on the bed as if dead, the lights slowly dim, then suddenly flare brightly and die again.

A summary cannot convey the subtleties of the play, of this exploration of life lived through the rear-view mirror, of people trying to construct something that has meaning for another out of the debris, the flotsam of the past.

At one point, Deeley tells Anna that when he was in Sicily, he probably caught a glimpse of her villa, as if that makes him closer to her, or gives him some hold over her. Both the protagonists try to force Kate to recall what they remember as happening in the past, so that they can relate to her.

Mr. Pinter does something new with language here. In his earlier plays, repetition of words and phrases used to be simply repetition, a mimicry of working-class speech patterns. In "Old Times" there is repetition that reflects an organic growth, the process of processing memories. When sentences are repeated, something has happened to them in the meantime—possibilities have solidified into fact, hints become certainties. It adds a richness of texture to the play.

The acting is perfect for the play, from Colin Blakely's undirected aggression, sudden baffled outbursts, to Vivien Merchant's cool sexuality—as ever, she enshrines the paradox that lies at the heart of Mr. Pinter's work. John Bury designed the two appropriate settings, and Peter Hall directed.

* * *

At the Open Air Theatre at Regent's Park, there is a pleasing production of "Romeo and Juliet," directed by Richard Digby Day, making full use of the massive set of a three-story Italian Renaissance house. It is stylized and mannered, with the action freezing when Romeo first sees Juliet and then continuing in slow motion, for all the world like a moment from a Ken Russell film. The acting is necessarily broad, for it has to compete with the occasional aircraft, and some pretty vigorous bird song.

The action appears to be set in 18th-century England, full of fops and dandies. Which gives Maureen Pryor the opportunity to present us with a bawdy, gap-toothed Irish nurse who could have staggered straight out of a Hogarth engraving. The lovers themselves, Hugh Ross and Marilyn Taylerson, are a bit insipid, but there is an intense Mercutio from Gregory Floy, and some muscular street brawls arranged by William Hobbs. Altogether, an enjoyable means of passing a warm summer evening.

* * *

Other new plays in London: "Slag," by David Hare, at the Royal Court. Lynn Redgrave, Anna Massey and Barbara Ferris in a revival of the play that won its author a "most promising playwright" award last year. Three schoolmistresses, alternatively tender and foul-mouthed, always confused, swear off men with unexpected results. One of them becomes pregnant.

"John Bull's Other Island," by George Bernard Shaw, at the Mermaid. Excellent revival of neglected but superb comedy. The subject is Ireland, and rarely has a 67-year-old play seemed so relevant.

"The Glass Menagerie," by Tennessee Williams, at the Greenwich Theatre. The bitter-sweet play of memory is somewhat softened in an otherwise enjoyable revival. Helen Cherry stars as the all-devouring mother, although here she seems to have bitten off a little more than she can chew.

Harold Pinter
...a new language.

N.Y. Movies

NEW YORK, June 4.—This is how critics for The New York Times rate the new films:

"The Holy Outlaw," a 59-minute film about Father Daniel Berrigan, directed by Don Lenzer and Lee Lockwood, is "a modest work on every level," reports Roger Greenspun. The film, which the co-directors made for television in 1970, consists of taped interviews, footage from wartime Hanoi, shots of the Catonsville draft-file burning, Father Berrigan's poems, and newsreel material dealing with his capture. It "pretends to no special insight, no developed explanations of a complex character," says Greenspun. As a documentary, it "has at least the virtues of its limitations."

"Cat O'Nine Tails," a whodunit directed by Dario Argento, who also wrote the screenplay, "hops sporadically," writes A.H. Weiler, but "any simple souls who expect large dollops of probability and authentic excitement are cautioned that they're in short supply." The story has to do with an over-inquisitive reporter (played by James Franciscus), and a blind crossword puzzle expert (Karl Malden), who attempt to solve four murders. According to Weiler, in this movie "only blindly abject devotees of the whodunit should discover catnip . . ." The Italian-made film is in English.

Around the European Galleries and Museums

Rome

Enea Ferrari, Works from 1934-1960, Tartaruga, Via P. Clotilde, Rome, to June 20.

After the Renaissance and its preoccupation with perspective, the Venetians and then the impressionists thought of the picture plane alone. Ferrari, 65 and a living master, is even nearer to the eye, handling the very surface and texture of the picture and letting it speak for itself. In the '30s his swirled and patted stucco (the whites are now mellowed yellow) were like reliefs of clouds or rose petals. Later, round objects, curtain rings, ping-pong balls and drawer handles, or long strips made of husks of corn were gravely arranged in beautiful patterns and coated with white paint to become thought out and balanced abstractions. Over the years the touch has become lighter and freer; recently thick gesso has been quickly stroked and combed into a few loose, sparkling designs of white within white.

Ferrari, who has never moved from his native Soncino, a town between Milan and Cremona, is amusingly considered a primitive by those who believe that a sophisticated artist must be in the midst of the machinations of the art world. Ferrari has made his own discoveries: He is a true formalist. That Yves Klein and Piero Manzoni have been his students is interesting, but his use of common objects is in quite a different spirit from theirs. Without a trace of anecdote, pun or paradox, he employs the objects for their purity and beauty of shape alone. The earlier pieces have a Medardo Rosso sculptural air about them, and some a whiff of the '20s, of the ivory-colored nostalgic whirls and garlands adorning the cafés and homes of the period. But all of his work, always without color, is full of versatility and invention within its set scope. The ordinary simple frames chosen by the artist are so much part of them that one suspects he made them. That is why the aluminum-lined plastic boxes some collectors enshrine them in are shocking, throwing their meaning out of kilter and making them appear as mere modish show pieces.

* * *

Santoro, Arte Contemporanea, 525 Via del Corso, Rome, to June 15.

Santoro's stainless steel and iron sculptures are named after Greek heroes but are sleekly modern. The conception of the classic stance and gesture is translated into movement: Wide bands run parallel or diverge, dividing space in clean cuts, forward or upward thrusts or shining circular twists and swings. The bigger they are the better (5 or 6 meters tall or long) and the action is spare and to the point. They must be imagined in public, in parks, gardens and in front of well designed facades, anywhere outdoors where, as gleaming symbols, they would define and enhance their surroundings.

—EDITH SCHLOSS.

Paris

Klee, Galerie Berggruen, 70 Rue de l'Université, Paris (7e), through July.

A handsome selection of 65 works done by Paul Klee during the '20s, most of them on loan from private collections. Watercolors, oils, drawings, engravings, gouaches, lithographs and monotypes.

* * *

Stein, Charlet, Galerie de l'Université, 52 Rue de Bassano, Paris (8e), to June 15 (Stein) and June 30 (Charlet).

Anne-Marie Stein is a young painter of Hungarian extraction, whose abstract canvases have an unusual quality about them, a sense of nuance in luminosity, transparency and color, an articulate discretion and something one might call a poetic presence. By this I mean that her best paintings achieve an organic coherence, a form of expressive intimacy that can be very pleasing. The language is her own too, neither imitative nor slick. A young and promising art. (Exhibition on 2d floor—first floor, if you count the French way.)

José Cherlet's exhibition is on the ground floor and includes some sculptures and mostly drawings, generally of the human body, in which the sculptor's vision is very much apparent in forceful distortion and muscular relief.

* * *

Rouault Lithographs, Galerie des Peintres Graveurs, 159 bis Boulevard du Montparnasse, Paris (6e), to June 30.

Timed to coincide with the large exhibition devoted to Rouault at the National Museum of Modern Art, this exhibition presents his considerable lithographic work.

* * *

Miró, Clavé, Vision Nouvelle, 6 Place des Etats-Unis, Paris (16e), through July.

Nearly 60 lithographs and engravings by Miró, mostly recent works and all in the typical, somewhat impertinent style with which one is familiar. Clavé's work (lithographs, engravings and a mixture of both) is pleasant to look at, technically inventive and tends toward a vacuous aestheticism.

* * *

Schwartzenberg, Galerie Antoinette, 7 Rue Jacob, Paris (6e), to July 14.

This gallery devoted to naif art is inaugurating its new premises with an exhibition of paintings by Romanian-born artist Simon Schwartzenberg. His colors are pale and cheerful and his style is childlike. Subjects range all over the globe with views of London, New York, Moscow, Jerusalem, etc.

—MICHAEL GIBSON.

London

John Shelley, The Trafford Gallery, 119 Mount Street, London W.1, to June 8.

Shelley, as well as being a two-prize painter when still a student at the Slade School, is also a jazz trombonist. These strange, beautiful, and quintessentially English village landscapes are a species of spiritual hybrid—half pre-Raphaelite detailed technique and half jazz development and redevelopment of a theme. The theme is always the same—English rural, and green, green, green.

* * *

Robert Indiana, DM Gallery, 72 Fulham Road, London S.W.3, to June 30.

Under the title "Decade," ten of Robert Indiana's major themes from 1960 to 1970 are presented as a portfolio of silkscreen prints. He is an extremely inventive artist, making great use of lettering in his graphics, and, in all but the black and white "Black and White Love," using the [...] as his basic shape. The [...] successful, in my view, a[...] eight-circled celebration [...] American Indians, "The [...] inet"; "Brooklyn Bridge," [...] position in tones of blue [...] circles within a square; "Parrot," expressing its [...] Archimedean Greek.

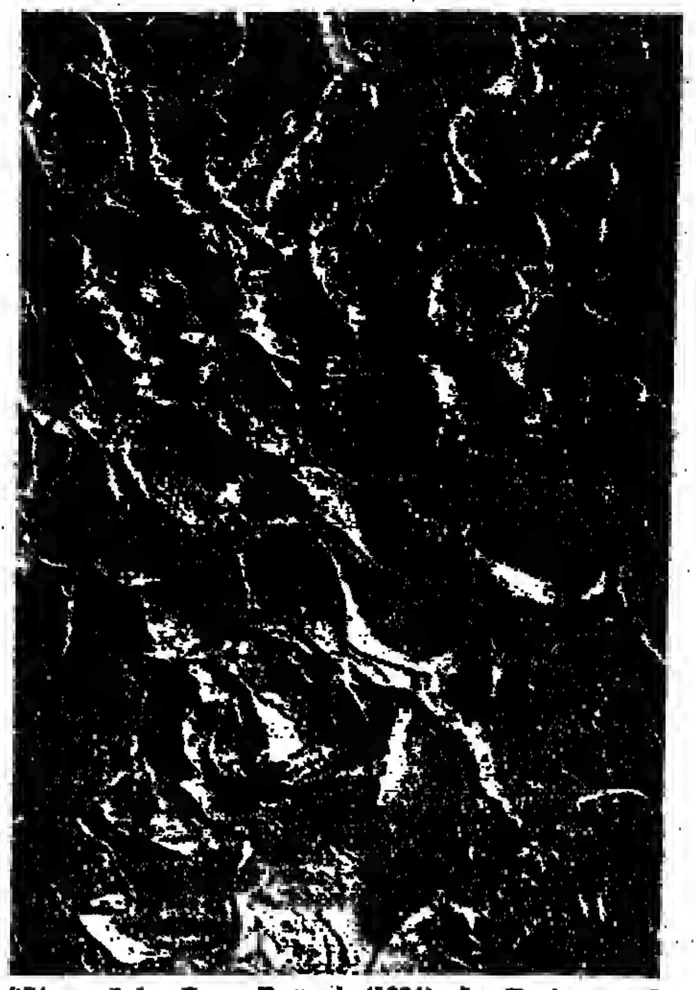
* * *

Arnold Böcklin/Ferdinand [...] The Hayward Gallery, [...] Bank, London S.E.1, to J[...]

The Arts Council and Pr[...] vetia of Switzerland have arranged two exhibitions [...] watercolors and drawings [...] Swiss artists Arnold [...] (1827-1901) and Ferdinand [...]ler (1853-1918). Böcklin, [...] weird Gothic romantic in[...]tion appealed both to the [...] De Chirico and the youn[g] [Sal]vador Dali, is most famo[us for] his self-styled "picture for [dream]ing about"—"The Island [of the] Dead." This is a still-sea [...] Böcklin was most famous [...] portrayal of rough seas [...] on rocks, usually to spra[wl] half-naked nymph or sea [...] produce a weird kind of d[...] eroticism.

Hodler had three distin[ct] of work—figurative lan[dscapes] incorporating mountains [...] traits, early in his career [...] family and friends, later, [...] mistress and companion, [...] Darel; and large, and, [...] view, dismal allegories a[nd his]torical pieces—the most [...] being "Night" (inscribed [...] than one who quietly l[ies] down in the evening will n[...] the morning after") and [...] Retreat from Marignano" [...] cident in a battle of 151[5].

—MAX WYKES-JO[YCE].



"Stucco," by Enea Ferrari (1934), La Tartaruga, [...]

CHURCH SERVICES

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Dr. Edwin H. Tuller preaching.
E. J. Peedleton, organist.
(International & Interdenominational)

FRANCE—NICE
AMERICAN CHURCH OF THE RIVIERA, 21 Bld. Victor-Hugo, Sunday 8:30 & 10:30 a.m. Canon F. A. McDonald.

BELGIUM—BRUSSELS
INTERNATIONAL BAPTIST CHURCH, Brussels, 8 Rue Charles-Bernaerts. Sunday School 9:45 a.m. Church 11 a.m. and 6:30 p.m.

AUSTRIA-VIENNA
INTERNATIONAL BAPTIST CHAPEL of VIENNA
SS 9:45 a.m. Morning Worship, 11:00 a.m. 19 Vienna, Gatterburgg. 2 a ("Haus der Begegnung") Austria. Tel.: 32 11 03.

VIENNA COMMUNITY CHURCH, 1st. Dist., Dorotheergasse 16. Sun. 11:30. Rev. James S. Griffes, Tel.: 4749704.

ENGLAND—LONDON
The American Church in London
13 North Audley St., W.1.
Worship Services 11 a.m.
Church School, 9:45 a.m.
Rev. W. M. Schotanus D.D.
International & Interdominational

GERMANY—FRANKFURT
ST. MARY'S R.C. Masses in Oberursel Sat. 5 p.m. Sun. 11 a.m. Cat. 10 a.m in Frankfurt Dom. 12:30 p.m. Fr Beck An der Heide 33, Oberursel Ph 52547

GERMANY—MUNICH
The English-Language Baptist Church of Munich on Holzstr. 9 has S.S at 11:45 and Worship 12:45, Inform.: Tel.: 638534. Pastor R. W Terry.

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AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALES IN VERSAILLES (France)
FLORALIES AUCTION SALES — 5 Rue Rameau, Versailles.
1o Wednesday, June 9, at 9 p.m
170 IMPORTANT MODERN PAINTINGS
Particularly by Bonnard, Boudin, Camoin, Courbet, Cousturier, Cross, Derain, Dominguez, Van Dongen, Dufy, Forain, Foujita, Gleizes, Guillaumin, Kisling, Laprade, Laurencin, Laurens, Lebourg, Loiseau, Luce, Manguin, Marquet, Henri Martin, Metzinger, Montezin, Gustava Moreau, Petitjean, da Pisis, Raffaelli, Renoir, Rodin, Van Rysselberghe Torres Garcia, Utrillo, Valtat, 5 paintings by Vlaminck.
Portraits of Toulouse-Lautrec and "La Goulue."
2o Thursday, June 10, at 9 p.m.
XIIIth to XVIIth CENTURY HAUTE EPOQUE
CARVED WOOD - ARMS - MORTARS - FURNITURE
XVIht and XVIIth CENTURY TAPESTRIES
Public viewing: June 4-5-6-7 and 8, from 9 a.m to 12 and 2 to 6 p.m.
3o Wednesday, June 16, at 9 p.m.
IMPORTANT XVIth, XVIIth and XVIIIth CENTURY OLD PAINTINGS
BEAUTIFUL XVIIIth and XIXth CENTURY BOOKBINDINGS - NAPOLEON'S AUTOGRAPHS - HISTORICAL MEMORABILIA - MARBLE by GIRARDON
VERY BEAUTIFUL JEWELS: Bracelets, Brooches, Diamonds, Solitaires
LOUIS XV & LOUIS XVI CHAIRS and FURNITURE
Public viewing: June 12-13-14 and 15, from 9 a.m. to 12 and from 2 to 6 p.m.
Maître Georges BLACHE, 5 Rue Rameau, VERSAILLES. (950 55.06-951.22.95)

Marie Laurencin: "Woman with dog."

Mes ADER & PICARD
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AUCTION SALES IN PARIS—HOTEL DROUOT
Wednesday, June 9, and Thursday, June 10, 2:30 p.m.
OLD MASTER & MODERN PAINTINGS AND DRAWINGS
mainly pertaining to Paris
from the D. DAVID-WEILL COLLECTION
Tuesday, June 15, at 9 p.m.
CONTEMPORARY ART
PAINTINGS, COLLAGES, CERAMICS, SCULPTURE, TAPESTRIES
Works by Atlan, Dali, Dufresne, Julien, Lanskoy, Lurçat, Miro, Picart le Doux, Picasso, Villon, Zadkine, etc.
Wednesday, June 16, 2:30 p.m.
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2o Thursday, June 10, at 3 p.m.
PALAIS GALLIERA
Watercolors by SIGNAC, VLAMINCK
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SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1971, at 2 p.m.
FOUR HUNDRED PAINTINGS
OLD, ROMANTIC AND MODERN
By, or attributed to: J. T. Abels, L. Arton, A. Bastien, N. Berchem, G. Berckheyde, B. Breenbergh, J. Croone, P. de Bloot, B. de Braeckeleer, L. de Caulery, F. de Huist, G. de la Tranche, J. de Momper, L. de Smet, L. de Vadder, A. Diepraam, G. Dou, A. Everdingen, A. Eversen, F. Floris, J. P. Herring, J. Huber, H. Lers, J. Moes, A. Maure, P. Naefs, J. Marieschi, E. L. Meadows, M. Miereveldt, P. Monamy, G. W. Opdenhoff, E. Oudendijck, P. Kolfmen, A. Saverijs, G. Schalcken, F. J. Schotel, D. Sherrin, P. Rooyers, C. Swanenburgh, D. Teniers, J. Van Slomen, D. van der Lisse, A. F. Van der Meulen, A. van der Neer, J. Van Huisdoock, J. Van Kessel, A. Van Utrecht, D. Verhaert, P. Verheyden, G. Vogels, W. Watson, T. Whittle, J. Wijnants, as well as various prominent Belgian, Flemish, French, Dutch, Spanish and Italian schools of the XVIth, XVIIth, XVIIIth and XIX centuries.
PUBLIC VIEWINGS: Sunday, June 6, Monday 7 and Tuesday 8, from 10 to 12 a.m. and from 2 to 6:30 p.m. Extension for the paintings: Wednesday, June 9 and Thursday 10, from 2 to 7 p.m.
Illustrated catalogue sent upon request or available at the exhibition. For information call: Tel.: 02-13.57.19

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THE ART MARKET

Unique Collaboration, Rich Collection

By Souren Melikian

PARIS, June 4 (IHT).—Few dealers have had the privilege of organizing a sale consisting of the finest pieces they have ever en or sold. This is what expert Jacques Helft, 80, did today at the lais Galliéra as he assisted Etienne Ader in disposing of the ique collection of French silver formed by the late David David-ell.

For without Mr. Helft the David-Weill collection would doubtless ve been quite different. Mr. David-Weill was a very rich man, od of collecting in virtually all fields (IHT, May 29-30). But rangely enough, he was rather unsure of his own taste. A serious-nded businessman, he turned, as a matter of course, to experts r advice.

For silver, he turned to Jacques Helft, buying his first piece, a aker, in 1909. And, for 50 years, his faith never flagged in r. Helft's judgment. In his will, Mr. David-Weill specified that, case his silver should ever be sold at auction, his old friend ques Helft was to be the expert were he still alive.

About 80 percent of the 107 lots in the Galliéra sale were quired by the collector on Mr. Helft's advice. His faith was well ced: During this century, Mr. Helft has become France's, and e possibly Europe's, leading expert in French silver.

Author

Indeed, Mr. Helft did far more than become an expert; he id the foundations for scientific study of French provincial er—a field that had been terra incognita before he became rested in it. When the first exhibition devoted to French ver was held at the Louvre in 1926, only Paris silver was more less properly catalogued. No one knew anything about the hundreds hallmarks that were assumed to be provincial. Mr. Helft made up mind to go into the matter thoroughly and began taking notes d photographs of all the significant pieces that came his way. e outcome was a monumental dictionary, "Le Poinçon des Pro-nces Françaises" (French Provincial Hallmarks), published in 1967. his is *the* reference work used the world over by curators and alers alike.

Such is the story behind today's auction of the finest collection f classical French silver to be sold since 1945.

Jacques Helft has exacting standards of appreciation. He says at some of the pieces that were sold are truly magnificent while thers are of a more "common" type. That of course depends on hat one means by "common."

Pre-19th-century French silver is rare—15 to 20 times rarer than nglish silver, as Mr. Helft *himself* assured me.

The reasons are many. First, there is the stormy political past f France. As a result of Louis XIV's incessant wars, most of he royal plate had to be melted down—a process followed by the nobility. And, again, during the Napoleonic era, the ruined nobility had its silver melted down.

Another disastrous factor was the tendency to revamp interior decoration and the objets d'art that went with it. For example, in the early 18th century, Nicolas Besnier was commissioned to melt down old "matter" (matière) in order to recast it in the shape of more fashionable objects.

As a result, the simpler pieces are almost as rare as the highly sophisticated ones. In terms of modern standards of beauty, they often surpass the latter. Some of the masterpieces in the sale belong to that "simple" category—for example a chamberstick (a candlestick with a pan-handle) by Jean Baptiste Micuelf.

Glamour

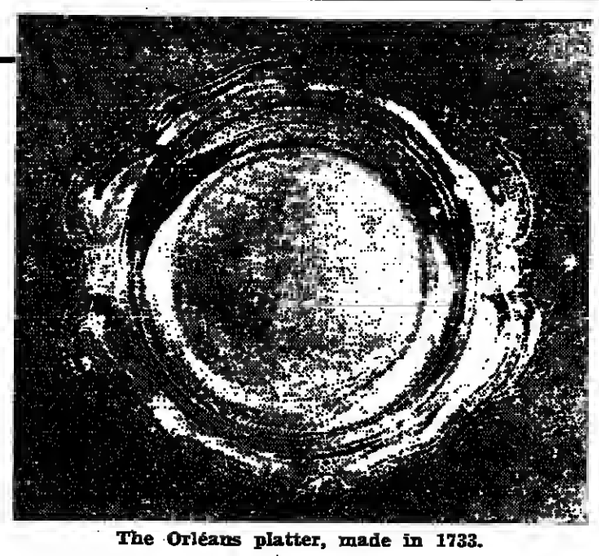
The more elaborate pieces were those that gave the sale so much glamour. A few had unusual stories attached to them. A gold sugar bowl made in 1750, probably by Louis Picasse, was part of the collection of the Museum für Kunst und Gewerbe in Berlin until 1926. Mr. Helft made a trip to Berlin especially to see this piece and found to his amazement that it was not on view. As Mr. Helft tells it, he went to the assistant curator, the famous Friedländer (author of the standard book on early painting in the Netherlands), who told him that the bowl had been relegated to the reserves as a fake. Even more astounded, Mr. Helft asked whether the museum wouldn't agree to sell it—and bought it, although he insisted on buying it with a certificate stating that he, Jacques Helft, bought it as "old."

A few days later back in Paris, he says that he received a letter from the general adviser to the Berlin Museum of Fine Art, a certain Mr. Rosenberg, who had resigned because of the sale which had been carried out in his absence. Mr. Rosenberg, however, sportingly congratulated Mr. Helft on his purchase. Still later, Mr. Helft ran across S.W.H.., a prominent London dealer who, at last, explained why Mr. Friedländer had so easily agreed to sell the piece. Mr. H... had convinced him that it was a fake—without telling anyone else, which was a stroke of genius—in the hope of eventually buying the piece. Thus, Mr. H... had paved the way for the unsuspecting Jacques Helft.

Orléans Platter

Another fascinating piece in the sale was a platter (Lot 22), made by Thomas Germain in 1733 for the regent's son. From 1733 on, the platter remained in the Orléans family. Louis-Philippe, while still the Duc d'Orléans, had his coat of arms added to it. And when the family left France after the 1848 revolution, the Duchesse de Vendôme, née Saxe-Cobourg and a sister of the king of Belgium, took it to Brussels. Albert I sold it to Mr. Helft after the turn of the century, together with another 30 or 40 pieces.

What makes the platter so interesting, apart from its beauty and historical glamour, is that there are documents bearing witness



The Orléans platter, made in 1733.

to the admiration it attracted in the 18th century. Mr. Helft found two still-lifes by the French painter François Desportes in which the object is used as the focal point of the composition.

For this piece, and a few others, the sky was the limit. Here are a few prices. It is useless to discuss them in terms of current market trends; such pieces are virtually never auctioned.

A gold snuffbox in polychrome enamel made by Paul Robert in 1747 rose to 232,600 francs, which was less, however, than the expert's estimate. Another snuffbox (Lot 63) was the only gold piece known to bear the hallmark of J.-A. Meissonier, the famous Turin-born "ornemaniste" (an 18th-century French word exactly conveying the modern idea of "designer"), who played a major part in the creation of the rococo style of the Louis XV period. This fetched 826,260 francs, the current world record for a piece of French gold or silver of such small dimensions. And Lot 64, the sugar bowl by Picasse, sold for 452,260 francs.

* * *

An interesting sale of avant-garde painting is to be held by Jean-Claude Binoche Tuesday at 8 p.m. in the Hôtel Drouot. It will include, among others, pictures by Samuel Buri, Lucio Del Pezzo, Cesar, Christo, Pradalie and a fine pastel by Yves Lévêque. This is essentially a selection of the European brand of pop art, with the exception of work by Lévêque, whose paintings fall somewhere between abstract and figurative art. A similar sale held in December, 1970, proved a great success. Jean-Claude Binoche and his collaborator, Marie-Claude Tubiana, who has been very active in the contemporary art field for the past two years, feel that there is a considerable future in the salesroom for a certain type of contemporary art. They point out that the younger generation, often shy of entering art galleries, feels completely free at auction sales.

Opera in England

Stellar Listening, Switching In 'The Barber of Seville'

By Henry Pleasants

LONDON, June 4 (IHT).—There were lines at the box-office for last night's performance of "The Barber of Seville" at the Royal Opera, not for the purchase of tickets, but for collection of a rebate warranted by the continued indisposition of Marilyn Horne.

The American soprano, whose Rosina was one of the jewels of the recent Met season in New York, was taken ill shortly before the first performance of this Covent Garden revival a week ago. Her first replacement was another American, Texas-born Patricia Wise, of the City Center Opera, who took advantage of the opportunity and enjoyed a remarkable success. In general agreement with other critics, Felix Aprahamian, in the Sunday Times, described her as "a real star, a true coloratura soprano with vocal agility and musicianship as well as immense charm."

But Miss Wise was available for only two performances; and so, last night, we had another Covent Garden debutante, the French mezzo-soprano Jane Berbié, borrowed from Glyndebourne, where she is the Despina of this season's "Cosi Fan Tutte." She, too, was delightful, except in the odd moments when she bore down too heavily on a voice that reacts unkindly to pressure, or interpolated high notes unwarranted either by the score or her own vocal endowment.

The star of this admirable production, however, is Sir Geraint Evans as Dr. Bartolo, surpassing, if possible, the histrionic and vocal mastery of his recent Don Alfonso in Covent Garden's "Cosi Fan Tutte." If there were any justice in this world the entire audience, following his virtuoso performance of the rarely sung "Un dottore della mia sorte," would have marched back to the box offices and returned their rebates. This was a great artist at work—and at his best.

Sesto Bruscantini's Figaro was not far behind, a lively, fluent barber cast more in the buffo mold than we are accustomed to in Figaros nowadays. The approach happpens to be historically correct, the part having been conceived originally as a buffo role. Bruscantini, whose finest achievements have included both Don Alfonso and Don Pasquale, sings it as to the manner born, and with an Italian enunciation that other singers would do well to accept as a model.

To say of another newcomer to the cast, Forbes Robinson, the Basilio, that he overplayed the part would be the understatement of the year. David Atherton's conducting was at once affectionate, authoritative and elegant. Further performances, with Miss Berbié continuing as Rosina, will be given June 8, 11, 19 and 24.

Hirshhorn Art—Double Value

WASHINGTON, June 4 (AP).—The U.S. Congress has been told that expert appraisals indicate the value of the Joseph H. Hirshhorn art collection has doubled to about $50 million since he offered it to the American people five years ago.

The estimate was furnished by the Smithsonian Institution in the course of an inquiry by a House appropriations subcommittee into all aspects of the Joseph H. Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden now being constructed here.

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May 25 to July 15

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174 Rue du Faubourg Saint-Honoré, VIIIe. — 225-34-29
MUHL
Vernissage Tuesday, June 8, from 5 to 8 p.m.

GALERIE LA BELLE GABRIELLE
BOSCO
3 Rue Norvins — Until June 30

Darthea Speyer
6 Rue Jacques-Callot, Paris-VIe. 0327841
GEORGE SEGAL

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5 Faubourg Saint-Honoré, Paris-8e — 265-26-66
PALMEIRO
Scenes of Venice and elsewhere
Until June 19

GALERIE KATIA GRANOFF
Place Beauvau — PARIS-8e
DERBRE
"Sculptures"
Until June 27

Gal. CLAUDE BERNARD, 5 & 7 r. des Beaux-Arts
RAYMOND MASON
"Départ des légumes et des fruits du Coeur de Paris"
From June 1

la palette bleue
30 Rue de Seine, Paris (6e).
J. CUSENIER
Until June 15

NANCY
CLUB DES ARTS, 2 Rue Stanislas, NANCY
HUGUETTE FISCHER
June 5 to 25

PARIS PARIS

GALERIE LA LITHOGRAPHIE
31 Avenue Matignon, 8e - 339-16-26
TERECHKOVITCH
"Exhibition of the Lithograph Album"
"Le Coeur en Fête"
Extended until June 12

12 POLISH PAINTERS
Exhibition under the patronage of His Excellency the Ambassador to the Popular Republic of Poland Mr. TADEUSZ OLECHOWSKI.
GALERIE LAURENS
34 Ave. Matignon, 8e, 225-47-60. Until June 20.

L'ORANGERIE - 46, r.de Sevres - VILLE D'AVRAY
JARO HILBERT
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PARIS
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Until June 19

Galerie ART DU MONDE
23, rue Jacob 6e - 326.29.17
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MEXIQUE - NEW-ORLÉANS - JAPON
du 8 Juin au 8 Juillet

KNOEDLER
85 bis Fbg. St-Honoré.
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DERAIN
Until July 10

GALERIE 9
9 Rue des Beaux-Arts - 633-66-59
MACRÉAU
Until July 3

Sculptur's Galerie
206, bld St Germain-544.17.55
25 CONTEMPORARY SCULPTORS.

3 SOVIET SCULPTORS
A.S. GOLOUBNKINA
U.I. MOUKHINA
S.D. LEBEDEVA
MUSEE RODIN
77 R. de Varenne (7e)-551.01.34
Until June 14

Andrée Macé
6 Rue du Fouarre-8e — 326-31-74
MANDEVILLE
Recent Paintings-Until June 30

Galerie Yves Jaubert
75 Fbg. St-Honoré—ELY.27-20
R. L. DUFOUR
Until June 19

CARDO MATIGNON - 32, av. Matignon
D'ANTY
Open Sunday pm & Wed. till 10 pm

CALERIE PIERRE DOMEC
33 Rue Saint-Placide, 6e - 548-34-07
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A suite of etchings and some related bronzes.
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New York Stock Exchange Trading

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div.	In $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Chge
13¼	13¼	AbacusF	.50g	41	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	
85⅝	68¼	AbbtLb	1.10	220	71½	71⅝	70⅜	71½	
60	45¼	ACF	Ind 2.40	4	56¼	55⅝	56¼	56⅝	— ⅛
17½	13¼	AcmeCley	.60	10	14⅜	14¼	14⅜	14½	+ ⅛
55	42½	Acme Mkt	2b	24	52⅝	53½	52⅝	53½	+1
14⅜	13¼	AdmsEx	.66g	26	13⅝	13¾	13½	13½	⅛
19⅝	13⅝	Ad Millis	.20	31	14¼	14⅞	14¼	14¼	— ⅛
49¼	23⅜	Addrgs	.45g	371	46⅝	48	45⅞	47⅜	+ ⅝
28⅝	8	Admiral		127	20½	20½	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅜
42½	45⅜	AdmnLie	1.60	200	57	57⅜	56⅝	57¼	
12¼	8⅝	Aguirre	Co	371	10¼	10⅝	10	10⅜	+ ⅛
52⅝	40	Ailsen	Inc	37	47	47½	45⅝	47¼	+ ½
57⅝	44⅞	Air Prod	.20b	93	54½	55¼	54½	55	+ ⅝
20½	20⅜	AirRed	.40g	210	24⅜	25⅝	24⅜	24⅝	+ ⅛
5⅝	3⅝	AJ Industries		35	4	4	3⅝	3⅝	—
46⅝	34¼	Alcoma	1a	154	43½	43½	43	43⅝	
17⅞	16	Ala Gas	1.10	3	16⅝	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	
29⅛	19¾	Alaska	Inters	44	22½	22¾	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
46	38¼	AlbertoC	.32	127	39	39¼	38¾	39	
15¼	11¼	Albertsns	.36	27	11⅞	12	11⅞	12	+ ⅛
24⅝	21⅜	Alcan Alum	1	196	23½	23¾	23¾	23⅝	
24¼	17½	AlcoStand	.32	29	20⅛	23⅜	20¼	20¼	+ ⅛
31	22¾	Alexndrs	.20r	154	30½	31¾	30⅛	31⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	12½	AllAmLf	.24g	6	15	15	15	15	+ ⅛
18⅞	11¼	Alleg Cp	.10g	16	15	15	14¾	14¾	— ⅛
35¼	26	AllegLud	1.40	25	26⅞	26¾	26¾	26¾	+ ⅛
45¼	32½	AllegPwr	1.80	1	39⅜	39¼	39¼	39¼	+ ⅛
25¼	19½	AllegPw	1.36	191	20½	20⅝	20	20¼	— ⅛
34½	23¾	Allied Ch	1.20	144	32⅛	32½	31⅜	31¾	— ⅜
36¼	26¼	Allid Matn	.40	9	35	35⅜	35	35¼	+ ⅛
28⅞	32	AlldMill	.75b	6	35	25½	25	25½	+ ⅛
21⅜	16	Allied Pd	.68	50	19⅝	19⅝	18⅝	19	— ⅛
37½	26¾	AlliedStr	1.40	98	35⅝	35⅞	35⅛	35½	— ⅛
60	52	AlliedStr	pf 4	2300	55¼	55½	55	55	— ⅜
10	6½	Allied Supr		50	7⅞	8	7¾	7¾	
19⅜	15½	Alld Ch	.10g	89	16½	16⅜	16¼	16⅜	— ⅛
27½	20½	AllrightAut	.60	8	25½	25½	25½	25¼	
19¼	15	Alpha P	Cem	1	18⅛	18¼	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
70	56¼	Alcoa	1.80	292	66½	66½	65½	65⅞	—1
31½	25⅜	AmalSug	1.60	3	31	31	30¾	30¾	— ⅛
76¼	11½	AMBAC	.60	36	15	15¼	14⅞	15	+ ⅛
25¾	21⅜	Amar Es	1.20	5	24	24¼	24	24⅛	+ ⅛
44¾	39¼	Am Es	pf2.60	2	41½	41½	41½	41½	+ ½
68⅝	43¼	AmHess	.15d	157	60	68⅛	67¾	68	+1
150½	95¼	AmeH	pf3.50	128	148½	149¾	148½	149½	+2⅛
71⅜	53½	AAirFltr	.00	16	70	70	69½	69⅞	+ ⅛
37⅜	27¾	Am Airlin	.80	111	33⅜	34	33⅜	33⅝	— ⅛
25	16	ABaker	.10g	37	24¼	24½	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅜
49¼	32⅝	A Brnds	2.20	104	42⅞	43¼	42⅝	43	+ ⅛
48	35	AmBdCst	1.20	175	46⅜	46½	46⅛	46⅛	— ⅛
45⅞	37¼	Am Can	2.20	83	39¾	40	39¾	39⅝	— ⅛
29½	25¼	A Can	pf1.75	10	25½	25⅝	25½	25⅝	— ⅛
10⅜	7½	Am Cement		19	8½	8½	8¼	8¼	— ⅛
30⅜	25⅛	A Chain	1.40	6	27	27	27	27	+ ⅛
26½	21⅜	ACrySug	1.40	7	26½	26½	26¼	26¼	
37⅜	32	ACyanid	1.25	148	36⅛	36⅝	36⅛	36⅛	
23¾	17½	Am Distill	1	1	19⅝	19⅝	19¼	19¼	— ⅛
48⅛	28¾	ADistTel	.20g	93	48¼	48¾	48⅛	48⅛	
10⅝	7⅜	Am DualVest		15	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	
14⅜	13	ADuVP	pf.8.4a	16	13½	13½	13¼	13½	— ⅛
32¾	27½	AmElPw	1.70	545	27⅞	28	27⅝	27⅞	— ⅛
14⅜	8	Am Exp	Ind	193	8⅞	9	8½	8⅝	— ⅛
62	27½	Am Exp	pf	2300	50	51	49½	51	+2
22	24⅜	AGnBdF	.97g	16	25⅞	26	25⅞	25⅞	
24	16	A Genins	.50	167	23⅜	23⅜	23¼	23½	— ⅛
34½	27⅜	A Gnln	pf1.80	16	33⅜	33⅜	33¼	33¾	+ ⅛
14½	8⅞	Am Hotel	.40	26	12¾	12⅝	12⅜	12⅝	
79⅝	70	A Home	1.70	249	77	77⅝	76⅜	77½	+1⅛
118⅜	104¾	Home pf	2	2	114½	114½	114½	114½	—1½
38⅜	30⅜	Am Hosp	.26	226	32¼	32¼	32	32⅛	+ ⅛
19⅝	12	AmInvst	.25g	56	18	18¼	17¾	18	
38	23⅝	ga medical	.12	103	33	33½	32	32⅛	— ⅜
37¾	32	A MllClx	1.40	346	36¼	36⅝	35⅞	36	— ⅛
106⅞	89½	A MllClx	pf 4	3	106⅝	106⅝	106	106	— ⅛
9	5⅜	Am Motors		218	6⅜	6½	6¼	6⅜	— ⅛
42½	36	ANaIGas	2.20	79	39¾	39⅞	39¾	39½	
46¼	41½	A ResDv	.04g	77	43⅞	44¼	43½	43⅝	— ⅜
20¾	16¾	Am Sea	.72	11	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
35	25⅜	Am Ship	.60b	26	31	31¾	30¾	31⅛	+ ⅛
28¾	25	A Smelt	1.90	192	26⅝	26⅝	26½	26½	— ⅛
53⅜	41¾	AmSoAfr	.72	40	45	45⅝	45	45½	+1
		AmSAfr	fn.70	1	44	44	44	44	
22¼	23¼	Am Stand	.40	234	24⅞	25¼	24⅝	25	— ⅛
91	78¾	A Std	pf4.75	7	80½	81	80½	81	+ ¾
27¾	22½	Am Sterll	.48	59	23⅜	23⅝	23⅜	23⅝	
12¾	8¼	AT&T	wi	972	8½	9	8½	9	+ ⅛
53⅜	44	Am T&T	2.60	1574	44⅜	44⅝	44¼	44⅜	— ⅛
23-64	21-64	AmT&T	rt wi						
				27767	11-32		3⅛	11-32	11-32	11-32	—1-64
56⅝	56⅜	Am TT	pf wi	667	56⅝	57⅜	56⅝	57	+ ⅛
17	13	AWatWk	.60	7	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	+
18	15½	AW	pref 1.25	2450	16½	16½	16	16	—1
24½	20¾	AW	4.1pf 1.43	z100	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	+ ⅞
10⅜	5	Am Zinc		9	5	5	5⅛	5	+ ⅛
23	17⅜	Ameron	.60	10	19	19	18⅞	19	+ ⅛
18½	14⅜	Ametek	.66a	16	15¾	15⅝	15¾	15¾	— ⅛
39¼	27⅞	AMP Inc	.90	120	28½	29	28½	28⅞	+ ⅜
54⅝	38¾	Amlac	.90	42	34	40⅛	34	34⅛	+ ⅛
34½	24½	Amfac wi		44	34⅜	34⅜	34⅛	34⅛	+ ⅛
73¼	54	AMP Inc	.64	25	68⅜	69½	68⅜	69	+ ⅛
10¾	8⅛	AmpPgh	.27g	18	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	
25⅜	16½	Ampex Corp		241	19⅜	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
45	34⅛	Amstar	1.70	39	37	37⅜	37	37⅜	+ ⅜
18⅛	9½	Amstar	pf.68	26	9⅞	9⅞	9¾	9¾	+ ⅛
38⅜	29½	Amsted	1.60	15	32⅜	32¾	32¼	32¾	— ⅛
9⅞	7	Amtel	.20	88	7	7	7	7	— ⅛
22¾	18⅝	Anaconda	1	137	21⅝	21⅝	21¼	21⅜	— ⅛
40	33	Anch Hock	1	19	37¼	37½	37¼	37¾	— ⅛
23	19¾	Ancorp	.48b	x1	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	+ ⅛
44½	36½	And Clay	1.20	2	40⅜	40½	40⅜	40⅜	
18½	13½	ApacheCp	.24	24	14⅜	14¾	14⅜	14⅜	— ⅛
36⅝	23¾	ApcoO	1.20f	35	26½	26½	26¼	25⅞	— ⅛
14⅜	10⅛	Apeco Cp	.16	117	12⅜	12⅝	12⅜	12⅜	+ ⅛
25⅞	20	APL	Corp	19	24⅛	24⅜	24⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
22	17½	APL	pf C1.06	1	20¼	20¼	20¼	20½	+ ⅛
19⅞	15¾	APL	pf B.50	1	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
139	117	ARA	Svc 1.06	24	121¾	134½	131¾	134½	+3¾
26¼	17	Arcata	.87g	42	18⅛	9	18½	19	
39⅛	34	ArcoaIN	pf 2	1	35½	35½	35½	35½	— ⅛
46¾	33	Arch Dan	1	40	44⅜	44⅝	44¼	44¾	— ⅛
25	19⅝	ArkEx	pf5.88	30	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
12	6¾	Arlens D	Str	270	9⅞	9½	9	9⅛	— ⅛
18½	12	Arlen	RltyDv	233	15¼	16¼	15¼	16¼	+1⅛
23¼	18½	Armco	Stl 1	158	19¾	19⅝	19⅝	19½	— ⅛
30	27½	Armc	pf 2.10	33	28⅝	28¾	28⅝	28⅝	+ ⅛
39¾	31½	Armst	Ck .80	36	36⅛	36⅛	35⅝	35¾	— ⅞
48	33¾	Arm	Ru 1.60	8	35¼	35¼	34⅝	34⅞	— ⅛
24¼	17⅛	Aro	Corp .90	4	20½	20½	20⅜	20⅜	— ⅛
36½	25	Arvin	Ind 1	12	32½	32½	32¼	32¼	
30½	22⅜	Ashld	Oil 1.20	106	23½	22½	22	23⅜	— ⅛
59	47	AshlO	pf2.40	6	46⅞	46⅝	46½	46½	— ⅛
18⅝	6⅝	AssdDG	1.20	15	8⅜	8⅞	8⅜	8¼	+ ⅛
57½	40	Assd DG	1.20	16	55½	56	55½	56	+1
35	30⅛	Assd Sp	1.20b	3	34	34	34	34	
14⅞	9½	Assd Transp		10	12½	12½	12⅛	12⅛	
21¾	13½	Athlone	.18g	28	19	19	18⅝	18⅝	+ ⅛
25½	21¾	AtlCyEl	1.35	29	22⅛	22¾	22⅛	22⅜	— ⅛
78½	61¼	Atl Richfld	2	193	72⅜	73½	72⅛	73	+ ⅛
61	57½	AtlRch	pf3.75	2200	53	54	53	53	+1
130¼	105¼	Atl Rich	pf 3	2	122	122½	122	122½	
58¾	49⅜	AtlRch	pf2.80	44	52	53¼	52	55¼	
32⅝	22¼	Atlas Chem	1	84	34½	34⅝	34	34⅛	
3½	2⅛	Atlas Corp		175	3½	3½	3⅜	3⅜	
14¼	8⅜	ATO Inc	.88a	63	11¾	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	
60⅝	43⅜	Autom Data		69	59⅜	59½	58⅜	59⅛	— ⅛
13⅜	4⅜	Automtn Ind		95	9¾	9⅞	9¾	9⅞	
18	13⅜	Avco	Corp	69	14⅞	15	14⅜	14⅜	— ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	Avco	Cp wt	16	4½	4¾	4½	4⅝	— ⅛
45	37⅜	Avco	pf3.50	28	41½	41¾	40⅝	40⅝	— ⅜
35⅞	30½	Avery	Pd .20	12	32⅜	32⅝	32⅜	32⅝	
13⅜	8¾	Avnet	Inc .07g	135	14⅞	14¾	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅛
108½	82½	Avnet	Pd 1.30	95	107	108¼	107	107½	+ ⅜
21¾	14¼	AztecOil	1.20f	122	20¾	21⅝	20½	21⅛	+ ⅛

B

42	22	BabckW	.50	x135	40⅝	40⅞	40½	40⅞	+ ⅜
40⅛	25⅝	BakrOilT	.70	86	40⅜	40⅝	40⅜	40⅝	+ ⅛
34⅜	26⅜	Bald GE	1.82	x49	29¾	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	+ ⅛
15	7¾	Bangor Punl		29	12½	12⅝	12⅜	12½	+ ⅛
39	25⅜	Bk ofCal	1.34	4	29⅝	29⅝	29½	29½	— ⅛
52	43⅜	Bank of NY	2	9	45½	45½	45½	45½	— ⅛
72½	55⅜	Bank Tr	2.84	428	59⅛	59⅝	58¼	58⅝	— ⅜
57	42⅜	BarberOil	1f	75	50⅛	50¼	49½	50¼	+ ⅛
59½	44	Bard CR	.25a	9	58⅜	59	58½	58½	— ⅛
14⅜	11⅛	Basic Inc	.80	4	11⅞	11⅞	11⅜	11⅜	— ⅛
19⅞	15½	Bates Mfg		33	13½	13⅝	13⅜	13⅜	+ ⅛
24⅛	16⅞	Bates Mf	pf 1	1	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	+ ⅛
34⅝	22¾	Bathind	.20	52	32½	33	32¾	33	+ ⅛
63½	55	Bath	pf cld	5	78	79	76	79	— ¼
147	44⅜	BauschLb	.80	301	129	134	126½	134	+5
33⅜	25½	Baxt Lab	.11	108	32⅜	32⅜	32	33	— ⅛
12⅝	9½	Bayk Cig	.50	5	10	10⅛	10	10⅛	+ ⅛
52⅜	40¼	Bearings		3	51	51¾	51	51¾	+ ⅛
41⅞	34⅜	BeatFds	1.16	108	40⅜	41	40⅜	41	+ ⅛
46½	26⅜	Beckman	.50	129	42	42⅞	41¾	42	
47	35¼	Becl Dick	.30	155	36½	36½	36¼	36⅜	— ⅛
21⅜	12	BeechAir	.60	23	20⅛	20¼	20	20	— ⅛
15	8¼	Beech Crk		2100	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
24½	17	BelcoPet	.50b	83	18½	18¾	18⅜	18¾	+ ⅛
29¼	23½	Belden	1.60	1	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾	+ ⅛
31¾	23⅜	Bell Howe	.60	88	30¾	31	30¾	31	+ ⅛
15½	9⅛	Bell Intrcon		45	13¼	13½	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅜
22¾	16	Bemis Co	.40	12	20¾	21	20¾	20¾	
38	25½	Bendix	1.60	58	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	+ ⅛
59½	48⅛	Bendix	pf 3	11	66	60	59½	59½	
115¾	105	Bns Ed	pf5.88	z2050	107	107	106¾	107	
17¾	9⅜	Beurns	Inc	10	14	14⅛	13¾	13¾	— ⅛
14⅝	8¼	Branff	Airw	368	11⅜	11¾	11¼	11½	— ⅛
65⅛	55	BriggsSt	2.40a	11	63¾	64	63¾	64	+ ⅛
32⅜	21⅜	BriggsShr	wi	3	32⅛	32½	32⅛	32½	+ ⅛
70⅞	34⅜	BrisMay	1.20	71	66¼	66¾	65	65½	— ⅜
50	42½	BrisMy	pf 3	13	44¾	44¾	44¼	44½	— ⅛
15	.01¢	BrilPat	.50g	263	14⅞	15⅛	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
		BrPet	fn.30g	19	14⅝	14⅝	14½	14½	
39½	31½	BrkwyGls	.70	x157	33	34	32⅞	33⅝	+ ⅛
27¾	24⅜	BklynUG	1.72	20	25	25¼	24⅜	25	
11⅜	4⅞	Brown Co		8	8⅜	8⅝	8¼	8¼	— ⅛
13⅝	10⅛	BwnShrp	.26	8	14⅜	11	10¾	10⅞	
42	33⅜	BwnShoe	1.50	16	41¾	41¾	40⅜	40⅝	— ⅛
35½	18⅜	Brunswk	.12	198	34⅜	34⅜	33⅝	34	+ ⅛
22½	24⅜	Bucy Er	1.36	38	29⅛	29⅜	29⅛	29⅜	+ ⅛
13	11½	Budd Co		25	11¾	11¾	11½	11½	
7⅝	6¾	BudgF	pf .60	1	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	
10½	7⅜	Budgel	Ind	10	8⅜	8¾	7¾	8¼	— ⅛
43⅜	34½	BuffForg	1.20	8	43½	43½	42	42½	— ⅛
27⅜	21	BulovaW	.60	17	22⅜	22⅝	22⅜	22⅝	— ⅛
17¼	9⅝	Bunkr Ramo		134	12⅛	13½	13¼	13⅜	+ ⅛
51½	32¼	BunkR	pf1.50	12	48⅛	49¾	49¾	49¾	+ ⅜
49¾	40¾	Burl Ind	1.40	63	41¾	41¾	41¼	41¾	+ ⅜
40½	33½	BurlNor	.75g	159	40½	40⅝	40⅛	40⅝	
8¼	6¾	BurlNor	pf.55	11	7¾	7¾	7½	7½	— ⅛
25½	18¼	Burndy	.70	46	21	24⅞	24⅛	24⅞	+ ⅜
139½	104½	Burrgns	.60	121	122½	122½	130⅜	130⅜	—2⅝
15⅞	10⅜	Bush	Univ	9	12¼	12½	12¼	12¼	

C

52¼	40¾	Cabot	Cp.78	29	49⅝	49⅝	49⅜	49¾	— ⅛
12⅜	8	Cadence	Ind	26	9	9¾	9	9¾	+1
10⅝	8	Cal	Finanl	37	8⅞	8⅞	8½	8½	— ⅛
16½	18	Callahn	Mng	43	12	13½	12¾	13⅛	+ ⅛
35	26¼	CampRLK	.45	53	28½	29	28¾	28¾	— ⅛
34⅝	29⅜	Camp	Spl.18	3077	31½	32	31½	32	+ ⅛
40	34½	CanSouRy	2	22	35½	35½	35½	35½	— ⅛
9	7	CdnBrew	1	13	8	8	8	8	— ⅛
78¾	63½	Cdn Pac	3.30	7	69⅛	69⅛	68¾	68¾	— ⅞
19½	14¾	Canalgr	1.10	27	18⅝	19	18⅝	19	+ ⅛
47½	25	Cap C	Bdcts	178	47¼	47¼	47¼	47½	— ⅛
79¾	48¼	Carbrun	1.50	33	69¼	69½	67¾	67¾	—2
19⅞	14½	Carlisle	.60	9	16⅞	16⅞	16½	16½	— ⅛
29⅞	22⅛	Carp	Pt.11.46	28	23¼	23½	23	23¼	+ ⅛
24⅜	20¼	Carp	Tec 1.20	28	23¼	23½	22	23½	+ ⅛
40⅞	32½	CarrierCp	.40	220	36½	36½	36½	36½	+ ⅜
34½	31½	Carr	pf2.25	x10	32½	32½	32½	32½	
19¼	14¾	CarWal	.46a	43	16¼	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
38⅜	27⅝	CaseRee	.30b	58	30½	30¾	30¾	30¾	+ ⅛
17¾	12¾	Caswell	3if I	10	15	15	15	15	
227	174½	CatCtrp	2.50a	10	255½	254½	254½	254½	—2
12⅞	8	Cawles	Corn	34	11½	11½	11½	11½	— ⅛
39	17¾	Cax Edcst	.30	99	27¾	28¼	26⅝	28	
39½	23⅜	CPC Int	1.70	134	36½	36½	36	36⅛	— ⅜
41¾	32⅛	Crane	1.40b	6	40¾	40⅞	39¾	39¾	— ⅛
24	18	CredFin	.72	10	22½	22½	22½	22½	+ ⅛
43½	34¾	CrockIn	1.40	23	37¼	37¼	37¼	37¼	
20	16	CronpIC	.80	14	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅛
27½	21⅜	Crowcentnd	1	22	24	24	24	24½	+ ⅛
16¾	12	CrowCell	.45f	178	13⅜	13⅜	12⅞	13¼	— ⅛
23⅜	17⅜	Crown Cork		161	20⅞	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
38	30⅛	CrwnZell	1.20	x77	36	36½	35⅝	36	— ⅛
38	30	CrnZ	pf4.20	230	61	61	61	61	— ⅛
21⅜	18⅛	CTS Corp	.40	16	19⅞	20⅛	19⅞	20	+ ⅛
24⅜	16⅜	Cubery	.90f	15	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	
22⅞	18½	Cudny	pf1.25	113	21½	21½	21	21½	— ⅛
20¾	14⅜	Culligan	.20	4	19⅝	19⅝	19⅜	19⅝	
15¾	13½	CumbEn	.80	4	15	15	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
15¾	7⅛	Cunn Grve		16	8⅞	9	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
15⅞	10¾	CurtisWrt		46	11⅞	11⅞	11⅜	11⅜	
29⅝	19⅛	CurtissWr	A	1	19⅞	19⅞	19½	19½	— ⅛
29⅝	19⅛	CurtissWr	B	65	19⅞	19⅞	19½	19½	— ⅛
27⅜	22⅜	Cyclops	1	5	24⅝	24⅝	24½	24½	— ⅛
34⅝	31⅜	Cyprus	Min 1	67	39	39⅝	38⅞	39	— ⅛

D

13	9	Dan River		15	9⅛	9¼	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
27⅜	26⅜	Dana Cp	1.25	43	33½	33⅝	33½	33½	—
34⅝	25⅛	Dart Ind	.30b	315	42¼	44¼	41¾	42	—
52	41	Dart Ind	pf 2	160	48	48	42⅜	47½	—
17¼	11⅜	Data Process		59	15½	15⅝	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅛
21¼	16½	DaycoCp	1.14	19	17⅞	18	17⅝	17⅞	— ⅛
27¼	18⅜	Daytin	.24	126	24⅝	24⅞	24½	24½	— ⅛
27½	24½	DaytnMud	.5 8	15	26¼	26¼	26	26¼	
27⅛	20½	DaytnPL	1.66	70	25	25¼	24⅝	25	— ⅛
105	96½	DPL	pfD 7.48	120	97¾	97¾	97½	97¾	+1
29⅝	29⅜	Deere Co	2	22	47	47¼	46¾	47¼	— ⅜
23¾	16⅝	De.marP	1.12	61	17	17	17	17⅛	+ ⅛
23¾	23¼	De.Mnie	1.10	92	26½	26⅞	24¼	25¼	— ⅛
53	37⅛	Delisa Air	.50	144	46¼	46¾	44	44⅛	— ⅛
7⅞	4⅞	Deltac Int		52	6¼	6¼	6	6	
27⅛	20⅛	DeltaPnt	1.20	10	25	25¼	24⅝	24⅝	— ⅛
22⅜	22	DenMnMg	1.40	1	24	24	24	24	— ⅛
12⅜	9¾	DenvyRit	.04	61	9⅛	9⅛	9	9	
24⅜	24¼	Dentsply	Int 1	84	42¼	42¾	40⅝	41¾	— ⅛
1	56	Dereco	pf A	1	56	56	56	56	+ ¼
45⅛	42¼	Dereco	pf B	34	58¾	59½	58¾

هكذا من الأصل

BUSINESS

INTERNATIONAL

Herald Tribune

FINANCE

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

ermans Sell lore Dollars; ate Widens

ffer to Buy Dollars en as Limit to Float

RANKFURT, June 4 (AP-).—The Bundesbank sold near- $120 million on the foreign rency market here today at 20 deutsche marks to 3.5260 the dollar, dealers said.

By selling at that price, the nk was effectively revaluing mark by about 3.7 percent r the official parity of 3.66 to dollar.

They said most of the transac- ns took place in the afternoon. The dollar closed at 3.5245 DM, from the opening of 3.5100 but wn from the fixing of 3.5258. Yesterday, the bank sold an es- ated $100 million at prices rying between 3.5330 and 3.5260 d.

Dealers said the Bundesbank's ther sales continued to be a tor in depressing Eurodollar es.

Offered to Buy Dollars

FRANKFURT, June 4 (Reu- s).—The Bundesbank said to- y it offered to buy $8.5 million und the time of the official ing.

The dollars were offered on the arket at 3.5258 DM to the dol- . But the Bundesbank said se dollars were taken up by other bank and not by the ndesbank.

A Bundesbank spokesman gave reason why it offered to buy e dollars. However, market urces took this move to indicate possible ceiling to which the nk is prepared to let the dollar- ark rate move.

The bank also announced today at it is offering medium-term easury bills to all interested yers in Germany, effective im- ediately.

The bills, offered in units of ,000 deutsche marks and mul- ples of that figure, will only be ailable to citizens or foreigners sident in Germany.

Explaining this expansion of its en market policies, the bank id that until now it has only ffered such bills to credit in- itutes and social insurance in- titutions.

The bank said it is offering oney market paper of six onths, one year, 18 months and o-year treasury bills.

The bank said the bills will be vided into those which may be deemed before maturity and ose which must be held to aturity. The former will be sold a lower discount than the lat- r, thus yielding less.

This expansion of the bank's arket policies was indicated het this week by bank presi- nt Karl Klasen after the cen- al bank council meeting.

He said then that the bank anned to offer its medium-term easury bills to a wider public th the aim of soaking up some the excess liquidity in Ger- any.

The bank said the 5 1/4 per- nt six-month bills which may redeemed before maturity will priced to yield 5.39 percent.

The 5 3/4 percent bills irre- emable before maturity in six onths will yield 5.92 percent.

A New U.S. Offensive: An Analysis

'Good Saps Era' Over, Aide Says

By Clyde H. Farnsworth

PARIS, June 4 (NYT).—"We've been good saps, but that era has ended," the American trade official said to his European partner at lunch recently. The European was not quite sure what to respond, and ended up changing the subject.

Europeans, who are very much aware of the angrier tone from Washington, call it "the American offensive." Like the man at lunch, many are not quite sure what to make of it, or are too polite to say.

West German officials believe much of it is for domestic American consumption, and do not take it very seriously. But the Times of London calls it the most important international initiative since the Kennedy Round.

Talking Tough

What is plain is that U.S. officials are talking tough, tougher than ever before in the postwar period, to Europe and Japan.

The dollar has been left exposed by what Washington feels are the discriminatory trading policies and undervalued exchange rates of some of the other industrialized countries. In April, the United States recorded a trading deficit.

"To be perfectly frank," said Treasury Secretary John B. Connally last week in Munich, "no longer will the American people permit their government to engage in international actions in which the true long-run interests of the United States are not just as clearly recognized as those of the nations with which we deal."

And Commerce Secretary Maurice Stans followed up this declaration by announcing that from now on U.S. trading policy would be based on the strictest reciprocity, meaning that if Europe and Japan discriminate, the United States will discriminate right back.

The Europeans deny that they discriminate any more than the United States does. That argument has been going on a long while. What is new is that the United States is speaking with a much louder voice.

The danger is that if the Europeans and Japanese do not respond, there could be more protectionism in the United States, which would threaten the world's economic order.

The postwar era created institutions to check destructive economic nationalism. Those institutions have fallen down on the job lately.

Communications Breakdown

The shriller tone of the Americans, the floating German mark, the deadlock over textiles between Washington and Tokyo, Japan's adamant refusal to revalue the yen—all of this is evidence of the breakdown in communications, which is just what those institutions were set up to avoid.

Mr. Connally, who spoke at a bankers conference in Munich, spent all of last week in the Bavarian city talking to bankers and officials. It was an unusual thing for a Treasury secretary to do, and from all accounts he did it well.

But the real story was the absence from Munich of Germany's Economics and Finance Minister, Karl Schiller. Here was another sign of the breakdown in communications.

Americans were furious at the decision of Germany to float the mark. They blamed Mr. Schiller for touching off a crisis which, in their view, did not need to occur.

But perhaps even more important was the opinion of high U.S. officials as it emerged towards the end of last week—that the Germans would eventually devalue, instead of revalue their currency upward.

The argument here is that a devaluation could be used to stimulate the German economy if it is headed toward a recession, which many in Germany believe is the case.

"To revert to the use of exchange rates as a supplementary tool of domestic policy is fraught with danger," Mr. Connally pointedly warned last week.

What then can be done about the growing differences and misunderstandings?

Parley at OECD

Secretary of State William P. Rogers is coming to Paris for a ministerial meeting of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) precisely to discuss this with the other members of the organization.

The OECD is one of the most important of the postwar institutions. Initially set up to distribute Marshall Plan aid, it has become a forum for the rich nations. It now has 23 members—the United States, Canada, Japan, 19 West European countries and Australia.

The presence of Mr. Rogers, who will be the chairman of the meeting next Monday and Tuesday, is a sign of the importance Washington attaches to the sessions and what will almost certainly be an active round of private talks. An American secretary of state has never before been to one of these meetings.

Can the OECD change and become a more effective body for international economic coordination? It all depends on what the members want. Right now, all speak of the need for more harmonization of policies and less on a "beggar thy neighbor" approach. But no one seems willing yet to take that big first step.

Japan to Adopt Plan to Ease Pressure for Revaluing Yen

TOKYO, June 4 (Reuters).—The Japanese cabinet's Council of Economic Ministers had agreed to an eight-point program, including complete liberalization of Japanese investment abroad, to cope with increasing pressure for a revaluation of the yen, official sources said today.

The sources said the measures are designed to meet rising foreign criticism of Japan's foreign trade policy.

The measures were adopted at a meeting called to work out Japan's policy at the ministerial council meeting of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development in Paris next week.

The sources said that the measures include:

- Increased liberalization of imports, enforcement of preferential tariffs for developing nations, possibly from August 1, and acceleration of cuts in import tariffs.
- Promotion of capital investments, including the further promotion of investment in Japan and complete liberalization of Japanese investment abroad, progress in the elimination of non-tariff trade barriers and increased foreign aid.
- Export promotion tax reliefs will also be reviewed, they added.

Europe's Largest Shipyard Will Be Built in Portugal

By Marvine Howe

LISBON, June 4 (NYT).—The Portuguese oyster is being threatened as plans materialize for the construction of Europe's largest shipyard in the oyster beds of the Sado River estuary.

The shipyard has been designed to build supertankers as large as 700,000 tons. It will be the only shipyard outside of Japan to build these giant vessels.

"In this way Europe will be freed from Japanese domination in the construction of units needed for modern oil transport," commented Epoca, a Lisbon newspaper representing government views.

Portuguese-Norwegian Project

The $70 million project will be built by Companhia Uniao Fabril of Portugal and Olsen Shipyards of Norway.

The Portuguese company also owns Lisnave, a recently built shipyard for tanker repairs in the Tagus River, across from Lisbon. On June 23, Lisnave will formally open Europe's largest drydock, capable of handling one-million-ton tankers, which are still on the Japanese drawing boards.

Portugal shipyard business is flourishing because Lisbon is strategically situated on the tanker route from Middle Eastern oil sources to the consumers in northern Europe.

Low-Cost Labor

With the increasingly acute need for more supertankers, ship builders are said to have shown interest in the Portuguese-Norwegian project for a new yard close to the markets. Portugal is favored because it can still provide good, semiskilled relatively low-cost labor.

The new shipyard is scheduled for completion in 1973. The Portuguese government has approved the plans and work is expected to get under way this month.

The site chosen for the shipyard is 375 acres on the northern bank of the Sado River estuary, about three miles from the growing industrial center of Setubal, south of Lisbon.

Foreign Autos Ease to 15.2% of New Sales in U.S.

DETROIT, June 4 (AP).—The growth of imported car sales in the United States slowed in May, but the imports still managed to account for 15.2 percent of the 4.1 million cars sold in the nation so far this year.

Imports, including foreign-made cars sold by the three major U.S. automakers, took 15 percent of the total new car market in May, down from the record 18.2 percent market share recorded in April.

One factor in the slowed growth was a decline in Volkswagen sales, by far the most popular import. VW dealers sold 49,170 cars in May, down from 54,439 in April and 52,444 in May of last year. A company spokesman said the decline resulted from shipping problems.

So far this year, sales of the U.S. firms are 8.2 percent above the year-ago level.

Japanese Gain in Canada

TORONTO, June 4 (AP-DJ).—Datsuns and Toyotas outsold Volkswagen imports in Canada during the first four months of this year, compared with a Volkswagen lead in the like period in 1970.

Datsun, made by Nissan Motor Co., took 6.3 percent of the market with sales of 12,110 cars. Toyotas were second with 5.7 percent of the total. Volkswagen accounted for 4.7 percent, down from 4.9 percent in the year-ago period.

OECD Will Seek Special Group for Trade Problems

PARIS, June 4 (AP-DJ).—Proposals to establish a high-level intergovernmental committee of a small number of major industrial nations will be submitted to the OECD's ministerial council, a high OECD official said today.

The official, who declined to be identified, said the committee would try to coordinate world problems debated within such international institutions as the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT).

He stressed, however, that the OECD has not received and will not seek "worldwide" responsibilities such as those of the IMF or GATT.

"The committee will discuss but won't negotiate trade problems that fall under the responsibility of GATT, nor will it take decisions on international monetary reforms, which clearly are the responsibility of the IMF," he said.

Fed Policies Seen Fueling U.S. Inflation

Friedman Says Money Supply Up Too Fast

NEW YORK, June 4 (AP-DJ).—A leading private economist warned yesterday that recent Federal Reserve policies probably will cause accelerating price inflation in the near future.

Milton Friedman, a leader of the monetary school of economists, told a meeting sponsored by the Conference Board that "in the last six months things have gone haywire" in the Fed's effort to bring down the rate at which prices rise.

The Conference Board is a non-profit business group based here.

In an interview, Mr. Friedman said the nation's money supply has increased in the past six months at about a 10 percent annual rate. He estimated the Fed would have to hold money-supply growth to about a 2 percent annual rate until Dec. 31 to lower the full-year increase to a rate compatible with a continued easing of inflationary pressures.

Mr. Friedman said he doubted that such a low rate of monetary growth would be maintained and predicted a resurgence of inflation. The resurgence, he said, would lead to government imposition of wage-price controls in some form. But he said wage-price restrictions would prove ineffective in curbing further price increases.

Another speaker, Paul A. Samuelson, who recently was awarded the first Nobel Prize for Economics, also predicted that wage-price controls would be imposed.

He agreed that wage-price controls often have proved ineffective in halting inflation, but said there is evidence unemployment rates are lower in countries with wage-price curbs than in countries such as the United States without them.

Stimulative Policy Pursued

NEW YORK, June 4 (NYT).—The nation's credit managers are continuing to pursue, and even accelerate, their stimulative monetary policy, weekly banking data released by the Fed indicated yesterday.

Buying Interest Absent

Stocks Edge Higher, Trading Quiet

NEW YORK, June 4.—Prices closed slightly higher on the New York Stock Exchange today in what brokers described as a generally lackluster session.

The Dow Jones industrial average wovered narrowly throughout most of the day and closed at 922.15, up 0.85.

Volume was slow, totaling 14.4 million shares, down from 18.79 million yesterday.

Analysts said the market held up well despite some normal pre-weekend profit-taking and an absence of buying interest.

Steel prices were mixed following an industry report that orders are sluggish but that some pickup is expected. Jones & Laughlin rose 3/8 to 15 1/8. U.S. Steel fell 1/8 to 32 1/2 and Bethlehem lost 1/2 to 21 1/2.

Canadian Warning

Some oil issues were weak following a Canadian government statement that it would move against oil companies that raised prices last year above government guidelines. Included in the statement were the Canadian units of Shell, which closed at 45 1/2, down 1/3; Texaco, 35 3/8 unchanged, and Sun Oil, 54, down 1/4. Among other oil issues, Occidental fell 1/8 to 18 5/8. Jersey Standard fell 3/4 to 77. Mobil gained 1 to 56 5/8 and British Petroleum fell 1/4 to 14 5/8.

Glamours Mixed

Glamours were mixed. Polaroid fell 2 5/8 to 109 1/8. Bausch & Lomb gained 4 1/2 to 133 1/2 and Xerox gained 2 1/4 to 109 5/8.

Among computers, Memorex closed unchanged at 48 after it announced it would offer similar price cuts to those announced earlier by IBM, which closed at 324 1/4, up 3. Honeywell closed at 107 1/2, down 1/4.

Among aerospace issues, McDonnell Douglas rose 1 1/4 to 36 5/8 and Lockheed gained 1/2 to 10 7/8.

Autos Mixed

Auto issues continued mixed:

GM rose 1/8 to 84 1/8. Ford fell 1/8 to 63 3/8. Chrysler declined 1/2 to 29 3/4 and American Motors fell 1/8 to 6 3/8.

Richardson-Merrell climbed 2 1/4 to 66 1/8. The company said it is holding talks with an Israeli medical center about a cancer diagnostic test. It was up 6 3/4 shortly after the news.

Amex Prices Up

Prices on the American Stock Exchange were slightly higher in moderate trading.

Syntex, the most actively traded issue, edged up 1/4 to 70 1/4.

Canadian oil issues got a boost from President Nixon's statement that the United States plans to negotiate with Canada to lift the limitations on the entry of Canadian oil. Homestead added 1 1/3 to 7 7/3. Dome Petroleum moved up 1 3/4 to 95 3/8.

Daimler-Benz Earnings Dip Despite 22% Sales Increase

STUTTGART, June 4 (Reuters).—Profits dipped less than 1 percent last year at Daimler-Benz despite a nearly 22 percent increase in turnover from the previous year's levels, the company reported today.

Profits slipped to 246 million deutsche marks from 248.1 million DM ($67.8 million). The company said it expects results to be satisfactory this year, but added that increasing costs and the latest monetary policy of the government will again adversely affect its competitive position in foreign markets. This, it continued, will hit earnings.

Group turnover rose to 11.68 billion DM from 9.59 billion in 1969. Parent company sales totaled 8.03 billion DM, up from 7.23 billion.

Production, Sales Up

Production and sales continued to rise in the first four months of this year, but the company did not elaborate on the figures.

The company noted that the sharp rise in 1870 turnover was insufficient to wipe out completely the adverse effects of the extraordinary cost increases and the October, 1969 revaluation of the mark.

Daimler said it is proposing an unchanged 17 percent dividend for 1870 plus a 1.5 percent bonus—the result of an extraordinary gain of 24 million DM resulting from a reallocation of reserves. Shareholders will vote on the proposal at the annual meeting July 29.

Isuzu Motors

TOKYO, June 4 (AP-DJ).—Isuzu Motors Ltd. reported today an operating loss and sharply lower net profit for the half-year ended April 30.

It also told shareholders of a further delay in obtaining government approval to sell a minority interest in the company to General Motors.

Net profit fell 94 percent to 87 million yen ($242,000) from 1.511 billion yen a year earlier.

Sales rose 1 percent to 103.989 billion yen from 102.650 billion.

In omitting its semi-annual dividend, the company said its reserves are adequate to have allowed a payout, but for several reasons, including the current GM negotiations, it decided not to.

Isuzu, which primarily makes commercial vehicles, said it sold 70,536 vehicles in the latest half-year, down from 78,112 vehicles a year earlier. The company attributed its disappointing results to higher costs for labor and material.

The company said it still has not submitted a formal application to the Ministry of International Trade and Industry concerning GM's plan to buy an interest in the company. The application was expected to have been submitted in late April. Isuzu officials said they now expect an agreement to be signed with GM by the end of July.

New CFP President

PARIS, June 4 (AP-DJ).—René Garlier de Lilliac, deputy vice-chairman of Cie. Française des Pétroles (CFP), was appointed today as president and managing director of the company. He succeeds Victor de Metz, who headed the group since 1945.

Eurodollars

June 4, 1971

	Bid.	Asked	Change Bid.
7 Day Fix ...	6	6 1/4	— 1/2
One Month ...	7 5/16	7 3/16	— 1/8
3 Months ...	7 1/4	7 3/8	— 3/16
One Year ...	7 3/8	7 1/2	— 1/3

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THE SOLVAY GROUP

Principal information extracted from the annual report for the year 1970

1. COMPARISON OF EXTERNAL SALES, CASH FLOW AND RESULTS.

	1968	1969	1970
	(in million B.Fr.)		
Consolidated external sales	32,748	37,746	42,024
Cash flow	5,433	8,817	6,227
Depreciation	3,732	3,720	4,153
Consolidated net profit	1,701	3,097	2,074

Compared with 1969, the consolidated external sales were 11 per cent higher. However, the rise in wages and salaries and the increased prices of raw materials inflated our manufacturing cost to such an extent that the progress in productivity and the occasional price improvements obtained were an inadequate compensation for it. Our cash flow, so far from growing proportionately to the sales, could not be maintained at the admittedly exceptional level of 1969. Moreover, entry into service of new capacities involved bigger allowances for depreciation. For these reasons, we recorded a decrease in the consolidated net profit.

2. COMPARISON OF STATISTICS.

	1968	1969	1970
	(in million B.Fr.)		
Capital expenditure of the year ...	8,247	5,564	8,210
Expenditure on research	834	989	1,101
Expenditure on personnel	9,053	10,148	11,466
	(in B.Fr.)		
Net profit per fully paid-up share...	236	421	280
Net dividend per fully paid-up share	130	145	155
Persons employed at December 31...	38,475	41,611	42,814

3. DISTRIBUTION OF EXTERNAL SALES.

Between large groups of products	%
Soda-ash and caustic soda	25
Salts, fertilizers, sodium and calcium derivatives.	12
Chlorine and chlorine derivatives	9
Peroxygen chemicals	4
Plastics-resins and compounds	19
Plastics-processing	18
Sundries (including products of the pharmaceutical industry)	13
	100

Between large consumption markets	%	%
European Economic Community:		
Germany	25	
France	20	
Benelux	12	
Italy	12	
		69
Other countries of Western Europe		17
Rest of the world		14
		100

4. COLLABORATION WITH LAPORTE.

A co-operation agreement was concluded with the English company Laporte Industries (Holdings) Limited in order to harness the combined interests of the two partners in the field of hydrogen peroxide and all products based on active oxygen. The agreement provides for the formation of companies in which each party will retain a half interest: their assets in the peroxygen chemicals sector will be equally divided, as will be the profits, and all future expansion will likewise accrue to the two partners in equal proportions.

5. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.

The Group's staff engaged in research is approximately 2,000; the amounts required by these activities increased from B.Fr. 989 million in 1969 to B.Fr. 1,101 million in 1970, thus representing a rise of 11.2 percent.

More than half the total research expenditure comes under the plastic headings. This group accounts for the better part of our studies relating to new products and activities.

We should also make special mention of the further progress in supported catalysts for the polymerisation of ethylene, a technique in which our position, in terms of patent rights and otherwise, is being constantly strengthened.

6. SOLVAY & Cie, SOCIETE ANONYME.

The net profit for the year amounts to B.Fr. 1,548,847,178, an increase of B.Fr. 74,056,392 in comparison with 1969; this progress is due to the distributions effected by the subsidiaries from their profits of 1969. After incorporation of the balance brought forward the profit available for appropriation is B.Fr. 1,561,817,437.

The Board of Directors will propose to the General Meeting on June 14, 1971, that the dividend be raised from B.Fr. 145 to B.Fr. 155 per fully paid-up share.

Under these conditions, the appropriation would be as follows:

• Legal reserve	B.Fr.	80,000,000
• Net dividend of B.Fr. 155 per A or B share	B.Fr.	991,125,800
• Net dividend of B.Fr. 31 per C share ...	B.Fr.	42,868,780
• Income tax deducted at source from dividend	B.Fr.	17,777,360
• Reserve for capital expenditure (Spain).	B.Fr.	71,420,000
• Contingency account	B.Fr.	350,000,000
•• Carried forward to next account	B.Fr.	8,325,487
Total	B.Fr.	1,561,617,437

Copies of our annual report comprising the accounts for the year 1970 are available on request to be made to:

Solvay & Cie, Société Anonyme, Secrétariat Général, rue du Prince Albert 33, B1050 Brussels-Belgium.

The Wings of Man are in Paris today.

That's our new plane, our Whisperliner, at Le Bourget. She's a beauty.

Ask our Senior Vice President in charge of operations, Frank Borman. He's taken her up and checked her out personally. And he thinks she's one of the best planes he's ever flown.

That's a pretty high compliment coming from a man who's flown practically everything on his way to the moon.

She's the first of 50 that will be delivered to Eastern Airlines, giving us the largest fleet of Lockheed L-1011's in the world.

Of course, they won't be exactly like this one.

We'll be adding our interiors, our equipment, our maintenance, our testing, our meteorology, our crews, our computers, our people, our 107 destinations, our commitment to make man at home in the sky and our passengers - over 20 million strong each year - who make us the second largest passenger carrier of all the free world airlines.

In short, all the things that make an L-1011 a Whisperliner and make Eastern the Wings of Man.

EASTERN The Wings of Man.

هكذا من الأصل

New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from Page 8)

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div.	In $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High	Low	Last.	Net Ch'ge
26¼	15	Nor Cent Rv		220	18	18	18	18	— ½
38½	29⅝	NalliGas	1.78	54	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	+ ⅛
39⅝	26¼	No In PS	1.32	23	26½	26½	26¾	26¾	—
56⅞	49⅞	NoNGas	2.60	46	51⅜	51¼	51⅝	—	½
98½	92	No NG	pf6.84	z100	92	92	92	92	—1
84¾	79	No NG	pf5.80	z18	81¼	811maTTTT	36¾		
29¼	25½	NoStaPWr		⅛	⅞		1⅛	⅛	
81	91½	NoStaPw	pf 7	310	95½	95½	95½	95½	— ½
55¾	48	NS Pw	pf5.60	z120	49¼	50	49¼	50	
113⅜	8⅛	Nothgte	.25g	50	9⅛	9⅜	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
28¾	19½	Northrop		20	21½	21¾	21⅛	21⅜	+ ⅛
90⅛	72	Northp	pf1.45	16	24¼	25⅛	24⅛	25¼	+1¾
21¼	20⅜	Nwst Airl	.43	421	34¼	34⅝	33	33	—1¼
39½	33¾	NwtBanc	1.40	5	35⅞	35½	35¾	35½	
300⅜	17½	Nowst Ind		2041	30⅜	30½	29½	30⅛	— ⅛
1192	71¾	Nrwal Ind	wt	298	18⅝	18⅝	17¾	18⅝	— ⅜
94⅛	80½	NwInd	pfA5	19	94½	95	93½	94	— ½
64	61½	NwInd	pfC5	394	94⅝	94½	93½	93½	— ½
74	48⅝	NwsIte	pf4.20	31	7.47vT	7⅝		7⅝	1¼
89½	65	NwsIBW	2.20	5	83	83⅝	83	83⅛	+ ⅜
35⅜	27⅛	Norton	1.50	11	33⅝	33⅝	33½	33½	— ⅛
53¾	47⅛	Nort Simon		279	53⅜	53⅞	53¼	53⅜	
54⅜	45½	Norl S	pf1.60	104	53¾	53¾	53¼	53½	— ⅜
28¼	8⅜	NVF Co		11	14½	15⅛	14½	15⅛	+ ⅜

O

13½	6⅜	Oak Elect	.16	26	12½	12⅜	12¼	13	+ ⅛
22¾	16⅜	Oakite Pd	.80	5	17⅜	17½	17⅜	17⅜	
22⅜	16⅜	Occid Pet		x301	20	20	19⅞	19⅞	— ⅛
70¼	54	OccidPet	pf 4	x5	63¼	64⅜	63¼	64⅜	+1
76⅝	52½	OceiP	pf3.80	x9	62	62	61½	61½	
19⅛	11½	Ogden Corp		62	18¾	18¾	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
34½	25¼	Ogden	pf1.87	3	34	34	34	24	+ ⅛
27⅛	22¼	OhioEdis	1.54	83	23⅝	23⅝	22⅞	23⅜	+ ⅛
61	53½	Oh Ed	pf 3.90	z190	56	56	55	55	— ½
28½	24	Okla GE	1.24	70	24⅞	25⅛	24⅝	25⅛	+ ⅛
13½	11½	OklaGE	pf.80	x300	12	12	12	12	— ⅛
24	20½	OklaNGs	1.24	24	20⅞	21¼	20⅞	21	
26	17½	Olin Corp	.88	143	22⅛	22⅜	22¼	22¼	+ ⅛
17⅜	12¼	Omarkin	.49f	56	17⅛	17½	16⅞	17	
25⅞	17⅜	OneidaLt	.70	3	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	+ ⅛
20⅝	16⅛	OpelKa		9	18⅛	18⅛	18¼	18¼	
22⅞	10½	OrangeR	1.20	24	19	19⅜	19	19⅛	
44⅜	37½	Otis Elev	2	63	38⅝	38⅝	37½	37¾	— ⅝
39⅝	27¼	Outbd Mar	1	26	37¾	38¼	37¾	37⅝	— ⅜
22	14¼	Outlet Co	.45	3	18¾	19	18¾	19	+ ⅛
56	29⅞	OverTrans	1	15	55	55⅝	54⅝	55¼	+ ⅜
46	38½	Owen Cng	.25	159	41¾	43½	41½	43	+1
64¼	54⅞	Owen Ill	1.35	72	62¾	64	63¾	63⅝	— ⅛
108½	95¾	Owenll	pf4.75	10	106	106	106	106	+ ½
21	15	Oxf Ind A	.60	5	19¼	19¼	19¼	19½	— ⅛

P-Q

36⅜	29¼	PacGEI	1.64	173	30¼	30¼	29⅞	30	+ ⅛
30⅝	21½	PacinExp	.90	3	28½	28½	28½	28½	— ⅛
39⅜	25¼	Pac Lig	1.60	77	26	27	26	26¾	+ ⅛
38¼	26⅜	PacPetri	.30e	113	30	30⅜	30	30⅜	+ ⅛
24½	20⅛	PacPwL	1.28	38	22½	22¾	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅜
38⅛	20⅛	Pac Swst	Air	66	32¼	32¾	31⅝	32	
22¼	18⅛	Pac T&T	1.20	43	18¾	18⅝	18⅝	18¼	
99	86½	Pac T&T	pf 6	z160	88½	88¾	86½	88¾	— ⅛
13⅝	10⅛	Pac Tin	.60a	3	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	+ ⅛
36⅞	13½	PalmBch	Inds	136	13⅝	14	13⅝	14	+ ⅛
15⅝	11	PanAmRs	.20p	42	12⅜	12¾	12½	12½	— ⅛
29¾	11⅜	PanAm	WAir	250	17¼	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅛
48⅝	32¾	Panh EP	1.80	188	36¼	36¼	35⅞	36	+ ⅛
47½	33⅜	Papercft	.80	53	46¼	46⅝	46	46	— ⅛
23¾	16¼	Pargas	.84	287	22½	24¼	22½	24¼	+2
45	45	Pargas	pf2.64	9	60	45	80	45	+11½
46⅝	29⅝	ParkHan	1.50	14	42¾	44⅜	42⅝	44	+ ½
23½	15⅜	Park Pen	.60	40	22¾	23¼	22⅝	23⅛	
27⅝	4⅝	Penn Cent		961	5½	5⅝	5⅜	5⅝	+ ⅛
14	10½	Penn Dixie		7	11½	11½	11¼	11⅜	— ½
25¼	17½	Penn Frull		24	21⅜	22¾	21¾	22⅜	+1¼
71⅜	54⅝	Penney JC	1	201	69¾	70¼	69⅝	70	+ ½

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div.	In $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High	Low	Last.	Net Ch'ge
60	47⅜	PennaCo	pf	1	54¼	54¼	54¼	54½	— ¼
26⅛	22⅛	PaPwLt	1.60	x50	22½	22⅞	22½	22½	—½
110½	102	Pa PLt	pf4.40	y120	103½	104	103¾	104	+1¼
49⅝	39½	Pa PLt	pf4.50	y180	59	60½	59	60½	— ⅜
68	58	Pa PLt	pf4.40	y18	56	56	56	56	— ⅛
33⅜	26⅛	Pennwll	1.20	52	31½	31⅝	31⅜	31⅜	+ ⅛
56½	43¼	Penwlt	pf2.50	3	52½	52½	51⅝	51⅝	— ⅜
30½	23⅜	Penwll	pf1.60	5	20	26¼	26	26	— ⅛
29	28	PennzUn	.60	244	33½	33¾	32¾	32⅞	— ⅜
56	46	Penz U	pf1.33	18	47	47	46¼	47	— ¼
28⅞	19¾	PeopDrg	1.18	6	25⅜	25⅜	25¼	25¾	— ⅜
39¾	34½	PeopGas	2.08	70	34⅞	34⅞	34⅝	34⅞	+ ⅛
61½	52½	PepsiCo	1	151	58¼	58¾	57¾	58¾	+ ⅜
46⅜	29	ParElmr	.20g	x107	43¾	45	43¾	44½	+1½
47	37½	Pet Inc	1.30	x7	38	38	37¾	37¾	— ⅛
25¾	21	Pet Inc	pf.80	x2	22	22	21⅞	21¾	— ⅛
34⅜	23⅛	Petro Pur	1.20	4	29¼	29¼	29¼	29¼	— ⅜
53	38¼	Pefrolan	.66	36	49¾	49⅞	49½	49⅝	
21⅜	19⅜	Pelrim	1.49g	9	19½	19¾	19½	19½	
40⅜	34⅝	Pfizer	.60e	447	38	38⅜	37¾	38⅝	+ ⅜
48	37⅝	Phelps D	2.10	63	41⅞	41⅞	41⅜	41⅜	— ⅝
25⅛	21	Phila El	1.64	204	22½	22¼	22⅛	22	
115	.66⅛	Phil El	pf8.75	x270	108¾	109¾	108¾	109¾	+1
102	99	Phil El	pf7.85	x140	101	101	101	101	
100¾	92½	PhilaEl	pf 7	x150	93¾	94	93¾	94	+ ⅛
68	55	Phil El	pf4.40	x200	56	56	56	56	+ ⅛
65	55½	Phil El	pf4.30	x200	56	56	56	56	+ ⅛
67½	46⅜	PhilMorr	1.20	265	61¾	63	61½	62¾	+ ⅜
17	12¾	Phllp Ind	.16	148	15⅜	16	15⅜	16	+ ⅛
24	19	Phil Ind	pf 1	3	21¼	21½	21¼	21½	+ ⅛
34½	27⅜	Phil Pet	1.30	782	31	31¼	30¾	30⅝	— ⅛
19¼	15	Phil Vil	.40	12	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	— ⅛
23⅜	19¼	PiedNGs	1.20	21	x5	23	19¾	19¾	
58⅛	00	Pillsbury	1.44	13	54½	54⅝	53⅝	53⅝	— ⅜
17½	15⅞	PionNOas	.80	147	16¼	16½	16	16	— ⅛
33⅝	25⅝	PitneyB	.60	117	29⅝	29⅞	29½	29⅝	+1
20	14⅜	PittForg	.80	9	18	18	17¾	17¾	— ⅛
32½	40	Pittston	.60b	265	49	49½	48¾	48¾	
24	19⅜	Plan Research		117	21¾	22	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
25	23⅝	Plasmy	ln.12	229	2½	2⅝	2½	2½	
		Plessy	ln.12	7	2½	2½	2½	2½	
11⅝	76	Polarold	.32	357	111¼	111¼	108¾	109½	—2¾
24¼	18⅝	Portec	1.20	3	18⅝	19⅜	18½	18⅝	
73	62¼	Porter pf	5.50	z110	70½	70½	70¼	70½	+ ⅛
23⅛	19⅜	PortGEI	1.36	18	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	+ ⅛
28⅝	27¼	Potlatch	1	16	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜	+ ⅛
16⅜	12	Poloron	Inc	77	14¼	14½	14¼	14½	+ ⅛
43	36¼	Pot El	pf 2.44	1	36	36	36	36	— ⅛
38	32⅜	PPG Ind	1.40	44	34¼	34⅝	34	34⅜	+ ⅛
35½	23¼	Premr Ind	.60	7	35	35	34¾	35	+ ⅛
32½	17	Premr	pf.90	4	22¼	22½	22¼	22½	— ⅛
63	56	ProctGm	1.40	202	61⅝	62¼	61⅝	62¼	+ ⅛
24⅜	15¼	ProdRsch	.10	266	24¼	24½	23	23	—1⅜
36¼	21⅞	PubSCol	1.12	45	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾	
30½	26	P Sv EG	1.64	131	26⅞	27¼	26⅞	27¼	+ ⅛
124¾	113⅜	PSEG	pf9.62	z30	118	118	118	118	
101	88	PSEG	pf5.80	z200	89	90	89	90	+2
80	68⅝	PSEG	pf5.28	z10	72	72	72	72	
64	54	PSEG	pf4.18	z10	54½	54½	54½	54½	
23⅝	19¼	PSEG	pf4.30	14	19⅝	19⅝	19⅜	19⅜	+ ⅛
49⅝	35	PubSvIn	2.76	34	36½	36⅝	36	36½	— ⅛
30½	25	PubS NN	1.64	11	27¾	27¾	26¾	27	— ⅛
9¼	6½	PublkInd	.31f	13	6½	6½	6½	6½	
17⅞	14½	Publln	.28	21	15¾	15¾	15½	15½	— ⅛
14⅝	13¼	PR Cemt	.40	15	12⅞	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	
33⅜	29	PugSPLt	1.64	19	29¼	29¼	29	29	+ ⅛
54½	40⅝	Pullman	2	39	53¼	53⅝	52¾	53¼	+ ⅜
45¼	36½	PurexCp	.84	176	39⅝	39¾	39⅜	39⅝	+ ⅜
30	25	Purex	pf1.25	12	26⅛	27¼	26⅛	27½	+1⅝
91½	68⅛	Purolatr	1.60	x55	86½	86¾	86½	86½	— ⅜
49¾	40⅝	Quak OVAT	⅛		44¼	45⅛	43¾	43	
47⅜	32	QuakStOil	.60	15	45	45½	45	45½	+ ⅛
23	14	Questor	.50	49	16¾	19½	16⅛	18⅞	— ⅛

R

35	24⅜	RalstonP	.70	76	33¾	34⅛	33¾	33⅞	+ ⅛
46¾	36¼	RalstP	pf1.20	22	46¾	46¾	46½	46¾	— ⅜
32	22⅜	Ramad	.24b	171	32	32¾	32	32⅝	+ ⅛
27½	14⅞	Rance Inc	.92	22	25	23	24⅜	25	— ⅛
20⅛	10⅝	Rapid Amer		83	16⅝	16⅝	16⅜	16⅝	
54	26¼	RaytstoM	1	9	29½	29½	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅛
13⅝	9	Raymd	Int	131	13¾	14⅛	13¾	14⅛	+ ⅛
45¾	27	Raytheon	.60	58	39⅛	39⅛	39	39	— ⅛
45½	27¼	RVAYTH	PF	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	
40⅝	26	RCA	1	546	40⅛	40¼	40⅛	40⅛	— ⅛
90⅛	65	RCA	cv pf	4	112	91	91	90	
58	49	RCA	pf 3.50	z280	52	52	51	51	—2
9	6	Reading	Co	6	7½	7½	7½	7½	+ ⅛
9¼	5¾	Reading	1 pf	6	7⅞	8	7⅞	8	+ ⅛
35¾	25½	Rdg Bale	.25	415	33¾	34¾	33¾	34⅞	+1⅛
58	44⅛	Rdg Bl	pf1.27	1	58	58	58	58	
47⅛	24⅜	Regmn	.10g	96	41½	41½	40⅞	41	— ⅛
42⅜	32	Resv Bf	1.50	4	37½	37½	37	37	— ⅛
17⅞	9¾	Reich Ch	.20	15	10⅜	10⅜	10	10	— ⅛
13	10¾	Reilab	Str	.60	10	11	12	12	+ ⅛
28⅜	20⅛	Reflan	El	.70	29	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	+ ⅛
11⅜	6⅛	Republic	Cp	102	8⅛	8¾	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
31⅜	26⅞	ReputSII	1.60	46	27½	27⅝	27½	27½	— ⅛
55½	53¾	RetailCred	2	3	54	54	54	54	
31⅛	23¼	Revco DS	.28	14	30½	30½	30	30	— ⅛
25⅝	19⅜	Revere	Cop	1	24	24	23½	23⅝	— ⅛
80⅝	54	Revlon		122	70	70	68½	69	—1⅜
36½	30¾	Rex Chn	1.50	10	32⅝	33	32⅝	32⅝	+ ⅛
54¾	53	Reyn Ind	2.40	272	53¾	53⅞	53¾	53⅞	+ ⅛
81⅜	57¾	Reyln	pf 2.25	x8	72⅜	73½	72⅜	72⅝	
33¼	26⅛	ReynMet	1.10	225	29	29⅜	28⅜	29⅛	+ ⅜
80½	69	Rey M	pf4.50	3	73½	75¼	73½	75¼	
34⅝	25⅞	Rhingold	.20	38	29⅜	30	29⅜	29⅝	
15⅝	12¼	Richrdson	.80	12	13	12	13	13	— ⅛
67½	58⅞	RichMerrel	1	588	65⅞	65⅞	65⅞	65⅞	+1¼
17¾	14⅛	Riegel	Pf .60	69	15½	15⅜	15½	15½	— ⅛
19½	15⅜	RiegelTxt	.50	8	17	17	16⅞	17	+ ⅛
23	13¾	Rio Grnd	.60	136	22	22	21⅞	22	
24⅜	27¾	RivieraFds	1	46	33	33	32⅝	33	+ ⅛
6	5	RoanST	1.85g	9	6	6	6	6	
36⅞	25⅜	RobtsCon	.20	2	25½	25½	25½	25½	— ⅛
26⅝	20⅜	Rogrtsn	1.10	5	22¼	22⅝	22¼	22¾	+ ⅜
25⅝	18⅜	RohmHas	1.40	186	21⅛	22¼	21⅛	22	+ ⅜
27⅞	22⅜	RochGs	1.20b	56	23½	23¾	23	23½	+ ⅛
80½	48½	RochTaf	1.32	17	41⅜	42	41⅜	42	
20¼	12½	Rockower	.24	180	15	15⅜	14⅞	15	— ⅛
20½	14⅝	RockMfg	1.40	17	17	17	17	17	
11⅞	8½	Rohmh	1.60b	4	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	
21	15½	Rohr Cp	.80	103	16⅜	16⅞	16¼	16⅝	
42⅜	25⅛	Rollfinanc	.22	1	42¾	42¾	42½	42⅛	— ⅛
9⅝	5⅞	Ranson	.25f	25	7½	7½	7½	7½	
37⅛	32¼	Roper Cp	1	1	33⅞	33⅝	33⅞	33⅞	
39½	27⅜	RorerAm	.72	342	31⅝	31⅞	29⅝	30½	—1
26½	16¼	RoyCola	.54	19	32⅜	32⅞	32⅜	32⅝	+ ⅛
46¾	39¾	RoyDut	1.04g	287	45	45⅛	44¾	45⅛	+ ⅛
		RoyD	fn1.04g	9	42⅞	43¼	42⅞	43	
11⅞	6¼	Royal	Ind	27	11	11⅛	10⅞	11	
17⅜	12⅜	RTE	Corp .12	18	14⅜	14½	14⅛	14¼	
47	34⅝	Rubbrmd	.56	8	45¾	46	45⅝	45⅞	+ ⅛
12	½	Rucker	Co	18	10¼	10¾	10⅛	10⅜	+ ⅛
12	1½	Russ Tog	.48	21	24½	z25¾	24½	25¾	+ ⅜
50	33	Ryder Sy	.50	215	49½	49¾	48⅝	48⅝	— ⅜

S

14⅜	10	Safegrd	In	51	12¾	13	12¾	12⅝	— ⅜
40½	32⅜	Safeway	1.30	907	37⅞	37⅞	37¾	37¾	+ ⅛
29½	23⅜	SJoseM	1.50	101	23½	24⅛	23½	23⅝	— ⅛
18⅜	15⅜	SJosLP	1.84	4	17	17	17	17	
56	43½	StL Sn	F 2.40	5	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾	+ ⅛
42¼	36½	StRegis	P 1.40	35	40⅛	40⅜	39⅝	39¾	— ⅜
24	19¼	SanDGas	1.88	24	19⅝	19⅝	19½	19½	— ⅛
22¾	12⅜	Sanders	Asso	74	19	19	18¾	19	
20½	14	Sangamo	.40	26	16½	16⅜	16½	16½	— ⅛
32⅛	23½	SJuanR	2.18t	5	30¾	32¼	30½	32¾	+ ⅛
35⅝	24⅛	Sa Fe Ind	1.80	272	25⅛	25⅝	25⅛	25⅝	+ ⅛
9¼	7⅝	SFe Ind	pf.50	104	8¼	8¾	8¼	8¾	+ ⅛
43½	21	SanPaint	.30	31	38¼	38¾	30½	30½	
14⅜	10⅜	SarWelSci	.20	2	11	11⅛	11	11⅛	— ⅛
19	16	SavenhE	1.12	17	16⅜	16½	16½	16½	
17½	10	SavA	Shp .24	50	12½	12¾	12	12¼	+ ⅛
29	18¼	Saxon	Ind	256	27½	27¼	26½	26¾	— ⅛

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div.	In $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High	Low	Last.	Net Ch'ge
37¾	25⅝	Schaefer Cp		26	27¾	27⅝	27¼	27¾	
31⅞	25	Schenley	1.40	32	26½	26½	26	26⅝	+ ⅛
28½	22¾	Schenl	pf 1.40	144	23⅝	24	23⅝	24	+ ⅛
8	7⅛	Schnly	pf .50	1	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
84½	60½	SchrPlg	.90	149	79¼	79⅝	79	79½	
90⅛	66⅛	SchlitzBr	1.60	48	88¾	89	88¾	88¾	— ⅛
130	87¾	Schlmbr	1.40	62	120⅜	122¾	119⅞	120	— ⅛
23⅜	13⅞	SCM Corp		235	22¼	22¾	22	22	— ⅛
19½	15½	SCOA Ind	.60	76	17¼	17⅜	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
24½	19⅝	Scot L Fd	.56	10	21	21	21	21	+ ⅛
28½	16¾	Scott Fetz	.80	23	25⅞	26¼	25⅝	26	+ ⅛
25	19½	Scott For	.60	12	20½	20⅜	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
27¼	23⅛	Scott Paper	1	175	25	25¼	25	25	+ ⅛
49¼	40	Scoplll	1.40	24	47⅝	48¼	47¼	48¼	+ ⅜
59⅜	51	Scovll	pf2.50		58	59	57⅞	59	+1⅛
7⅝	6⅜	Scud Duo	Vsl	74	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
9½	8⅛	Scuddr	pf.32g	34	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	
46⅜	37⅜	SbCL	In 2.20	.1036	58¾	61	58¾	61	+2¼
16½	7	SdoWorld	Air	40	13⅞	14½	13⅜	13⅞	
19⅜	13⅛	Seagrve	.12d	11	15	15	14⅜	14⅝	— ⅛
70	51⅝	Searl GD	1.30	41	67¾	67¾	67	67¼	— ⅛
91⅜	74⅛	SearsRn	1.40	226	90	92	90	92	+2¼
18g	12⅛	Seatrain	Line	40	14	14⅛	13⅞	14⅛	— ⅛
36⅛	25	Sedco	Inc .08	96	34¾	35	34⅝	35	+ ⅛
32½	25⅛	Seguryt	.50b	83	32¼	32¾	32¼	32¾	+ ⅛
26¼	22¼	Shapell	Ind	30	23¾	23⅞	23⅝	23⅞	+ ⅛
54½	45½	Shell Oil	2.40	136	45⅝	45⅞	45¼	45½	— ⅛
41	32½	Shell Tr	.15g	1	40¾	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	
24	19¼	ShellerGl	.80	18	21	21	20½	20⅝	— ⅛
23⅜	21¼	ShellGl	pf1.40	4	21	21	20½	20½	— ⅜
26⅞	22	ShellGl	pf1.35	2	23½	23⅝	23½	23⅝	
51¼	44	Sherw Wm	2	444	50¼	51¼	49¾	49⅞	— ⅛
15½	11¼	Siegel Nl		14	6¾	9¾	6¾	6¾	+ ⅛
19⅝	17⅜	SierraPac	.80	12	17⅞	17⅞	17⅜	17⅞	+ ⅛
21⅛	13⅜	Signal Co	.60	134	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼	+ ⅛
45¾	33½	Signal	pf2.20	6	42½	43¾	42½	43¼	+ ⅛
19⅛	15¼	Signal	pf 1	6	18⅛	18⅛	18½	18½	— ⅛
53¾	42½	Signode	1.10	7	53¾	53¾	53½	53½	+ ⅛
8⅞	6¾	Simm Prez		70	7	7¼	6⅞	7¼	+ ⅛
36⅝	22¼	Simmons	.80	30	30⅞	31¼	30⅝	31¼	+ ⅛
128½	94	SimpPal	.88b	12	123	123	122⅝	122⅝	— ⅜
77½	63¼	SingerCo	2.40	61	72¼	73	72¾	73	+ ⅛
100	82½	Singer	pf3.50	12	93¾	94½	93½	94½	+ ⅜
34⅜	22⅜	SkaggCo	.40b	103	30¾	30¾	30	30⅛	— ⅛
52¾	41⅜	Skelly Oil	1	22	48	48¼	47¾	47¾	— ⅛
29	19⅜	Skil Corp		6	25⅜	26	25⅜	25⅝	— ⅛
48⅜	27	Skyline	.20	52	29¼	29¾	29¼	29¾	+ ⅜
54⅜	44⅜	SmithAO	1.40	19	54	54¼	54	54	
26½	16⅛	Smith Intl	.40	42	24½	25⅜	24	25⅛	+ ⅛
57	47½	Smith KF	$	199	52⅝	53⅜	52⅝	52⅝	— ⅛
34	20⅜	Smucker	.76	2	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	
17⅝	12⅝	Sola Bas	.50	27	15¾	15¾	15½	15½	—

American Stock Exchange Trading

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div.	In $	Sls. 100s	First.	High	Low	Last.	Net Chge
14½	9⅛	AberdnMf	.40	5	10¼	10½	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
6	4⅜	AbrdnP	.12t	2	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	
4⅞	2¼	Acme Hamil		13	2⅞	3	2⅞	3	
3⅝	2⅜	Acme Prec		15	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾	
24¼	15⅝	Action	In	19	20¼	20⅝	20¼	20⅛	
18⅝	8⅜	Admiral	Intl	9	15⅝	16⅛	15⅞	16⅛	+ ⅛
7⅝	4⅛	Aerodex	Inc	2	4½	4¼	4¼	4¼	
27⅝	18⅞	Aerojet	.50a	26	19⅝	20⅝	19⅝	20⅛	+1½
14	7⅜	Aeronca	.20e	57	0	8	7¾	7⅞	— ⅛
8	3	Aerosol	.10t		8	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
8⅞	5½	Aerovox	Cp	36	7½	7¾	7½	7¾	+ ⅛
15	10⅜	AffilCap	Cp	5	12⅛	12½	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	7¼	Affil	Cap wt	22	8	8⅛	8	8	
w6¼	10¼	AffilHosp	.20	3	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	
9⅝	6	AIC	Photo	1	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
6¾	3½	Aiken	Ind		9	3⅝	4	3⅝	
3⅛	1⅛	AIM	Cos		27	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+ ⅛
29⅜	20⅜	AmPetrf	.55g		13	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	+ ⅛
12⅜	7⅞	ARTyTr	.55g		11	10¼	10¼	10	10⅛
14⅜	8⅜	AmSef	Equip		21	11⅜	12½	11⅜	12	+ ⅛
9⅜	4¾	AmTech	If		10	6⅜	6⅜	6½	6½	— ⅛
24⅞	16⅞	AmesDep	Str		25	25	25	24¾	24½	— ½
41	20¼	Amrep	Corp		87	24	24	22¾	22¾	—1⅛
6⅛	4	AndreaR	.05p		2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
6⅝	3¼	Andy	Gard		0	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
38	23¾	AngelicaJ	.18		81	30	30⅝	30⅝	30½	+1⅜
2½	1½	Anglo	Lautro		48	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	
15	8⅜	Ansul	Co		4	13½	13¾	13½	13¾	+ ⅛
9½	5⅛	AntenEl	.40		5	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
6	4⅜	AbrdnP	.12t		2	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	
4⅞	2¼	Acme	Hamil		13	2⅞	3	2⅞	3	
3⅝	2⅜	Acme	Prec		15	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾	
24¼	15⅝	Action	In		19	20¼	20⅝	20¼	20⅛	
18⅝	8⅜	Admiral	Intl		9	15⅝	16⅛	15⅞	16⅛	+ ⅛
7⅜	4½	Aerodex	Inc		2	4½	4¼	4¼	4¼	
27⅜	18⅞	Aerojet	.50a		26	19⅝	20⅝	19⅝	20⅜	+1½
14	7⅜	Aeronca	.20e		57	0	8	7¾	7⅞	— ⅛
8	3	Aerosol	.10t			8	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
8⅜	5½	Aerovox	Cp		36	7½	7¾	7½	7¾	+ ⅛
15	10⅜	AffilCap	Cp		5	12⅛	12½	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	7¼	Affil	Cap wt		22	8	8⅛	8	8	
w6¼	10¼	AffilHosp	.20		3	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	
9⅝	6	AIC	Photo		1	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
6¾	3½	Aiken	Ind			9	3⅝	4	3⅝	
3⅛	1⅛	AIM	Cos		27	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+ ⅛
29⅜	20⅜	AmPetrf	.55g		13	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	+ ⅛
12⅜	7⅞	ARTyTr	.55g		11	10¼	10¼	10	10⅛	
14⅜	8⅜	AmSef	Equip		21	11⅜	12½	11⅜	12	+ ⅛
9⅜	4¾	AmTech	If		10	6⅜	6⅜	6½	6½	— ⅛
24⅞	16⅞	AmesDep	Str		25	25	25	24¾	24½	— ½
41	20¼	Amrep	Corp		87	24	24	22¾	22¾	—1⅛
6⅛	4	AndreaR	.05p		2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
6⅜	3¼	Andy	Gard		0	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
38	23¾	AngelicaJ	.18		81	30	30⅝	30⅝	30½	+1⅜
2½	1½	Anglo	Lautro		48	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	
15	8⅜	Ansul	Co		4	13½	13¾	13½	13¾	+ ⅛
9½	5⅛	AntenEl	.40		5	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
9½	5¼	AllenEl	.80f		26	23⅜	24	23⅜	24	+ ⅛
27⅜	20	Allen	Ind		3	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	
3⅜	2⅛	Allenwd	Inc		2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
6¾	4	Alpha	Ind		13	5⅜	5½	5¼	5⅜	— ⅛
6¼	3⅜	Alsmil	Cp		13	4⅜	4⅜	4¼	4¼	— ⅛
17¼	12¼	Alter	Pds	.50	29	15⅜	15¼	15¼	15⅛	— ⅛
15⅜	9¾	AlumSpec	.4		33	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	+ ⅛
24	10⅜	Amco	Ind		75	20¼	21⅜	20¼	21	+ ¼
20	13⅜	Am	Agronom		10	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅛
10⅛	6⅞	A	AstVnd	.28	x5	8½	8⅝	8½	8⅝	— ⅛
8¼	4⅜	ABKStre	.21f		14	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
34	30¼	AmBldgM	.24		37	33⅛	33⅝	33⅝	33⅛	
27	21⅜	A CenM	1.40g		89	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾	— ⅜
23¼	17⅞	Am Fin	1.10		24	20¾	20¾	20⅝	20⅝	+ ⅛
21½	18¼	AmFin	pf1.50		1	19	19	19	19	
31¼	23¾	A Fitch	1.24g		14	26⅛	28½	27⅜	27⅝	— ⅜
11	3 ¼	AmFitch	wt		14	0	8¼	7¼	7⅝	— ⅛
6⅜	3¼	Alsrael	.12g		1	5	5	5	5	
w6¼	10¼	AMRHoso	.20		3	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	
16	9¼	A MaizeB	.33		1	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	+ ⅛
42¼	35	AmMf	1.20g		1	35	35	35	35	+ ⅛
38¼	18⅜	AmMotInns			81	30¼	32¼	30¼	31⅝	+ ⅜
29⅜	20⅜	AmPetrf	.55g		13	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	+ ⅛
12⅜	7⅞	ARTyTr	.55g		11	10¼	10¼	10	10⅛	
14⅜	8⅜	AmSef	Equip		21	11⅜	12½	11⅜	12	+ ⅛
9⅜	4¾	AmTech	If		10	6⅜	6⅜	6½	6½	— ⅛
24⅞	16⅞	AmesDep	Str		25	25	25	24¾	24½	— ½
41	20¼	Amrep	Corp		87	24	24	22¾	22¾	—1⅛
6⅛	4	AndreaR	.05p		2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
6⅜	3¼	Andy	Gard		0	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
38	23¾	AngelicaJ	.18		81	30	30⅝	30⅝	30½	+1⅜
2½	1½	Anglo	Lautro		48	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	
15	8⅜	Ansul	Co		4	13½	13¾	13½	13¾	+ ⅛
9½	5⅛	AntenEl	.40		5	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
9½	5¼	AllenEl	.80f		26	23⅜	24	23⅜	24	+ ⅛
27⅜	20	Allen	Ind		3	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	
3⅜	2⅛	Allenwd	Inc		2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
6¾	4	Alpha	Ind		13	5⅜	5½	5¼	5⅜	— ⅛
6¼	3⅜	Alsmil	Cp		13	4⅜	4⅜	4¼	4¼	— ⅛
17¼	12¼	Alter	Pds	.50	29	15⅜	15¼	15¼	15⅛	— ⅛
15⅜	9¾	AlumSpec	.4		33	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	+ ⅛
24	10⅜	Amco	Ind		75	20¼	21⅜	20¼	21	+ ¼
20	13⅜	Am	Agronom		10	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅛
10⅛	6⅞	A	AstVnd	.28	x5	8½	8⅝	8½	8⅝	— ⅛
8¼	4⅜	ABKStre	.21f		14	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
34	30¼	AmBldgM	.24		37	33⅛	33⅝	33⅝	33⅛	
27	21⅜	A CenM	1.40g		89	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾	— ⅜
23¼	17⅞	Am Fin	1.10		24	20¾	20¾	20⅝	20⅝	+ ⅛
21½	18¼	AmFin	pf1.50		1	19	19	19	19	
31¼	23¾	A Fitch	1.24g		14	26⅛	28½	27⅜	27⅝	— ⅜
11	3 ¼	AmFitch	wt		14	0	8¼	7¼	7⅝	— ⅛
6⅜	3¼	Alsrael	.12g		1	5	5	5	5	
w6¼	10¼	AMRHoso	.20		3	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	
9⅝	6	AIC	Photo		1	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
6¾	3½	Aiken	Ind			9	3⅝	4	3⅝	
3⅛	1⅛	AIM	Cos		27	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+ ⅛

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American Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from preceding page.)

1971 — Stocks and	Div.	In $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High	Low	Last.	Ch'ge	Net
11½	5	Old Town	22	11⅜	11⅛	10⅝	10⅝	—	⅝
10⅛		Olin Ind	14	17¼	11⅞	11½	7⅜	+	⅜
81		Oxlap 2.10g	2100	82	82	82	82	+	⅛
5⅜		Originala .30	7	7⅛	7⅛	7½	7⅛	—	⅛
2⅜		Ormand Ind	8	4	4	3⅝	3⅝	—	⅛
7¼		Osullivn .50	5	9½	9⅛	9½	9½	+	⅛
23⅜		OvrhdDr .60	6	26½	26½	25¼	25¼	—	1
16½		Over Ship Gr	201	19½	20	19¾	20	+	½
9¼		Oxfd Pst .30g	8	11⅛	11¼	11⅛	11⅛	—	⅛
3¼		Ozark Airlins	57	6½	6¼	6¼	6½		

P

11		P&A Indust	3	13¼	13¼	13	13	—	⅛
23⅛		P&F Indust	21	4¼	4¼	4	4	—	⅛
23¼		Pac Cst Proa	23	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜		
20		PGE 6pf 1.50	15	20½	20¾	20½V	¼	2½	—
17½		PGE pf 1.37	12	17½	18	17½	17¾	+	⅛
16		PGE 5pf 1.25	1	17¼	17½	17½	17½	+	⅛
51½		PG Rd pf1.25	4	14½	6½	6½	16½		
16⅛		PG rdpfA1.25	1	16½	16⅝	16½	16⅝	—	⅛
14½		PG 4.50pf1.12	1	14⅞	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝	+	⅛
28½		V PG 9.28pf2.32	7	30	30¼	30	30¼	+	
26¼		PG 8.16pf2.04	7	27⅜	27⅜	26¾	26¾	—	⅜
12⅛		P Hold .20b	12	12⅜	13	12½	10	+	⅜
14		P Hold pf1.20	9	16½	16½	15⅜	16	—	⅜
58		Pac Lt pf4.50	2230	58¾	58¾	58½	58½	+	⅛
15⅞		P NwTel 1.04	1	16	16⅛	15⅞	16		
20⅜		PacSLoan .30	14	23½	23½	23	23⅛	—	⅛
9⅜		P SwtAir wt	26	19⅜	19⅝	19½	19⅝	—	⅛
01⅜		Pall Corp A	11	17	17⅜	17	17⅛	+	⅛
10⅛		Palomar Finl	69	14⅜	15¼	14½	14⅝		
14⅛		Palomar Mt	29	15⅝	15½	15⅛	15⅜	—	⅛
21		Pamida la n	234	26½	27¼	26¼	26¾	+	⅛
3⅛		Panhandle	7	4⅝	4⅝	⅝	4⅝	—	
61⅜		ppvermont Pkg		7	7⅝	0	7¼		7⅝
9⅝		Park Els .47f	22	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛		
41⅜		Parklan Hos	16	5	5½	5	5½	+	⅜
8⅜		Parkwy Dist	6	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	+	⅛
176⅜		Parsons .25e	24	28	28¼	27½	28		
7		Pat Pfsp .20	18	7	7	7	7		
6⅝		Pato CS .20g	15	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	+	⅛
24		Peab Gal .47f	26	22½	23⅜	20⅝	21		
11		Peel Elder	56	19⅛	19½	18½	19⅛	—	⅛
8⅞		Penn Eng .60	45	8⅝	9	8¼	8⅝	—	½
10⅝		Penn RIE .85	3	11⅜	11⅜	11¼	11¼	—	⅛
16⅛		PennTra .70a	7	20⅜	20½	20¼	20½	+	⅜
2½		Penfron Ind	20	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝		
29		pop Boys .95	4	37¼	37¾	37¼	37¾		
5⅜		Pepcomln .40	7	15½	15⅝	15½	15⅝	—	⅛
22		PEPI Inc	13	24½	24⅝	24½	24½		
7⅝		Perini Corp	38	6¼	6¼	6	6⅛		
7		Parmanar	10	15⅞	16	15⅝	16	+	⅛
31⅝		Petrie Str .40	35	47⅜	47⅝	47	47¼	+	⅛
13⅜		Petrol Pfsp	49	6⅝	6⅝	6⅛	6⅛	+	⅛
13½		Phillips Scr	3	17⅞	18	17⅞	18		
3		Phoenix 8ft	25	4½	4½	4½	4½		
2		Piasecki Airc	3	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾		
30		Pickwick Intl	47	38⅝	51	50⅝	51	+	⅛
35¼		Pier 1 Import	53	39¾	40½	39⅝	40½	+	⅜
10¼		Pioneer Plas	145	12⅜	12⅝	12	12	—	⅜
6¼		Pioner Sty .12f	14	8⅝	8⅝	8½	8⅝	—	⅛
29		Pittway .60b	32	32	32½	32	32½	+	½
5½		Pitt WV T .54	11	6⅝	6⅝	6⅛	6⅛	—	⅛
3¼		PKL Co	18	3⅞	4½	3⅝	3¾	—	⅛
38½		Placr De .60g	2	31⅜	32	31⅜	32	+	⅛
18½		Plant Ind	10	16½	16½	16½	16	—	⅛
4⅛		Plaza Gourm	27	4½	4½	4½	4⅝	+	⅛
7		Ply Gem .15f	3	9⅝	9⅝	9⅜	9⅝		
37⅛		Plym Rub A	1	6½	6½	6½	6½	+	⅛
20¼		PNB Mtg Rt	75	24¼	24¾	24¼	24⅝	+	⅛
5¼		PNB MRI wt	100	6½	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	—	½
8⅛		Pneumo Dy	17	9	9⅛	8⅞	9		
0⅝		Polaron .56f	48	15⅝	15¾	15¼	15¾	—	⅛
13½		Polych .73f	1	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾		
17⅛		Potter Inst	61	17⅝	17⅝	17½	17½		
18½		Prairie Oil	31	14⅜	15⅛	14¼	15¼	+	⅜
15		Pratt Lamb 1	4	15¼	15½	15⅛	15⅛	+	⅛
24⅜		Pratt Rd .20	11	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	+	⅛
8⅝		PrattRd pf.66	2	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	—	⅛
42⅜		PrenlHall .76	8	46	46½	45¾	45¾	—	½
10		PresRit A .88	11	12	12⅜	12	12⅜	+	½
7⅜		Preston .14g	4	9¾	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	—	⅛
6⅛		Price Capital	29	9	9½	9	9¼	+	⅛
19⅛		Prair Sit .75g	30	22¼	23½	22¼	23½	+	1⅛
8		Prud RI Est	44	8¼	8⅝	8⅜	8⅝	—	⅛
19½		Prud Bdg .24	21	25	25¾	25	25¾	+	1⅛
4⅞		PrldFnds .18	12	4⅝	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝		
7½		Pubco Ptl .15	38	8⅜	8½	8¼	8¼		
10		PuntaGord lo	316	17⅜	18⅛	17⅛	18⅛	+	1½
10⅝		Puritan Fash	126	34	34⅜	33½	33⅝		
9		Putnams$ .34	23	14⅜	14⅝	14½	14⅝		

R

3		Ramer Ind	3	4¼	4⅜	4¼	4⅜	+	⅛
13⅜		Ranchers Ex	26	13⅜	13½	12⅜	12⅜	—	⅛
3⅜		Rapid Am wt	155	6⅛	6⅛	6	6	—	⅛
9		Rath Pack	259	17⅛	17⅝	15⅝	16⅞		
6½		Ray Resrcs	16	7½	7½	7¼	7¼	+	
6⅜		Raym Pr .40	9	11⅜	11⅞	11⅜	11⅜		
7⅜		RO Indust	20	14⅞	14⅞	14½	14½	—	⅛
5½		Reading Ind	15	5⅜	6	5¾	6	+	⅜
22½		Real El 1.40a	1	26¼	26¾	26¼	26¾	+	⅛
11⅞		RllynInTr .97g	1	16½	16½	16½	16½		
21⅜		Reartion Corp	20	37¾	38	37⅞	37⅞	—	⅜
2⅜		REDM .10af	9	3⅞	4	3⅞	4	+	⅛
2½		Reeves Telec	23	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3¾	+	⅛
22		Reil Ins 2.20	2200	42¾	44	42½	43½	+	½
11⅞		Rem Arm .80	15	12⅝	12⅝	12⅛	12⅛		
17½		RepMtg 1.80a	27	19⅜	19⅜	19⅛	19⅜	+	⅛
3⅜		RepMtgIn wt	38	6⅜	6⅜	6¼	6¼		
22⅜		ResrchCH .68	170	53⅜	56	53⅜	55½	+	2⅜
7⅛		Reserve OG	164	7⅞	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛	+	½
6		Resistoflex	11	7⅜	8¼	7⅜	8⅛	+	⅛
9½		Resortsintl A	266	7⅜	8	7⅛	7⅝	+	⅛
7⅛		Resortsintl B	2	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	+	⅛
5		Resrau Assoc	38	5¾	6	5¾	5⅞		
15⅜		Rex Noreco	116	22⅜	23¼	22⅜	23¼	+	⅜
9½		RH Med Svcs	10	16¾	16⅜	16½	16⅜	—	⅛
7⅜		Ribtet Prods	10	11⅛	11¼	11	11	—	⅛
5⅜		Richford Ind	31	11½	11⅜	10¾	10⅜	—	½
23⅜		Richton Int	7	25	25	24⅜	25	+	⅛
1⅛		RicoArg Mng	6	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+	⅛
3⅜		Riker Maxs	69	8⅜	8¼	8⅜	8⅜	+	⅛
1⅜		Riker Mxn pf	2	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜		
15⅛		RioAlgom .40	17	19½	19⅝	19½	19⅝	—	⅛
6⅜		RitterFin .12f	5	5	5	5	5	—	⅛
6⅛		Robintech	34	8⅛	8½	8⅛	8¼		
6½		Roblin Ind	5	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛		
13⅜		Rockwey .80	14	16⅛	16⅛	16	16⅛	+	⅛
10⅛		Rogers Corp	2	24½	24½	24⅛	24⅛	—	⅛
17⅛		Rollins Intl	26	22⅞	23	22½	22⅝		
8⅜		Ronco Teleprr	24	8⅛	8⅜	8⅛	8⅛		
23⅜		RownDrl .14g	12	29½	9⅝	29½	29¾	+	
16⅛		Royal Amer	3	15⅝	15⅝	15¼	15⅜		
6⅛		Roy Russ Fd	2	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼		
11⅝		Royallan Arn	62	12⅜	12⅝	12⅜	12⅜	+	⅛
14⅛		RPS Prod .19	12	28⅜	29⅛	28⅜	29⅛	+	⅛
2⅞		RSC Indust	18	0	3	2⅜	2⅜	—	⅛
12⅜		Rupp Indust	25	16½	16½	16	16½	—	⅜
3		Rusco Ind	306	3⅜	4⅜	3¾	4⅛	+	½
2½		Russeks Inc	15	3¼	3¼	3⅛	3⅛		
2½		Russell Alan	11	5⅜	5¾	5⅜	5¾	+	⅛
12⅞		RussMill .20g	1	9¼	9¼	9¼	9½		
66½		Ryan Homes	3	77½	77¾	77½	77¾		
2⅜		Ryerson Hay	3	2⅜	2⅜	2⅛	2⅜	—	½

S

17		SabinRoy .44	14	26½	26⅞	26½	26½	+	⅜
19		StJhnTrk .90	2	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	+	⅛
11⅜		Salem Corp	74	14½	14⅝	14	14		
15¾		Sambo R .16r	28	38	38⅜	37½	37¾		
6		S Carlos .24g	2	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	—	⅛
112¾		S DieG pf9.84	0	115	115	114	114	—	½
11⅛		Sanitas .12	139	11½	1¼	11	11¼		
3⅜		Sargent Ind	49	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞		
4⅜		Saturn Airwy	1	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+	⅛
24½		Savin B Mch	179	28½	31	28⅜	31	+	2⅜
3⅛		Savoy Ind	12	8¼	8½	8¼	8½	+	⅛
2⅝		SeyreF .16f	2	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	+	⅛
15⅛		Scam Instrm	25	31	31⅝	31	31⅝		
7⅞		Schenut .10g	2	7½	7½	7½	7½	—	⅛
5⅜		Schiller Ind	6	5¾	5⅜	5¼	5⅜		
6⅜		Science Mgt	44	8⅛	8¼	8⅛	8⅛	+	⅛
1½		Scient Atlan		25	14	14	13⅛	13½	—
7⅜		Scope Indust	2	8	8	8	8		
16⅜		ScottyshI .10e	7	32⅜	33	32⅜	33		
19½		Scurry Rain	82	20⅝	20⅞	20	20⅛	+	⅛
7⅜		SdAdMill .30	2	10½	10½	10½	10⅞		
7⅜		Sea Containr	24	15¼	15¼	14⅜	14⅝	—	⅜
7⅜		SbdPlywd .1 8	11	9⅜	9⅜	9½	9½	—	⅛
6⅛		Seabrok .06g	39	10⅜	10⅜	10¼	10⅜	—	⅛
16⅛		Sears Ind .44	67	19⅜	21⅜	19⅞	21⅜	+	1⅜
12⅛		SecMtg I .45g	57	20⅜	20⅛	20⅛	20⅜		
15⅜		SelasCorp .40	63	39½	40¼	38	39⅞	+	⅞
5⅛		Semtech .21I	1	9	9	9	9		
3⅜		Sequoyah Ind	55	5⅜	5½	5⅜	5⅜		
17⅜		Service Cp In	247	23¼	22⅞	21⅞	22⅛	+	⅜
14⅞		Servisco	7	14⅜	14½	14⅛	14⅜	—	⅛
5⅛		Servo Corp	1	5⅛	5¼	5¼	5¼		
11		Servotronic	2	15¼	15¾	15¼	15¾	—	⅛
10		Seton Co .45	1	12½	13½	13½	13½	+	¼
14⅛		SGL Ind 1.19f	3	16½	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛		
4⅜		Shatick Denn	72	4¾	4⅝	4⅝	4¾	+	⅛
9⅝		ShellRes .05e	53	14	14	13⅝	13⅝	—	⅛
7⅞		Shenandgh	15	9¼	9⅝	9¼	9⅝		
39¾		Sherwyd Med	17	52¾	57¼	51⅝	51⅝	—	⅛
9		Sierra P Ind	17	12¾	13½	12⅝	12⅝	—	⅛
7⅜		Sierracin Cp	126	19½	20⅝	19¾	20⅛	+	⅜
6⅜		Sifco Indust	6	7⅜	7½V	7⅜	7½		
5⅜		Sigma Instr	13	7¼	7¼	7¼	7⅛	—	⅛
6⅜		Signet Cp .20	5	9⅞	10	9⅞	10	+	⅛
5¼		Simco St .20b	3	9⅛	8⅝	9½	8⅝	—	⅛
7½		Simkins .50	2	8	8	8	8	—	⅛
7⅛		Simplicin .50f	1	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼		
24½		IncVanOil 2	210	25⅜	25⅞	25⅜	25⅜		
6⅜		Sinkin SmRes	3	6⅞	6⅞	6¾	6¾	—	⅛
9½		Sky City Strs	19	13	13	13	13⅛	—	⅛
19⅜		Slick Corp	99	12¼	13	12¼	12⅜	+	⅛
24		SlickptA 1.75	207	24	25½	24	27¾	+	1⅜
3⅜		SMO Ind	19	5	5	3	3	+	⅛
11½		Softiron	264	17½	17¾	17	17½	—	⅛
24¼		Sonder Brdct	56	30⅜	31¾	30⅜	30⅝	+	⅛
7⅛		Sorg Paper	5	9⅜	9¼	9⅛	9⅛		
13⅜		Soundsn .16g	6	20⅛	20½	20⅛	20⅛	—	⅛
8⅛		Soest Ca .64a	1	6¾	9¾	9¾	9¾		
29½		SCorp pf1.50	230	28½	28⅝	28½	28½	—	½
14⅜		SCS.80pf 1.45	6	19½	19½	19⅛	19½	+	⅛
29½		SC.20pf 1.30	4	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	+	⅛
15		SC 6.75pf 1.19	4	15½	15¾	15½	15⅝	+	⅛
13⅛		SC 4.32pf 1.08	1	14½	14½	14⅛	14⅛	+	⅛
4⅝		Sou Real Ut	3	5½	5¾	5½	5½	+	⅛
37⅛		SouRay 1.20	17	48	48	47¾	48		
15⅜		Sent Pac Ind	134	20	21¼	20	21¼	+	1⅛
12		Swn Inv .20	3	15	15	14⅜	14⅝	—	⅛
9½		Spectty Rest	58	24¼	24½	23¾	23¾	—	1
5⅜		Spector Ind	9	7	7	7	7		
5¾		Spectro .10	28	8½	8½	8¼	8½	+	⅛
5¾		SpdOP .26f	73	12½	13¾	12¼	12¾	+	⅛
7⅜		Spencer Cas	16	13½	13¾	10¼	10⅝	—	⅛
6⅜		SSP Ind .12g	1	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾		
12		Stad Allan .80	1	15½	15½	15½	15½	—	⅛
3⅜		Std Container	6	5	5¼	5	5		
6⅜		StdDrad .20e	6	6⅞	6⅞	6¾	6¾	—	⅛
27⅜		Std Mot A .75	23	47¾	48⅞	47⅜	48¼	+	1½
5⅜		Std Pac Corp	19	6¼	6½	6¼	6⅜	—	⅛
22		StdShrs .62f	13	24	24¼	24	24½	+	⅜
6½		Stanley Avia	12	10⅞	11	10¾	10¾	—	⅛
2		Starrett Cp	7	2⅞	3	2⅞	2⅞		
2		Starwick Cp	1	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜		
6¼		Stardust .48	7	8¾	8¾	8½	8½	—	⅛
12⅜		StarSmkt .60	28	13¼	13½	12	13	—	⅛
18⅜		Statham Ins	69	17⅞	18	17¾	17¾		
8⅜		Steelmet Inc	9	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	+	½
2⅜		Stellar Ind	10	4¼	4¼	4⅛	4⅛		
21⅛		Stepan Ch .52	1	30½	30½	30½	30½	+	⅛
2⅜		Sterl Electr	12	3¼	3¼	3⅛	3⅛		
2⅜		Sterl Extrudr	2	4	4	4	4		
4		Sterl Pre .20f	2	5½	5⅜	5½	5⅜		
6½		SternMil .06p	10	9⅞	9⅞	9½	9⅝	—	⅛
19		Stemco A	11	24¼	24½	24¼	24½	+	¼
21⅜		Stop Shop .90	13	22⅝	22¾	22⅜	22⅝	+	¼
44		STP Corp .60	20	57¾	57⅞	57⅜	57⅜		
5⅛		Stratton Grp	15	7¾	8	7¾	8		
5⅛		Struthr Wells	8	7	7	6¾	6¾	—	½
15		Suava gsh .32f	24	27⅝	28	27½	28⅛	—	⅛
3¾		Summit Org	9	3¾	3⅞	3¾	3¾	+	⅛
16		Sun Elec .40	13	27½	27½	27½	27½		
5		Sunair Electr	1	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	—	⅛
13¾		Super In .05g	3	13	13	12	13	+	⅛
11¼		Sup SurgAnl	8	13	13½	12¾	12⅝	—	½
19⅞		Superscope	26	24⅝	25	24⅝	25	—	½
2¼		Supronics	5	3	3	3	3	—	⅛
8⅝		Susque pf.25p	29	10½	10¼	9½	9½	—	½
15⅜		Sutro Mt .63g		19	18⅜	18½V	⅛	—	⅛
7¼		Synalov .45g	20	11⅛	11½	11¼	11⅛	—	⅛
36⅜		Syntex .40	986	70	72	69¾	70¼	+	¼
10⅝		Sysco Cp .10g	12	25¼	25⅝	25¼	25⅜	+	⅜
10⅝		System Eng	79	12¾	12⅞	12½	12⅜	—	½

T

13⅜		Tasty B .88b	1	16¼	16¼	16¼	16½	+	⅛
9⅛		Tech Aerofo	28	17½	18	17⅝	17¾	—	⅛
1¾		Tech Sym Cp	21	1⅞	2	1⅞	1⅞		
18		Technic Oper	49	15¼	16½	15⅛	16⅛	+	1
3½		Technic Tape	15	2	3	2¾	2¾	—	⅛
13⅛		TVECNNICOLOR		—¼	⅛	⅛	⅛		
14⅞		Tekthntrl	1	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼		
6		Teleflex Inc	6	5⅞	5⅞	5⅝	6	+	⅛
7⅝		Telepromtr	71	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+	2
7		Tenna Corp	22	7¼	7½	7¼	7⅜		
9⅜		Tennaco wt	18	9⅛	9¼	9⅛	9⅜	—	⅛
2½		Teaney Eng	4	4½	4½	4½	4½	+	⅛
3⅛		Tenstor Cp	2	4	4	4	4		
17⅜		Teradyne Inc	18	17¾	18⅜	17¾	18⅜	+	¼
4⅛		Term Huds	68	13⅞	14	13½	13⅞		
23⅜		Tesoro Pet	53	2	22⅜	21¾	21¾	—	⅜
14		Valley Sfk N	2	25⅛	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛	—	⅛
4⅜		Valley Mct	84	10⅛	10⅝	9½	10	—	⅛
4½		TFI Co Inc	27	5⅛	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜	+	⅛
4⅜		ThorMkl .45g	2	12⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	—	⅛
11⅞		Thrftmt .85g	9	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	—	⅛
23½		Ticketm .60	13	28⅜	29⅛	28⅜	29⅛	+	⅛
57		Tel Ed pf4.25	250	58½	58¾	59½	58¾	+	¾
13½		Tenke Cp .40	29	14⅝	14⅝	14¼	14⅜	—	⅛
4½		Tetel Pet HA	628	7½	7⅞	7 5-16	7⅛	+	⅛
14⅝		Tetal P pf .70	7	16	16⅛	16	16⅛	+	⅛
8		Town Cntry	18	9	9	8¾	8¾	—	⅛
11⅛		TranLux n.35	44	12⅛	12⅜	12	12⅛	—	⅛
7⅜		Transair .02e	13	3⅜	3½	3⅜	3½	+	⅛
6⅛		TWA wt	172	2 1-16	2⅛	2 1-16	2⅛	+	⅛
19⅞		Superscope	26	24⅝	25	24⅝	25	—	½
2¼		Supronics	5	3	3	3	3	—	⅛
8⅝		Susque pf.25p	29	10½	10¼	9½	9½	—	½
15⅜		Sutro Mt .63g		19	18⅜	18½V	⅛	—	⅛
7¼		Synalov .45g	20	11⅛	11½	11¼	11⅛	—	⅛
36⅜		Syntex .40	986	70	72	69¾	70¼	+	¼
10⅝		Sysco Cp .10g	12	25¼	25⅝	25¼	25⅜	+	⅜
10⅝		System Eng	79	12¾	12⅞	12½	12⅜	—	½

U-V

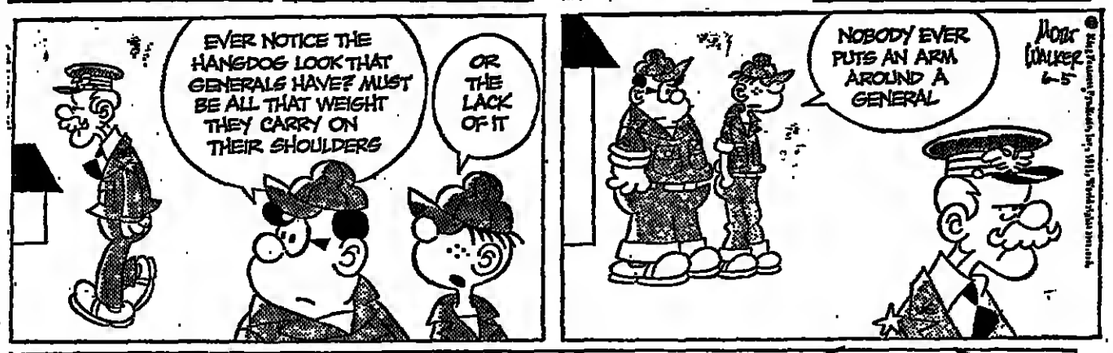
4		Udico Corp	10	4⅞	5⅛	4⅞	4⅝	+	⅛
2⅜		UIP Corp	24	3	3⅛	0	3⅛	+	⅛
3⅜		Unexcelled	194	10¼	11	10½	11	+	1
17⅜		Un Invest .70	15	22¼	23½	22	23⅛	+	1
10⅝		U SIGm .20g	3	12⅜	12⅝	12½	12½		
18⅜		Una MT .95g	25	28	28	27¾	27¾	—	¼
3⅜		Unam Tr wt	36	9½	9½	9⅜	9½	—	⅛
7¼		UnAircFd .30	3	7⅜	7½	7⅜	7½	+	⅛
3⅜		Un Asbest .07							
4		UnBrands wt	29 4	13-16	5	4	13-16	4	13-16
8⅜		Un Coltr .16p	164	5¼	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	—	⅛
4⅜		Unit Foods	10	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜		
4		Un Natl Corp	45	5⅛	5⅜	5¼	5⅛	+	⅛
7¼		Un Nat pf.70	31	6½	5⅜

PEANUTS

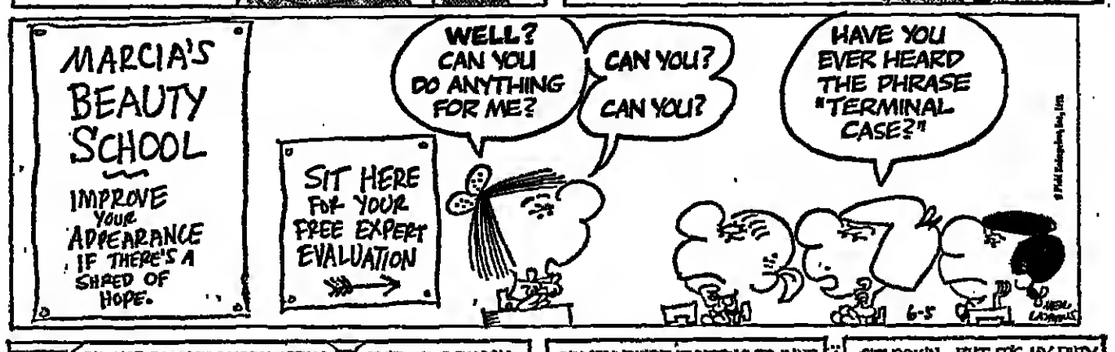
B.C.

L'IL ABNER

BEETLE BAILEY

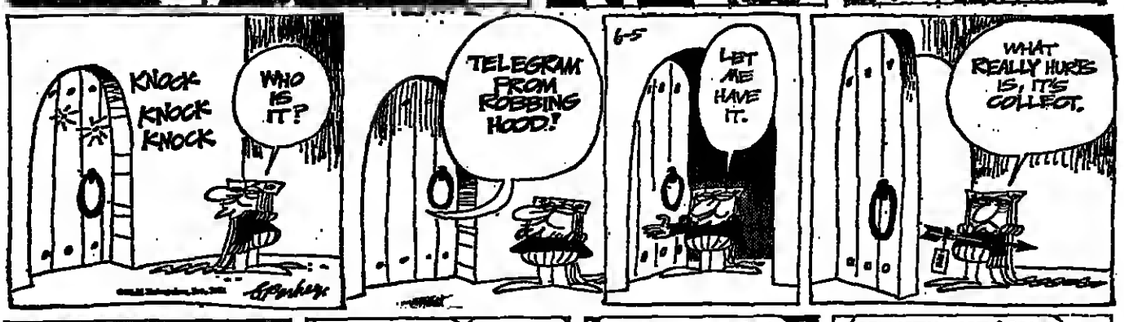


MISS PEACH



BUZ SAWYER

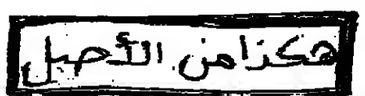
WIZARD of ID



REX MORGAN M.D.

POGO

RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE

DENNIS THE MENACE

JUMBLE® — that scrambled word game

by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

LOMOB

UNDAT

ENMECT

LADJIE

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here: "_____"

(Answers Monday)

Yesterday's Jumbles: BRAWL PATCH STANZA VASSAL

Answer: They won't do any extra work—STARS

BOOKS

FROM CAESAR TO THE MAFIA
Sketches of Italian Life

By Luigi Barzini. The Library Press. 335 pp. $8.95

Reviewed by George Martin

BARZINI'S "The Italians," published in 1964, had a popular and critical success, though it irritated many Italians and specialists on Italian affairs. His new book, which his publisher describes as a sequel to "The Italians," may have the same success; certainly it will irritate, perhaps even infuriate, the same people and for the same reasons. In seven years Barzini has not changed.

In the present book—twenty-one "sketches of Italian life"—he veers in bewildering fashion back and forth from the well-perceived and well-written to the sentimental and trivial, and collapses once in total disaster. He is at his best as a journalist, describing some event he has seen or person interviewed. This has always been his strength; his reports on the Italian advance into Ethiopia in 1935-36 have become part of that war's history. It is when he sets himself up as a sage that he comes a cropper.

Fortunately, despite the suggestion in the title, the book is not a historical panorama. The focus of all but three of the sketches is on 20th-century Italy, the Italy which Barzini, born in Milan in 1908, has known personally. Among the best are those on Curzio Malaparte, whose novel "The Skin" was one of the first "shockers" after World War II; on Umberto II, the last king of Italy; on Antonio Gramsci, the hunchbacked Communist who spent much of his life in jail; and on the widow of Lampedusa, author of "The Leopard."

At his best Barzini can catch a man's character or the atmosphere of a scene in a few words. D'Annunzio was "as snobbish as an English nurse." Ilya Ehrenburg, the Russian writer, "had shaggy, untidy gray hair, and eyelids half shut over eyes that peered about like those of an alligator lying awake in the mud." At a reception for Ehrenburg in Rome in 1935 the young Communist intellectuals, all dressed alike,

"...stood closely hedged around Ilya, to prevent him seeing the empty spaces beyond and in the adjoining rooms, and those nearest to him asked him rather trivial questions. They all laughed heartily at his answers, though there was nothing funny about them, and turned to repeat them in Italian to those who were standing farther off, who laughed all over again."

When Barzini maintains this sparse, honest style throughout a sketch, he produces a gem, such as his account of a Sardinian bandit's death. Similarly his account of Gramsci, though based on the research of others, is a good summary of the tortuous history of the Italian Communist party.

But then there are sketches like "The Italian Mistress" in which he sloshes through a swamp of sentiment.

The worst sketch, however, is on Cavour, for it is factually wrong on important points. Cavour did not found the National Society. That was founded by Daniele Manin and Giov lavicino, and thereby ban of history. Cavour did no himself" on Garibaldi's tion to Sicily. As Denis Smith, the English h conclusively demonstrated with a book on the subj your did all he dared to the expedition. There i The basic point of the profoundly wrong. But said.

This confusion of go bad is distressing, but wi ly irritates some peopl Barzini is his thesis about national character and, w sibly follows from it, his toward Italian problems former was a leading t "The Italians" and appe in this book in the sk Casanova:

"...he was also Italian that he never really expl natural advantages in a ful and stable way . . . had to look abroad for a theater in which to st exploits . . . [that] h managed his life as a art . . . This confusion thing itself and its sim —of military might an resque military parades, and emotions, of the si his statue—is perhaps t constant Italian trait; once the source and both unique achievemen national misfortunes."

At first reading, perh definition of "the most Italian trait" may see for almost everyone can one Italian whom the c seems to fit: Mussolini. second thought comes d how can such a defini compass such Italians John XXIII, Benedetto Gramsci, or Toscanini, baldi, or St. Francis, c many others? The ge tion is too hasty.

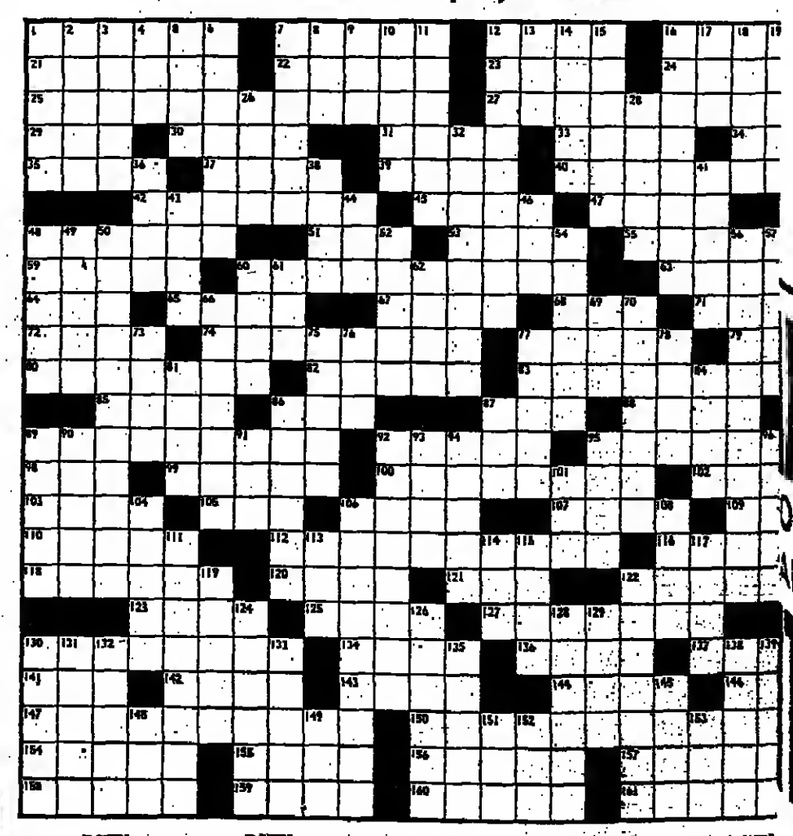
Nevertheless, for Barz ssimably, it represents tr the fact may explain th ness and disillusion wh wade some of the sketc can see little reality in ernment's efforts to arr erly in the south, to st the Mafia, or to face u problems. The efforts are misguided gestures, pearances, for the proble no solutions. At least cannot imagine any. Fo most everything was the past. Understanda Italians struggling to the present find that view irritating. For A not involved with the the sketches about the prove interesting, but t be read with a skeptical despite appearances—th with which they are wr presented—one man's reality does not necessa ture a national truth.

George Martin is the "The Red Shirt and the Savoy: The Story of I sorgimento (1748-1871)." this review for "Book literary supplement of Th ington Post.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Edited WILL W

TYPE CASTING—By Fay L. Gieschi



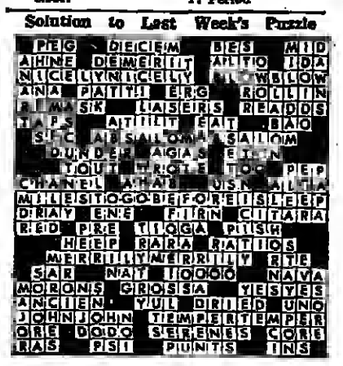
ACROSS

1 Metionless
7 Racing silo
13 Word of regret
16 Funnits, sportswise
21 Mexican fare
22 One who snoops
23 Frank's wrap
24 Some writing
25 Popular line for printers
27 Kind of press
29 Tennis term
30 Of the ear
31 Baby talk
33 Severn tributary
34 Poetic word
35 Solo
37 Do a farm chore
39 Dog star
40 Railing support
42 Leg
45 Drudgery
47 Vegetable
48 Scolds
51 Zodiac sign
53 French titles
55 Wheys
59 Worship
60 Where to learn the score
63 Suez peninsula
64 Filch, old style
65 Tipplers
67 Begins poetically
68 Davis or Ryder
71 Come upon
72 Blame, etc.
74 Slicker
77 Roman dictator
79 Even up
80 November sky sight
82 Kilns
83 Do galley labor
85 Term of respect
86 Golfer's goal
87 Common verb
88 Got ready to drive
89 Kind of "we"
92 Triple Crown horse
95 Vast plains
98 River of France
99 Approximates
100 Trifling
102 Light carriage
103 Stab ——
105 Intersperse
106 "——deal"
107 —— avis
108 Le Gallienne
110 Earth, to Pleiuns
112 Peanuts' showcase
115 Kind of beam
118 Synthetic
120 Photog's solution
121 Sandy's to
122 Decline in Aries
125 Wearing brogans
128 Time periods
127 Surprise
130 Wen back
134 Oafs
136 Old wheat measure
137 India, China, etc.
141 Red Baron, e.g.
142 Building beam
143 Arder
144 Applications
146 Direction
147 Help Wanted, for one
150 Vehicles for debs
154 Gold unit: Var.
155 Distant: Prefix
156 Dewy
157 Aerie tenant
158 Eye swellings
159 Port of Algeria
160 V.P. name
161 Inhibits

DOWN

1 Inscribed pillar
2 Yam's relative
3 Instrument maker
4 Oriental morality
5 Pelvis, Prefix
6 Middle
7 Sidewalk sight
8 Lawn waterer: Abbr.
9 Spanish here
10 Maryland town
11 Obvious fact
12 Fish of Brazil
13 Spanish article
14 Freakness winner in 1948
15 Eastern European
16 Thistle parts
17 Period
18 Choral piece
19 French river
20 Passover feast
26 Southern fish
28 Drinks
32 Certain dancers
36 Discordant
38 —— Alto
41 Letter stroke
43 Cheers
44 Irish sea god
46 Relay-race unit
48 Twice-told
49 Roman official
50 Typesetters
52 Indians
54 Established
56 International precedent
57 Violent desire
58 Word with lop or ear
60 Terminals: Abbr.
61 Greek letter
62 Tiff
66 Seat for
69 Gamma: Prefix
70 Guy Fawkes, for one
73 In a ——— (excited)
76 Short fibers
78 Peaked
77 Flower arrangement
78 For —— (not free)
81 Mankie, e.g.
84 Accounting: Abbr.
86 Virgil of cartoons
87 Cry of triumph
89 Gladden
90 Fond grandparent
91 Samoan bird
93 Auto seller's word
93 Varied: Abbr.
94 "With —— of thousands" (movie ad)
95 Cookie
96 Overhangs
97 Kind of fire
101 Swiss canton
104 Remove
106 Used unduly
108 Shepard
111 Nonbelievers
113 Grandchild to Dundee
114 Pagoda
115 Take it easy
117 Batman
119 Snake deity
123 Showing surprise
124 Unbending
126 Fire of energy
128 Faithful
129 Dismal
130 Draws off
131 Applause
132 Relative of darling
133 Laundry
135 Nose
138 Pizzas
139 Scoff
140 Dry runs
145 Prophesy: Abbr.
148 Auto grow: Abbr.
149 High note
151 Roman 102
152 Mideast in Abbr.
153 Govt. aler

Solution to Last Week's Puzzle



Holtzman Hurls No-Hitter at Reds

CINCINNATI, June 4 (AP).—en Holtzman of the Chicago ubs pitched the first no-hitter the season last night, beating e Cincinnati Reds, 1-0.

The 25-year-old lefthander, who tched a no-hitter for the Cubs Aug. 19, 1969, against the tlanta Braves, struck out six id walked four. He is the first ub to record two no-hitters.

In the tension-packed ninth ning for the Reds, Hal McRae led out to John Callison on a -0 pitch. Then Tommy Helms truck out on a 1-2 pitch.

That brought up Lee May, who in the count to two balls and vo strikes before striking out to id the game.

Holtzman scored the game's aly run in the third when he d off and reached base on Tony ene's's throwing error. He moved p on Don Kessinger's infield out nd scored on Glenn Beckert's ngle to rightcenter.

Toughest Jam

Holtzman got into his toughest im in the bottom of the third hen he walked Buddy Bradford ading off. Bradford reached secnd on a wild pitch and went third as Dave Concepcion rounded out.

That brought up Gary Nolan, tho losing pitcher, who bounced in front of the plate. Danny Breedeu, the catcher, pounced on the ball and tagged Nolan, Bradford remaining at third.

Holtzman then retired McRae on a fly to center.

The Red's closest bid for a base hit came in the seventh when second baseman Beckert nipped Perez on a ground ball to the right of second.

Johnny Bench surprised Holtzman with a bunt leading off the seventh, but the ball rolled foul by inches.

Holtzman, who retired the last 11 Reds in order, dropped six of his first eight decisions this season. He took an earned-run average of 5.40 for 73 1/3 innings into the game.

A 17-game winner in each of the last two seasons, he is in his sixth year with the Cubs.

Cardinals 7, Pirates 1

Steve Carlton won his tenth game of the season and helped his cause with a two-run double as St. Louis defeated Pittsburgh, 7-1, halting the Pirates' five-game winning streak. Matty Alou, a former Pirate, hit his first homer of the season and added two singles, driving in three runs. Carlton, 10-2, has won four straight. The victory increased the Cardinals' National League East lead to 1 1/2 games over the Pirates and the New York Mets.

Braves 5, Astros 2

Hank Aaron's two-run pinch-hit double down the third-base line broke a fourth-inning deadlock as Atlanta trimmed Houston, 5-2, and ended Pat Jarvis's 11-game losing streak. He had lost his last four decisions in 1970 and first seven this season.

Red Sox 3, Yankees 2

In the American League, pitcher Ray Culp's run-scoring single with two out in the ninth inning carried Boston to a 3-2 victory over New York and snapped its losing streak at five games. Culp's single scored Duane Josephson, who had doubled, to give the Red Sox a 3-1 lead. They withstood a New York rally in the bottom of the ninth for a half-game lead over idle Baltimore in the American League East.

Mrs. Gunter Bows, Final Is All-Aussie

PARIS, June 4 (Reuters).—Australian Helen Gourlay today became the first unseeded player in 27 years to reach the final of the women's singles at the $95,000 French Open tennis championships by beating fourth-seeded Nancy Richey Gunter of San Angelo, Texas, 6-2, 6-3.

She will meet third-seeded countrywoman Evonne Goolagong, the 19-year-old aborigine, who defeated unseeded Marijke Schaar of the Netherlands, 6-4, 5-1.

If Miss Goolagong wins the final on Sunday she will be the first woman to win the title in the first attempt since American Althea Gibson did so in 1956.

In the men's doubles final, Arthur Ashe and Marty Riessen, trailing by two sets, fought back to beat Tom Gorman of Seattle and Stan Smith of Los Angeles, 6-8, 4-6, 8-3, 6-4, 11-9.

Ashe, of Gum Spring, Va., and Riessen, of Evanston, Ill., picked up only $1,000 in bringing the doubles title to the United States for the first time in five years.

Miller Cards 65 For 2-Shot Lead

ATLANTA, June 4 (NYT).—ohn Miller's last tournament isit to a Georgia golf course was t the Masters in Augusta last pril, where a stirring final round nabled him to tie Jack Nicklaus r second place.

Yesterday, with the temperature the 90s, the 24-year-old Californian shot a seven-under-par 65 lead the $125,000 Atlanta Classic by two strokes Nicklaus shared the runner-up spot at 67 with rville Moody, Dave Eichelberger nd Ray Floyd.

FIRST-ROUND LEADERS

John Miller	32-33—65
Ray Floyd	33-34—67
Jack Nicklaus	34-33—67
Dave Eichelberger	34-33—67
Orville Moody	35-32—67
Bob Lunn	33-33—66
Lee Trevino	34-34—68
Jim Colbert	33-35—68
Bob Barbarossa	35-35—68
Gardner Dickinson	33-35—68
Jim Dent	33-35—68
Rod Curl	36-32—68
Bobby Nichols	34-35—69
Tom Shaw	37-32—69
Dale Douglass	34-35—69
Kermit Zarley	34-35—69
Gary Player	33-36—69
Larry Ziegler	34-35—69
Charles Coody	35-34—69
Bert Greene	35-34—69

U.S. Duo Meets In Amateur Final

CARNOUSTIE, Scotland, June 4 (AP).—Steve Melnyk, former U.S. amateur champion, and Jim Simons today won their semi-final matches in the British Amateur golf championship to create an all-American final for the first time since 1967.

Melnyk beat Britain's Peter Moody, 4 and 3, in the semifinal. Simons eliminated Tom Kite, 21, of McKinney, Texas, 1 up.

In the morning quarterfinals, Kite battered Ireland's Roddy Carr, 5 and 3; Simons beat Hugh Stuart of Scotland, 2 and 1; Melnyk, 24, from Jacksonville, Fla., beat Ed Updegraff, of Tucson, Ariz., 4 and 3, and Moody beat Hugh Campbell of Scotland, 5 and 4.

Thursday's Line Scores

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Chicago ..... 001 000 000—1 0 0
Cincinnati ..... 000 000 000—0 0 1
Holtzman (3-6) and Breeden; Nolan, Gibbon (9) and Bench. L—Nolan (3-6).
Houston ..... 200 000 000—2 6 0
Atlanta ..... 020 201 00x—5 8 2
Forsch, Lemaster (6), Harris (8) and Edwards; Nash, Jarvis (1), Priddy (7) and King. W—Jarvis (1-7). L—Forsch (1-1).
St. Louis ..... 000 210 020—7 11 1
Pittsburgh ..... 001 000 000—1 7 1
Carlton (10-2) and Simmons; Johnson, Briles (5) and Sanguillen. L—Johnson (4-4). HR—Alou (1st).

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Boston ..... 000 000 111—3 9 0
New York ..... 000 001 001—2 5 0
Culp, Lyle (9), Bolin (9) and Josephson; Stottlemyre, Aker (9), McDaniel (9) and Munson. W—Culp (8-4). L—Stottlemyre (6-3). HR—Munson (3rd), Smith (10th).

Ken Holtzman

Holtzman Tired, 'A Little Shocked'

CINCINNATI, June 4 (AP).—"A little shocked and awfully tired," was the way Ken Holtzman put it after pitching his second major league no-hitter for the Chicago Cubs. He was at the telephone in manager Leo Durocher's office.

"It was John Holland," vice-president of the Cubs. "He told me he was tearing up my contract and giving me a $1,500 raise." Holtzman said.

Holtzman threw 64 fast balls, 43 curves and one change-up. "The last five innings I went mainly with my fast ball. I had trouble with my curve and can only remember throwing it twice for strikes. It was curving so much I had trouble controlling it.

"I threw one change-up the whole game, and that was to Lee May in the first inning. He hit the hell out of it and I saw that it was no good."

"I'm not saying I had a premonition," Holtzman said, "but I told Ernie Banks Tuesday that from now on I'm thinking no-hit."

Major League Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Boston	30	20	.600	—
Baltimore	29	19	.599	1/2
Detroit	27	23	.540	3
New York	22	25	.440	6
Cleveland	21	27	.438	8
Washington	19	29	.396	10 1/2

Western Division

Oakland	34	18	.654	—
Kansas City	24	22	.535	7
Minnesota	26	26	.510	7 1/2
California	24	28	.462	10
Milwaukee	20	26	.435	11
Chicago	18	27	.400	12 1/2

Thursday's Results
Boston 3, New York 2.
(Only game scheduled)

Friday's Games
Oakland at Washington, night.
Cleveland at Minnesota, night.
Baltimore at Milwaukee, night.
Detroit at Chicago, night.
Kansas City at New York, night.
California at Boston, night.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
St. Louis	33	19	.635	—
New York	29	18	.617	1 1/2
Pittsburgh	21	20	.606	1 1/2
Chicago	24	27	.471	8 1/2
Montreal	19	25	.432	10
Philadelphia	17	31	.354	14

Western Division

San Francisco	37	18	.698	—
Los Angeles	27	25	.519	9 1/2
Houston	26	28	.500	10 1/2
Atlanta	24	29	.453	13
Cincinnati	20	32	.385	16 1/2
San Diego	16	35	.314	20

Thursday's Results
Chicago 1, Cincinnati 0.
Atlanta 5, Houston 2.
St. Louis 7, Pittsburgh 1.
(Only games scheduled)

Friday's Games
Philadelphia at San Francisco, night.
Chicago at Atlanta, night.
Houston at Pittsburgh, night.
Montreal at San Diego, night.
New York at Los Angeles, night.
St. Louis at Cincinnati, night.

Leeds Takes Cup

LEEDS, England, June 4 (UPI).—Leeds United won the European Fairs Cup soccer trophy for the second time in four years last night by holding Juventus of Italy to a 1-1 tie in the second leg final game. The teams finished level on aggregate scores, 3-3, but Leeds' two goals in Turin last week was the difference. Away goals count double in the event of a tie.

Opposed by 12 in Belmont Stakes

Canonero II Pursues 9th Triple Crown

By Gerald Strine

BELMONT, N.Y. June 4 (WP).—Calumet's great Citation was the last, in 1948. Tomorrow, in the $162,850 Belmont Stakes nearly a quarter of a century later, a $1,200 yearling purchase named Canonero II bids to become the ninth winner of the American Triple Crown. The odds are 4 to 5 the colt from Caracas will be successful.

Total distance of the Kentucky Derby, Preakness and Belmont is 31 1/2 furlongs, or one-sixteenth of a mile less than 4 miles. Canonero II has traveled a shade less than two-thirds of the route.

The big bay son of Pretendre captured the Derby, over 1 1/4 miles, by 3 3/4 lengths, rallying from 18th place in a field of 20. In the Preakness, over 1 3/16 miles, he scored by 1 1/2 lengths, in record 1:54 time, after pressing Eastern Fleet's pace.

Another such top-notch effort, in the 1 1/2 mile Belmont, will enshrine Canonero II's name alongside those of Sir Barton (1919), Gallant Fox (1930), Omaha (1935), War Admiral (1937), Whirlaway (1941), Count Fleet (1943), Assault (1946) and Citation.

Around the Track

"*Porqué no?*" (why not?) was the answer trainer Juan Arias and jockey Gustavo Avila had for newsmen who asked this morning if Canonero II would win the 103d Belmont. The horse had galloped once around the huge main course.

"He was a tiger out there, he really wanted to run," Avila informed. Canonero II looked strong, completely recovered from skin rash and foot infection problems.

A dozen rivals, including two last-minute entrants, are arrayed against Canonero II. They are, in order of probable pari-mutuel preference: The entry of Jim French and Good Behaving, 6 to 1; Purse Finder and Pass Catcher, 8 to 1; Twist the Axe and Salem, 12 to 1; Bold Reason and Highbinder, 15 to 1; Epic Journey and Royal J.D., 30 to 1; and Adobe Ed and Sense A Fear, the surprise starters, each 50 to 1.

Only once has the Belmont attracted a larger field—14, in 1875.

The Belmont is billed as "the test of the champion." Trainers refer to it as "the race of no excuses." The emphasis is on a horse's stamina, and on a jockey's sense of pace. Canonero II is well suited on both counts.

Pretendre, his sire, was a stayer, the product of bloodlines stressing endurance. Dixieland II, his dam, is by Natallah, a son of the brilliant Nasrullah. Avila, his jockey, has considerable experience in races over extended distances, in Venezuela.

Thus the odds of 4 to 5, or shorter. The forecast calls for perfect weather, in the 70s. Belmont's deep, tiring strip will be fast. All starters will carry scale weight of 126 pounds. The winning owner will earn $97,710.

Canonero II earned $162,900 from the Derby and Preakness. If he wins the Belmont, Pedro Baptista, his manager, hopes to syndicate the colt for $4 million. A $4 million baby from the 5-and-10 cent store—$1,200 being racing's bargain basement.

Five 3-year-olds have won the Derby and Preakness since Citation scored by eight lengths in the Belmont, only to fall at the longer distance. They were Tim Tam, second to Cavan at 3 to 20 in 1958; Carry Back, seventh to Sherluck at 9 to 20 in 1961; Northern Dancer, third to Quadrangle at 4 to 5 in 1964; Kauai King, fourth to Amberoid at 3 to 5 in 1966, and Majestic Prince, second to Arts and Letters at 13 to 10 in 1969.

Pass Catcher, Purse Finder and Salem are the speed of the party, along with Canonero II, if Avila chooses. Jim French and Highbinder will lay fairly close to the pace. Twist The Axe, Epic Journey, Good Behaving, Bold Reason and Royal J. D. come from far back. Sense A Fear and Adobe Ed don't belong. The same thing, of course, was said of Canonero II five weeks ago in Louisville.

Canonero 3 to 10 in OTB

NEW YORK, June 4 (NYT).—Canonero II was backed heavily here yesterday in offtrack betting on tomorrow's Belmont Stakes.

By mid-afternoon, the colt had become a 3-to-10 favorite to win the race. In the offtrack betting corporation's separate pool on the Derby, the colt paid $59 for $2 to win. He returned $12.60 in the OTB pool on the Preakness. At 3 to 10, the payoff would be $3.60 for $2.

Epsom Oaks

EPSOM, England, June 4 (UPI).—Geoff Lewis, who won the Epsom Derby on Mill Reef, hopes to complete the Epsom classic double tomorrow when he rides Allesse Royale in the £44,569 Epsom Oaks.

Allesse Royale is the 7 to 4 morning-line favorite to win the 3-year-old filly classic over 1 1/2 miles. Twelve fillies, all carrying 126 pounds, are expected to go to the post.

The Field for the Belmont Stakes

The field for the 103d running of the 1 1/2-mile Belmont Stakes in order of post position:

HORSE	OWNER	JOCKEY	ODDS
1. Epic Journey	Mrs. E. Jacobs	Jorge Velasquez	30-1
2. Twist The Axe	Mrs. G. Headley	Garth Patterson	12-1
3. Pass Catcher	October House Farm	Walter Blum	8-1
4. Purse Finder	Briardale Farm	John Ruane	8-1
5. Adobe Ed	J. J. Harris	No Boy	50-1
6. Sense A Fear	S. Stavaro	Herbert Hinojosa	50-1
7. Canonero II	Edgar Caibett	Gustavo Avila	4-5
8. (A) Good Behaving	N. Hellman	Ron Turcotte	6-1
9. Salem	Christiana	John Rotz	12-1
10. (A) Good Behaving	Frank J. Caldwell	Angel Cordero jr.	6-1
11. Bold Reason	Williams A. Levin	Jean Cruguet	15-1
12. Royal J. D.	J. M. Davis	Jacinto Vasquez	30-1
13. Highbinder	Tartan Farm	Robert Woodhouse	15-1

(A)—J. Campo trained entry.

Gross value with 13 starters is $162,850. Value to winner $97,910, second $35,837, third $19,542, fourth $8,771.

Canonero's Team: Fire and Ice

More than 1,000 Venezuelans will be among the 70,000 fans anticipated at Belmont Park to see Canonero II attempt to capture the Belmont Stakes and become the first horse since Citation in 1948 to win the Triple Crown.

In the background will be Juan Arias, the colt's trainer, a cocoa-colored man who speaks in metaphors. Astride the 3-year-old will be Gustavo Avila, the taut little jockey with the tiger's grin.

Jockey Avila

NEW YORK, June 4 (NYT).—"Gustavo Avila," says a friend, "is the icebox to Juan Arias's stove."

A smile, a frown—these are the infrequent extremes Avila displays. Mostly his face is frozen in a picture of steady resolution.

The 31-year-old jockey of Canonero II is known as The Monster back home, where he is Venezuela's most successful rider. He earns more than $50,000 a year in a country where virtually all major racing is contested only on weekends.

He rides with a high "seat." Astride a horse, he gives the appearance of a man completing a dive into water. If there is something unorthodox about his style, there was classic riding in the way he guided Canonero II to victory in the Derby and the Preakness.

Calculation and Ice Water

At Louisville, he got to the front from 18th place in the crowded field. At Baltimore, he charged out and challenged the speed horse, Eastern Fleet, and put him away in the stretch. Both efforts took calculation and ice water.

Avila was born on June 14, 1939, in Caracas. His father was a grain merchant. The boy never gave much thought to becoming a jockey until he realized, when he was 14, that he was a perfect size for racing silks. He entered a jockey school.

After finishing the school, it took him more than six months before he won his first race, on July 5, 1955—Venezuelan Independence Day.

Soon, he was bringing home six to eight winners on the weekends. He did it with an undisciplined riding style.

By the end of 1956, he was the second-leading jockey in Venezuela. By 1957, he was No. 1, and repeated as the top rider in 1958 and 1959.

Avila has won a total of five Classico Simon Bolivars—the major race in Venezuela. He is married and has three children, including one boy.

Taking Furor in Stride

Outwardly, Avila is taking the current furor surrounding horse and rider in stride. In fact, he hasn't even stayed at Belmont. He spent last weekend riding in Venezuela.

His feats aboard Canonero II have made him a Kentucky Colonel and an honorary citizen of Maryland. Only at Pimlico did he show the least bit of fear. It came after the horse had finished first, and after he had stood in the irons a few feet past the finish line to wave to the crowd.

Suddenly, dozens of Venezuelans charged the winners circle, and they surrounded him and the horse. His eyes narrowed and he gave them angry waves with his baton. But a few minutes later he was cool again, and said:

"There was nothing special about the race. He was the best horse, so why not let him go to the front?"

Trainer Arias

NEW YORK, June 4 (NYT).—Juan Arias has always been emotional. "Even when I was a young boy, I was nervous," he admits.

He is calm around horses, though, and tries especially hard to be cool near Canonero II, which he calls "Doll."

Arias's love of poetry perhaps transcends his only other admitted hobby: "Collecting pictures of beautiful girls from all over the world." His favorite poets are Shakespeare, as well as Pablo Neruda, a Chilean, and Andres Eloy Blanco, a Venezuelan.

Arias, who has spoken of Canonero II's victory as a triumph for "all the people, rich and poor, black and white," recalls his favorite lines of Blanco, in which the poet talks about the fact that paintings always depict angels as white:

Painter who paints in churches,
Painter who paints angels,
Paint me a black angel.

In discussing poetry, Arias becomes animated, his white, large teeth flash, and his hands move.

From poetry to horses he is virtually self-taught. Born on May 6, 1939, in Marin, Venezuela, Arias barely knew his father, who left home when the boy was 4. When he was 6, his mother took him to Caracas, where he got as far as the third year of high school.

He had dreamed of being an aviator in the Venezuelan Air Force. But a hernia kept him away from pilot's school. Instead, he became an apprentice trainer to a neighbor at the age of 15. Two years later he was accepted to a trainers' school at La Rinconada, a magnificent government-built racetrack in Caracas.

At the school, the boys were told to use their own techniques if it would help them achieve success. Even today, Arias's methods are different—not only from those of American trainers, but also from Venezuelan ones.

It is not the rule, as fans here believe, for Venezuelans to be leisurely about workouts. Thus, Canonero II's "slow" workout times are unusual—but only because that is the way Arias wants it.

Arias campaigned without notable success until 1967, when a friend introduced him to Pedro Baptista, the chromium manufacturing king of Venezuela who had been having bad luck with his racing stable. Three years later, Baptista showed Arias Canonero II.

The 32-year-old said that before the Derby "I began to realize that, whether I liked it or not, Canonero II was representing my country, and it made me even more nervous," he said.

Even his countrymen doubted Canonero II could do well at Louisville.

"I knew, of course, they didn't think much of my horse in the United States. Look, they didn't think much of him in Venezuela either. I found out there's no nationality for experts."

Napoles, 3-to-1 Choice, Seeks Backus' Title

From Wire Dispatches

INGLEWOOD, Calif., June 4.—Jose Napoles's credentials are impressive. In eight years and 39 fights he has been beaten only twice, both on eye cuts, and has scored 33 knockouts.

But it is as the challenger that Napoles enters the ring tonight at the Forum for his scheduled 15-round welterweight championship fight with Billy Backus of Cooperstown, N.Y. Backus won the title Dec. 3 in Syracuse when Napoles was bleeding from a cut over his left eye and the referee stopped the bout in the fourth round.

Napoles, the Cuban refugee who is affectionately known as *mantequilla* (slippery as butter) in his adopted country, Mexico, is a 3-to-1 favorite. Ordinarily carefree, Napoles protested bitterly when the previous fight was halted and has been brooding ever since.

"It won't go 15," he said on the eve of the battle. "I'll prove the loss was a fluke and that I am really the champion. I have never wanted anything more in my life."

Just in case there is a cut problem, his manager, Cuco Conde, has brought in Angelo Dundee, Muhammad Ali's trainer.

Backus, 27 years old and four years younger than Napoles, has won 31 bouts, lost 10 and drawn four times. He has 15 knockouts to his credit and has never been stopped.

Menetrey Wins Title

GENEVA, June 4 (AP).—Frenchman Roger Menetrey battered Ralph Charles of England to the canvas in the seventh round to win the European welterweight title in a bloody encounter at the indoor ice stadium.

Charles was ahead on points and Menetrey was bleeding from a cut left eyelid. But in the seventh round the Frenchman caught the champion with a left hook which sent Charles down for a count of six. Charles was floored again and just missed beating the count.

Rondon Defends Crown

CARACAS, June 4 (AP).—Venezuela's Vicente Paul Rondon will defend the World Boxing Association version of the world light-heavyweight title against Italy's Pedro del Papa tomorrow night in a scheduled 15-rounder. It is Rondon's first defense of the crown he won from Jimmy Dupree of the United States.

The Scoreboard

CYCLING—At Bibione, Italy, Patrick Seren of Belgium was his second stage in a row as he edged Italian Martino Basso in win the 14th leg of the Tour of Italy over 170 kilometers between the sea resorts of Sottomarina and Bibione. Claudio Michelotto of Italy retained the overall lead.

At Millau, France, Belgian Eddy Merckx won the second stage of the Midi Libre race, 153 kilometers from Beziers to here. He had also taken the first leg.

BOXING—At Tokyo, Japan's Kuniaki Shibata retained his World Boxing Council featherweight title by knocking out Raul Cruz of Mexico.

Sports Shorts

Lew Alcindor will represent the United States during a 25-day tour of six African countries under his Islamic name, Kareem Abdul Jabbar. There were a few slips at the State Department in Washington Thursday during a brief press conference, with Milwaukee Bucks teammate Oscar Robertson and coach Larry Costello, before the departure on the tour of Algeria, Senegal, Mali, Nigeria, Tanzania and Somalia. Every time anyone addressed him as Lew or Mr. Alcindor he would politely, but firmly, reply "My name is Kareem" or "My name is Mr. Jabbar" before answering the question. Later, he signed autographs "Kareem."

* * *

Unable to arrange a qualifying procedure for seven would-be challengers, the New York Yacht Club named Britain's Royal Thames Yacht Club as the challenger-of-record for an America's Cup match in 1974. The official challenger agreed to conduct elimination trials off Newport, R.I., in the summer of 1974 between its own yacht and one yacht each from France, Australia and Canada. The cup match itself also will be sailed off Newport, in September.

* * *

Joe Mullaney has been removed as coach of the Los Angeles Lakers and offered an administrative position with the National Basketball Association team, general manager Fred Shaus said. Mullaney coached the Lakers the past two seasons after succeeding Bill Van Breda Kolff, who went to the Detroit Pistons.

* * *

An epizootic of Beclomiasis is threatening to shot down the Madrid race track following the death of nine horses and the infection of another hundred. Manuel Ponce, veterinarian of the "hippodromo," said the dead horses all succumbed to the disease which provokes fever, diarrhea, heart and lung pains. The disease usually strikes cattle, he said.

* * *

Leftwinger John Ferguson of the Montreal Canadiens announced his retirement from the National Hockey League for the second time in nine months. The 33-year-old Ferguson played on five Stanley Cup teams after joining Montreal in 1960.

* * *

Clete Boyer, Atlanta's controversial third baseman declared a free agent after a dispute with Braves' vice-president Paul Richards, says he has not been contacted by any other National League club. The National League advised the Braves that since Boyer was not claimed on waivers, he is now a free agent to negotiate with any club.

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(Continued from Back Page)

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AMERICAN writer, photographer, 25, with theatrical experience, leaving USAF in June, wants U.K. job. Resume, samples on request. Available for U.K. interview. Box 144, 9800 Sety Cn. APO N.Y. 09129.

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Art Buchwald

You Can Help the FBI

WASHINGTON.—"The people who attack the FBI and its leader, J. Edgar Hoover, are doing the country a terrible disservice."

Thus spoke Professor Heinrich Applebaum, chairman of the crimioology department at the Bonnie Clyde Institute for Advanced Studies.

Buchwald

"How so?" I asked.

"There are 8,400 FBI agents in the country," Applebaum said, "including 57 blacks and no women. These agents are desperately oeeded in the war against crime."

"No one disputes that," I said. "But why would criticism of J. Edgar Hoorer affect our country's battle against the forces of evil that would attack us from within?"

"Because," said Applebaum, "every time someooe attacks J. Edgar Hoover, which is synonymous with attacking the FBI, two agents have to be assigned to the case to find out who made the attack and what is behind it. So far this year there have been 4,166 attacks made against Mr. Hoover in the press and at universities aod in Congress. This means 8,332 agents have had to be taken off their duties, which has left only six agents free to fight criminals."

"You mean the FBI has to devote most of its time these days to defending itself from attacks on the bureau?"

* * *

"Thot is correct," said Applebaum. "There was a time when the FBI was completely free of criticism. Then it was possible for Mr. Hoover to devote all his energies to capturing public enemies, Nazis, Communists aod those who would destroy our way of life.

"But recently the attacks on the FBI director have made the burean switch its game plan. Now hundreds of thousands of man-hours must be spent finding out who is saying what about J. Edgar Hoover. As the criticism escalates, more and more people have to be assigned to making out reports on the attacks, and the backlog of criminal cases is building up."

"Professor," I said, "do you believe the criticism of the FBI director is a plot by criminal elements in this country to detract from the work the FBI has been chartered by Congress to do?"

* * *

"There is oo doubt about it," he said. "Anytime a professor, student or a former FBI agent says something uncomplimentary about the FBI director, everything stops and hundreds of bureau employees are involved in the investigation.

"Now, these attacks are no accident. They are inspired by people in this country who are aware that the more agents aod employees are assigned to tracklog down critics of J. Edgar Hoover, the less law enforcement people will be available to go after them. The time will not be far off when all the resources of the FBI will be used for only one purpose: To get the people who are demanding Mr. Hoover's retirement."

"This is the most insidious plot I have ever heard of," I said. "Surely the FBI must be aware of what is going on."

"They are," Applebaum said, "but the first priority of any law-enforcement agency is to protect its leader from attack, particularly from those who waot to force him to resign."

"What is the solutioo?" I said.

"We must persuade the media that every time they priot a story or an editorial attacking Mr. Hoover, they are taking two agents off a criminal case. If the media want law and order in this land, they have to knock off their criticism of the FBI director so the bureau can go back to its original business, which is making America's streets safe after dark."

Italian Winner

PARIS, June 4 (AP).—The 1971 Grand Prix Mondial Cino del Duca has beeo awarded to Italian author Ignazio Silooe. The 150,000-franc prize in honor of the late Del Duca, head of a publishing empire in France, is awarded to an author whose scieotific or literary work constitutes a message of modern humanism.

An overall view of the new Provençal town of Port Grimaud.

The Closest Thing To Disneyland

By Jack Monet

PORT GRIMAUD, France (IHT).—This is a phooy little town, and the residents couldn't be happier about it.

From the coastal road near St. Tropez, it looks like many another old Provençal community, with roofs of red tile and walls tinted pink, ochre ond sand. The first hiot of the unusual comes at the end of the narrow half-mile road leading to the town.

A man in a mock policeman's uniform halts traffic near a fortified tower that looks much like those built elsewhere along the coast to feod off the Barbarians.

Wagging a finger, he makes it clear that the barbarians of today are tourists trying to enter Port Grimaud in cars.

"Private property. No cars, you have to go on foot," he says, and points to a parking lot.

Once past the checkpoint, a visitor emerges into the closest thing in France to a Disneyland—a small-scale Venice on the coast of Provence.

The main square, facing a lagoon, is ringed with lampposts in the gaslight style. On one facade, there are effective trompe l'oeil paintings of columns, statues and, most startling, a woman draping linen out a window. After seeing her, it's hard to walk around town without looking twice at figures in windows.

Several fingers of land, flanked by canals, extend from the main square toward the sea. The Provençal-style homes, some with Itolianate window arches, are built along the edge of the landstrips.

Since few things here are qoite what they are elsewhere, the rear doors of the homes face the sidewalk in the center of the landstrips. The froot doors are on the canalside, where sailboats, motorboats and dinghies cluster like cars in a suburban driveway.

Residents in the streets, accustomed to tourists' questions, explain that despite its appearance, Port Grimaud is only a few years old. The first homeowners orrived in 1966.

Charles Villaume, a Parisian industrialist who sold his summer home nearby to come here two years ago recalls hunting for snipe six years ago in the marshland that then covered the site of Port Grimaud.

Mr. Villaume is beguiled, as outsiders are, by the tranquillity that the absence of cars bestows on Port Grimaud.

"When I have too much of the noise of Paris, *hop!* I come down here," he said.

"Not only is it peaceful here," Mr. Villaume said, "but it's a sailor's dream. I rise at 7 a.m. and still in my pajamas aod without waking my family, I leap in my boot for a sail."

Naturally, the man behind the concept of Port Grimaud sails as a sport. He is Francois Spoerry, an architect who divides his time between his offices here and in Mulhouse, in Alsace.

With privately raised capital—"no bank wanted the risk," according to an associate—he bought 100 acres here and dredged the lagoon and canals. It was to be, he has said, "a Mediterranean village without the clichés of modernism, a village as it would have been if architects did not exist."

Seven hundred homes, bungalows, studios and apartments have been built here so far. Another 800 bungalows are to go up by 1976. Prices range from $13,000 for a two-room studio to $67,000 for a seven-room house.

One of the earliest of the residents was Claude Graf, a Swiss-born naval architect who settled here after sailing from homes in Spain, Tangier, the West Indies, the United States, Ceyloo and St. Tropez.

"It's beeo successful beyond my expectations," he said, "but there is still room for improvement. We need a more complete town life. We need a public school —we've had to start a private one—and same artisans—an electrician, plumber, glazier—living in town."

The property prices, of course, ore oot at the artisanal level. The residents, if not rich, have comfortable incomes. Some are celebrities—the actor Robert Dhéry, Henry Troyat, biographer of Tolstoi and member of the French Academy, and actor Jacques Charrier, Brigitte Bardot's second ex.

"There are also a lot of French blue-bloods, people with double-handled names," remarks Mr. Graf's wife, Elizabeth, the only American in town.

"Coming here enables them to get back to reality a bit," she said. "There's no room for servants, so they are not waited on hand and foot. Wet bathing suits are draped over everything."

Like other communities, Port Grimaud has boutiques, food stores, pharmacies, hotels and restaurants. Like other ports, it has ship chandler's shops.

Some other traditional aspects it happily does without. There are no neon signs, no jail, no cemetery.

PEOPLE: 'Love Story' Lampooned

The Harvard Lampoon this week named "Love Story," a film centered for the most part around the Harvard campus, as the worst movie of the year, compounding the honor with the citation of Ali McGraw, its tragic heroine, as worst actress. The Lampoon, the nation's oldest humor magazine, also listed Elliott Gould as worst actor "for his limp performance in 'Getting Straight' and for dumping Barbra Streisand." "Love Story" garnered bottom honors "for goosing the tear ducts of the American public, for providing yet another vehicle for Ali McGraw's talent vacuum, and for subjecting countless talk-show audiences to the unutterable disgrace of [author] Erich Segal." Rounding out the bottom ten films were: "Airport," "Patton," "Joe," "Soldier Blue," "Getting Straight," "The Strawberry Statement," "Little Fauss and Big Halsy," "Julius Caesar" and "The Statue." Jon Voight, "whose performance as Milo Minderbinder in 'Catch-22' was as tough to swallow as chocolate-covered cotton," was cited as worst supporting actor, while Ruth Gordon, "who appropriately enough kissed George Segal's left buttock in 'Where's Poppa?'" was named worst supporting actress.

Ali McGraw

Among other awards were:

- The Timothy Cratchit Memorial Crutch, "an unattractive simulated formica implement" awarded the person who offers the lamest justification for unsavory behavior, to "President Nixon, who gave 'Patton' a careful screening the night before he announced the Cambodian invasion."
- The Wilde Oscar, "conferred upon that performer who has been willing to flout convention and risk worldly damnation in order to pursue artistic fulfillment, to Liza Minelli for not sleeping with a paraplegic homosexual and a stuttering epileptic in 'Tell Me That You Love Me, Junie Moon.'"
- The Martha Mitchell Mug, "presented for the first time to the trench-mouth of the year—Peter Boyle in 'Joe.'"
- The Okay-Doc-Break-the-Arm-Again Award "for the most flagrant example of miscasting . . . to Dean Martin, who soberly piloted a 707 to a belly landing in 'Airport.'"
- The Where-Is-Erik-Erikson-Now-That-We're-All-Going-Bananas? Award, "a set of plated thumbscrews and a meatball to Jack Nicholson, in 'Five Easy Pieces,' showed it's never too late to have identity crisis."

* * *

BORN: To Mirja Larson S[...], Swedish-born third wife of [...]man millionaire playboy Gun[ter] Sachs, a nine-pound boy, [...] day in Lausanne. FETED: Joseph and Estee Lauder at [...] New York home Thursday n[ight] the Duke and Duchess of [Wind]sor, on the occasion of their wedding anniversary. Said [the] duke, toasting his wife in c[ham]pagne: "It's been 34 year[s of] happiness, love and underst[and]ing, and I could only wish [that] all married couples."

* * *

STOLEN: Some $7,000 in cas[h and] jewelry, from the room of P[rince] Varanand of Thailand in [the Cen]tury Plaza Hotel in Los An[geles,] where the prince and pri[ncess] are on a business-and-ple[asure] trip.

* * *

Tired but triumphant [after] slaughtering the 30,000th p[ig of] his career, butcher See San [...]ed on a short nap. But th[e pig] had its revenge. See, 3[...] down for a nap under the [...] hooks at a Singapore aba[ttoir.] Ten minutes later the carca[ss of] the 30,000th pig fell onto [his] head and he was rushed [to] hospital for treatment of [...] and bruises.

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